36-4965082

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No.1

FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Treasure Global Inc

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
7389

Delaware

accounting standards provided to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act. □

(State or Other Jurisdiction of (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) Incorporation or Organization) Classification Code Number) 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739 New York, New York 10001 +6012 643 7688 (Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices) Chong Chan "Sam" Teo **Chief Executive Officer** Treasure Global Inc 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739 New York, New York 10001 +6012 643 7688 (Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service) Copies to: Ross D. Carmel, Esq. Jeffrey P. Wofford, Esq. Andrew M. Tucker, Esq. Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP 101 Constitution Avenue, NW. Suite 900 55 West 39th Street, 18th Floor New York, New York 10018 Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (212) 658-0458 (202) 689-2800 Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement. If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box. If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \square If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \square If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \square Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company ⊠ Emerging growth company ⊠

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or

until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state or other jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated May 4, 2022

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS



3,000,000] Shares of Common Stock

This is an initial public offering of 3,000,000 shares of Treasure Global Inc common stock, par value, \$0.00001 per share.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. The assumed initial public offering price is \$5.00 per share, the midpoint of the estimated range between \$4.00 and \$6.00 per share. We have applied to have our common stock listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL," which listing is a condition to this offering. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in listing our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market. After the completion of this initial public offering, we will not be a "Controlled Company" as defined by The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC.

We intend to use the proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, including working capital. See *Use of Proceeds."

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 19 of this prospectus for a discussion of information that should be considered in connection with an investment in our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

We are an "emerging growth company" as that term is used in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "Jobs Act"), and we have elected to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements.

	Pe	r Share	Total
Initial public offering price	\$	[*]	\$ [*]
Underwriting discounts and commissions (1)	\$	[*]	\$ [*]
Proceeds, before expenses, to us (2)	\$	[*]	\$ [*]

- (1) Represents underwriting discount and commissions equal to seven percent (7%) per share (or \$0.35 per share), which is the underwriting discount we have agreed to pay on all investors in this offering introduced by the underwriters in this offering.
- (2) Does not include an accountable expense allowance of up to \$150,000 from the gross proceeds of this offering payable to EF Hutton, as representative of the underwriters or non-accountable expense allowance of one percent (1.0%) of the gross proceeds of this offering payable to EF Hutton. See "Underwriting" beginning on page 91 of this prospectus for a description of all compensation payable to the underwriters.

In addition to the underwriting discounts listed above and the non-accountable expense allowance described in the footnote, we have agreed to issue upon the closing of this offering to EF Hutton, as representative of the underwriters, warrants that will expire on the fifth anniversary of the effective date of this registration statement entitling the representative to purchase 5% of the number of shares of common stock sold in this offering. The registration statement of which this prospectus is a part also covers the underwriters' warrants and the common shares issuable upon the exercise thereof. For additional information regarding our arrangement with the underwriters, please see "Underwriting" beginning on page 91.

We have granted the representative of the underwriters an option to purchase from us, at the public offering price, up to 450,000 additional shares of common stock, less the underwriting discounts and commissions, within 45 days from the date of this prospectus to cover over-allotments, if any. If the representative of the underwriters exercises the option in full, the total underwriting discounts and commissions payable will be \$1,081,500, and the total proceeds to us, before expenses, will be \$14,368,500.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares against payment on or about [*], 2022.

EF HUTTON

division of Benchmark Investments, LLC

Prospectus dated [*], 2022

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Through and including [*], 2022 (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriter and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement or amendment. Neither we, nor the underwriters, have authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from, or adds to, that contained in this prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. Neither we nor the underwriters take responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you. You should assume that the information contained in this prospectus or any free writing prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of our common stock. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date. We are not making an offer of any securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer is unlawful.

No action is being taken in any jurisdiction outside the United States to permit a public offering of our common stock or possession or distribution of this prospectus in that jurisdiction. Persons who come into possession of this prospectus in jurisdictions outside the United States are required to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions as to this public offering and the distribution of this prospectus applicable to that jurisdiction.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

Throughout this prospectus, unless otherwise designated or the context suggests otherwise,

- all references to the "Company," "TGI," the "registrant," "we," "our," or "us" in this prospectus mean Treasure Global Inc and its subsidiaries;
- assumes an initial public offering price of our common stock of \$5.00 per share, the midpoint of the estimated range of \$4.00 to \$6.00 per share;
- "year" or "fiscal year" means the year ending June 30th;
- · all dollar or \$ references, when used in this prospectus, refer to United States dollars; and
- all RM or MYR references, when used in this prospectus, refer to Malaysian Ringgit.

MARKET DATA

Market data and certain industry data and forecasts used throughout this prospectus were obtained from internal company surveys, market research, consultant surveys, publical available information, reports of governmental agencies and industry publications and surveys. Industry surveys, publications, consultant surveys and forecasts generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the accuracy and completeness of such information is not guaranteed. To our knowledge, certain third-party industry data that includes projections for future periods does not take into account the effects of the worldwide coronavirus pandemic. Accordingly, those third-party projections may be overstated and should not be given undue weight. Forecasts are particularly likely to be inaccurate, especially over long periods of time. In addition, we do not necessarily know what assumptions regarding general economic growth were used in preparing the forecasts we cite. Statements as to our market position are based on the most currently available data. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding the industry data presented in this prospectus, our estimates involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary provides a brief overview of the key aspects of our business and our securities. The reader should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially the risks of investing in our common stock discussed under "Risk Factors." Some of the statements contained in this prospectus, including statements under "Summary" and "Risk Factors" as well as those noted in the documents incorporated herein by reference, are forward-looking statements and may involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and future events may differ significantly based upon a number of factors. The reader should not put undue reliance on the forward-looking statements in this document, which speak only as of the date on the cover of this prospectus.

Solely for convenience, our trademarks and tradenames referred to in this registration statement, may appear without the ® or TM symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate in any way that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights to these trademarks and tradenames. All other trademarks, service marks and trade names included in this prospectus are the property of their respective owners.

Our Mission

Our mission is to bring together the worlds of online e-commerce and offline physical retailers; widening consumer choice and rewarding loyalty, while sustaining and enhancing our earning potential.

Our Company

We have created an innovative online-to-offline ("O2O") e-commerce platform business model offering consumers and merchants instant rebates and affiliate cashback programs, while providing a seamless e-payment solution with rebates in both e-commerce (i.e., online) and physical retailers/merchant (i.e., offline) settings.

Our proprietary product is an internet application (or "App") branded "ZCITY App," which was successfully launched in Malaysia in June 2020. We have the know-how and expertise to develop additional/add-on technology-based products and services to complement the ZCITY App, thereby growing its reach and user base.



Through simplifying a user's e-payment gateway experience, as well as by providing great deals, rewards and promotions with every use, we aim to make the ZCITY App Malaysia's top reward and payment gateway platform. Our longer-term goal for the ZCITY App is for it to become one of the most used applications throughout Southeast Asia ("SEA") and Japan.

As of May 4, 2022, we had over 1,100,000 registered users and over 1,900 registered merchants.

Our Consumer Business

SEA consumers have access to a plethora of smart ordering, delivery and "loyalty" websites and apps, but in our experience, SEA consumers very rarely receive personalized deals based on their purchases and behavior.

The ZCITY App targets consumers by providing personalized deals based on consumers' purchase history, location and preferences. Our technology platform allows us to identify the spending trends of our customers (the when, where, why, and how much). We are able to offer these personalized deals through the application of our proprietary artificial intelligence (or "AI") technology that scours the available database to identify and create opportunities to extrapolate the greatest value from the data, analyze consumer behavior and roll out attractive rewards-based campaigns for targeted audiences. We believe this AI technology is currently a unique market differentiator for the ZCITY App.

We have branded our ZCITY App with the hashtag: "#RewardsOnRewards". We believe this branding demonstrates to users the ability to spend ZCITY App-based Reward Points (or "RP") and "ZCITY Cash Vouchers" with discount benefits at checkout. Additionally, users can use RP while they earn rewards from selected e-Wallet or other payment methods.

ZCITY App users do not require any on-going credit top-up or need to provide bank card number with their binding obligations. We have partnered with Malaysia's leading payment gateway, IPAY88, for secure and convenient transactions. Users can use our secure platform and enjoy cashless shopping experiences with rebates when they shop with e-commerce and retail merchants through trusted and leading e-wallet providers such as Touch'n Go eWallet, Boost eWallet, GrabPay eWallet and credit card/online banking like the "FPX" (the Malaysian Financial Process Exchange) as well as more traditional providers such as Visa and Mastercard.

Our ZCITY App also provides the following functions:

1. Registration Rewards

Users may register as a ZCITY App user simply by using their mobile device. They can then verify their ZCITY App account by submitting a valid email address to receive new user "ZCITY Newbie Rewards".

2. Geo-location-based Homepage

Based on users' location, nearby merchants and exclusive offers are selected and directed to them on their homepage for a smooth, user-friendly interaction.

3. Affiliate Partnership

Our ZCITY App is affiliated with more than 5 local services providers such as Shopee and Lazada. The ZCITY App allows users to enjoy more rewards when they navigate from the ZCITY App to a partner's website.

4. <u>Bill Payment & Prepaid service</u>

Users can access and pay utility bills, such as water, phone, internet and TV bills, while generating instant discounts and rewards points with each payment.

5. <u>Branded e-Vouchers</u>

Users can purchase their preferred e-Vouchers with instant discounts and rewards points with each checkout.

6. <u>User Engagement through Gamification</u>

Users can earn daily rewards by playing our ZCITY App minigame "Spin & Win" where they can earn further ZCITY RP, ZCITY e-Vouchers as well as monthly grand prizes.

7. Charity CSR program

Users can make cashless donations through our ZCITY App to the Kentang Charity, which we have collaborated with, or apply donations to other charitable entities.

Zstore e-Mal

Zstore is ZCITY App's e-mall service that offers group-buys and instant rebate to users with embedded AI and big data analytics to provide an express shopping experience.

Reward Points. Operating under the hashtag #RewardsOnRewards, we believe the ZCITY App reward points program encourages users to sign up on the App, as well as increasing user engagement and spending on purchases/repeat purchases and engenders user loyalty.

Furthermore, we believe the simplicity of the steps to obtaining Reward Points (or "RP") is an attractive incentive to user participation in that participants receive:

- · 200 RP for registration as a new user;
- · 100 RP for referral of a new user;
- · Conversion of Malaysian ringgit spent into RP;
- 50% RP of every referred user paid amount as a result of the referral; and
- Spin & Win eligibility to receive RP (which may be "doubled up" when participants share the Spin & Winprogram on social media).

The key objectives of our RP are:

· Social Engagement:

RP are offered to users for increased social engagement.

Spending:

RP incentivizes users with every MYR spent in order to increase the spending potential and to build users loyalty.

Sign-up:

Drives loyalty and greater customer engagement. Every new user onboarded will get 200 RP as a welcoming gift.

· Referral Program:

Rewards users with RP when they refer a new user

Offline Merchant

When using our ZCITY App to make payment to a registered physical merchant, the system will automatically calculate the amount of RP to deduct. The deducted RP amount is based on the percentage of profit sharing as with the merchant and the available RP of the user.

Online Merchant

When using our ZCITY App to pay utility bills or purchase any e-vouchers, our system shows the maximum RP deduction allowed and the user determines the amount of discount deducted subject to maximum deductions described below and the number of RP owned by such user.

Different features have different maximum deduction amounts. For example, for bill payments, the maximum deduction is up to 3% of the bill amount. For e-vouchers, the maximum deduction is up to 5% of the voucher amount.

In order to increase the spending power of the user, our ZCITY App RP program will credit RP to the user for all MYR paid.

Merchant Facing Business

At present, our ZCITY merchants are concentrated in the F&B and lifestyle sectors. Moving forward, we plan to expand our product/service offering to include grocery stores, convenience stores, "micro-SME" ("small to medium size enterprises"), loan programs, affiliate programs and advertising agencies.



We believe that ZCITY's Tazte Smart F&B System, which we plan to launch in the second quarter of 2022, will provide merchants with a one-stop automated solution to digitalize their business. It will offer an innovative and integrated technology ecosystem that addresses and personalizes each merchant's technological needs and will be at the forefront of creating a smart consumer experience, thereby eliminating conventional and outdated standalone point of sale (or "POS") systems.

Tazte will allow merchants to effortlessly record transactions with online payment or QR digital payment technology, set discounts and execute RP redemptions and rewards online, all via our ZCITY App. It utilizes ZCITY App's CRM analytics software to attract and retain consumers through personalized, data-driven engagement to generate greater profitability.

Tazte Smart F&B System will also feature a 'Deviceless Queue System' that reduces staff headcount and a private domain delivery service that will allow merchants access to multiple dedicated delivery partners to ensure outstanding delivery service to consumers.

Revenue Model

ZCITY's revenues are generated from a diversified mix of:

- e-commerce activities for users;
- · services to merchants to help them grow their businesses; and
- · membership subscription fees.

The revenue streams consist of "Consumer Facing" revenues and "Merchant Facing" revenues.

The revenue streams can be further categorized as following: (1) product and loyalty program revenue, (2) transaction revenue, (3) agent subscription revenue, and (4) I.T professional service revenue. Please see "Management's Discussion and Analysis"—Revenue Recognition".

Our Competitive Strengths

<u>Powerful</u>, <u>Unique and Integrated App</u>. We have designed an application – the ZCITY App – which serves both consumers and merchants in ways that concurrently maximize value creation and enhance the shopping experience. Furthermore, through the application of our proprietary developed AI technology, we can offer consumers a more personalized and targeted rewards offering/experience.

<u>Unique Loyalty Program</u>. Operating under our hashtag #RewardsOnRewards, we believe our RP program increases user engagement and loyalty. Through consumer redemption and platform issuance of RP, we believe our system is advantageous to both consumers and merchants.

Attractive Markets. We currently operate in Malaysia, which, prior to the Covid pandemic, was one of the fastest growing economies in the world. As the Covid pandemic recedes, economists expect economic growth to return to pre-pandemic levels.

As we scale our operations, we intend to expand to other countries in Southeast Asia, which possesses solid economic fundamentals, a fast growing middle class, favorable demographic trends and accelerating adoption of mobile technology.

Experienced Management Team. Our executives and directors combine decades of on-the-ground local e-commerce operations and social media marketing experience, as well as professional expertise in the global finance field.

Corporate Structure

Treasure Global, Inc. is a Delaware corporation that was incorporated on March 20, 2020. We issued 10,000,000 shares to Darren Tan, our founder and former Chief Executive Officer on July 1, 2020, who as a result became our sole stockholder.

1 IMF: Malaysia's GDP to grow 9pct in 2021, fastest among Asean-5 countries https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/520659

Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"), a Malaysia private limited company was incorporated on June 6, 2017. Prior to the incorporation of GEM, Darren Tan entered into a Beneficial Shareholding Agreement ("Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1") with two individuals, one of which is a vice president of the Company (the "Initial GEM Shareholders"), which provided for the Initial Shareholders to hold the GEM shares issued to them in equal amounts and for the sole benefit of Darren Tan and provided Darren Tan with control over the voting and disposition over such shares as well as control over the issuance of additional GEM shares in consideration for equity in a company that had not been determined on the date of Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1. On November 10, 2020, Darren Tan instructed the Initial GEM Shareholders to issue 1 million additional GEM shares to shares to Sam Teo, currently our Chief Executive Officer, and as a result each Initial GEM Shareholder and Sam Teo held 1 million shares of GEM. On November 10, 2020, Sam Teo entered into a Beneficial Shareholding Agreement with Darren Tan with terms similar to Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1 ("Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 2" and together with the Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1, "Beneficial Shareholding Agreements"). As a result of Darren Tan's 100% ownership of our common stock and the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements, TGI and GEM were both under the sole control of Darren Tan.

TGI and GEM were reorganized into a parent subsidiary structure pursuant to a Share Swap Agreement, dated March 11, 2021, as amended on March 11, 2021, among TGI, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo (the "Share Swap Agreement"), in which TGI exchanged 312,585 shares of its common stock (the "Swap Shares") for all equity of GEM. Pursuant to the Share Swap Agreement, the purchase and sale of the Swap Shares was completed on March 11, 2021, but the issuance of the Swap Shares did not occur until October 27, 2021 when TGI amended its certificate of incorporation to increase the number of its authorized common stock to a number that was sufficient to issue the Swap Shares. As a result of the Share Swap Agreement, (i) GEM became the 100% subsidiary of TGI and Darren Tan no longer had any control over GEM's ordinary shares; and (ii) Darren Tan, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo owned 100% of the TGI common stock (Darren Tan owning approximately 97%). Subsequent to the date of the Share Swap Agreement, Darren Tan transferred 9,529,002 of his 10,000,000 shares of TGI common stock to 16 individuals and entities and currently owns less than 5% of our common stock.

We operate solely through GEM. GEM owns all intellectual property rights to copyrightable, patentable, and other protectable intangible assets relating to our business, including trademarks.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739, New York, New York 10001 and 45, Jalan USJ21/10 USJ 21 47640 Subang Jaya Selangor, Malaysia. Our corporate website address is https://treasureglobal.co. Our ZCITY website address is https://zcity.io.

Market Opportunity

We expect that continued strong economic expansion, robust population growth, rising level of urbanization, the emergence of the middle class and the increasing rate of adoption of mobile technology provide market opportunities for our Company in SEA. SEA is a large economy and, as of 2020, its gross domestic product ("GDP") was US\$3.08 trillion². In comparison, the respective GDP for both the European Union ("EU") and the United States ("US") totalled US\$15 trillion and US\$20.89 trillion³ in 2020. SEA has experienced rapid economic growth rates in recent years, far exceeding growth in major world economies such as Japan, the EU and the US. According to the IMF, Malaysia's GDP growth averaged more than 4.3% from 2016 to 2019, but contracted by 6.0% in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and is expected to average 5.7% growth for the next five years (including 2021). The GDP of Malaysia amounted to US\$337 billion in 2020 and is projected to reach approximately US\$500 billion by 2025.

2 https://www.statista.com/statistics/796245/gdp-of-the-asean-countries/.

³ https://www.statista.com/statistics/263591/gross-domestic-product-gdp-of-the-united-states/.

SEA continues to enjoy robust population growth. The United Nations Population Division estimates that the population of the SEA countries in 2000 was approximately 525 million people growing to 668 million in 2020. According to the World Bank, Malaysia had a population of approximately 32 million people in 2020 compared to 23 million people in 2000.⁶

A high percentage of Malaysians have lived in cities for the last decade and that percentage is increasing. Since 2010, Malaysia's urbanization has increased from approximately 71% to approximately 77% in 2020. By comparison, in 2020 the urbanization rates for China, Vietnam and India were approximately 64%, 37% and 35%, respectively.

Urbanization is highly correlated with the size and growth of the middle class. Simply put, urbanization drives middle class consumption demand. According to the World Bank, Malaysia is likely to transition from an upper-middle-income economy to a high-income economy between 2024 and 2028, a reflection of the country's economic transformation development trajectory over past decades. In fact, Malaysia's gross national income per capita is at US\$11,200 according to latest estimates, only US\$1,335 short of the current threshold level that defines a high-income economy. ¹⁰

And despite the ongoing effects from the Covid-19 pandemic, the Internet economy continues to boom in SEA. According to Google Temasek e-Conomy SEA 2021 Report (the "Google Report"), internet usage in the region increased with 40 million new users added in 2021 for a total of 440 million compared to 360 million in 2019 and 400 million in 2020. Eighty-nine percent of Malaysia's population is now online, compared to approximately fifty-six percent in 2010. All 81% and 80% of Malaysia and SEA's internet users, respectively, have made at least one purchase online. E-commerce, online media and food delivery adoption and usage surged with the total value of goods and services sold via the Internet, or gross merchandise value ("GMV"), in SEA, expected to reach approximately US\$170 billion by year end 2021 according to the Google Report. In fact, according to the Google Report, the SEA Internet sector GMV is forecast to grow to over US\$360 billion by 2025 up from the \$300 billion forecast in the Google, Temasek, Bain SEA Report 2020. 13

- 4 https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2021/03/17/pr2172-malaysia-imf-executive-board-concludes-2021-article-iv-consultation-with-malaysia.
- 5 IMF Staff Report March 2021.
- 6 https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/ https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/ https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/ https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/
- 7 Statista.com.
- 8 Statisia.com.
- 9 https://www.worldbank.org/en/country/malaysia/overview#1.
- 10 The World Bank Press Release dated March 16, 2021, https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2021/03/16/aiminghighmalaysia.
- 11 https://services.google.com/fh/files/misc/e conomy sea 2021 report.pdf.
- 12 https://www.statista.com/statistics/975058/internet-penetration-rate-in-malaysia/.
- 13 https://www.bain.com/globalassets/noindex/2020/e conomy sea 2020 report.pdf.

Malaysia's internet economy has grown from \$14 billion in 2020 to \$21 billion in 2021 (47% growth) and is expected to grow to \$35 billion in 2025!.4

As consumers in these markets that gradually shifting towards online platforms model, the total value of internet-based transactions has grown tremendously and is expected to keep doing so. According to the Google Report, total GMV of South Asia's Internet economy is expected to skyrocket from US\$174 billion in 2021 to US\$363 billion in 2025.

We believe that these ongoing positive economic and demographic trends in SEA and South Asia propel demand for our e-commerce platform.

Going Concern

We have spent significant amounts to acquire users for the ZCity App, and expects to continue to spend to acquire users and has spent significant amounts on its technologies. The Company's management has considered whether there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern due to (1) loss from operations of approximately \$5.3 million and \$7.6 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and for the year ended June 30, 2021, respectively; (2) accumulated deficit of approximately \$13.9 million and \$8.0 million as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively; (3) the working capital deficit of approximately \$4.4 million and \$1.6 million as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively; and (4) net operating cash outflow of approximately \$3.8 million and \$6.8 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and for the year ended June 30, 2021, respectively. Based on the above considerations, the Company's management is of the opinion that it will probably not having sufficient funds to meet the Company's working capital requirements and debt obligations as they become due starting from one year from the date of this report. As a result, the Company's management has determined there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is trying to alleviate the going concern risk by the following sources:

- Obtaining other available sources of financing from Malaysia banks and other financial institutions;
- issuance of additional convertible notes;
- financial support from the Company's related parties and shareholders; and
- · obtaining funds through this initial public offering.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in securing sufficient funds to sustain its operations.

Recent Developments

Effects of COVID-19 Outbreak. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported to have surfaced in Wuhan, China, which has and is continuing to spread throughout China and other parts of the world, including the United States. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak in Malaysia led the government to impose a nationwide Movement Control Order ("MCO") to curb the spread of COVID-19 which resulted in quarantines, travel restrictions, and the temporary closure of stores and facilities in Malaysia. Since then, there have been a series of variations of the first MCO which are periodically imposed (in different parts of the country) depending on the increase or decrease in the rate of infection in a particular state or region. Following the expiration of the first MCO, there have been a series of orders including the Conditional Movement Control Order, Recovery Movement Order, Enhanced MCO and the Targeted Enhanced MCO. These orders were made under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act 1988 (PCID Act) setting out permitted and prohibited activities and conditions to be complied with to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

¹⁴ https://www.digitalnewsasia.com/digital-economy/e-conomy-sea-report-2021-malaysias-internet-economy-crosses-us21-bil

On June 15, 2021, the Malaysian Prime Minister unveiled the National Recovery Plan ("NRP") which comprises four phases with the first phase imposing the most stringent Standard Operating Procedures ("SOPs"). The various states in Malaysia have since transitioned onto different phases depending on how successfully they have managed to contain the outbreak. For example, Labuan has already transitioned to the fourth phase with all economic sectors there being allowed to operate with 100% workforce subject to the prescribed SOPs whereas some states such as Selangor remains in the first phase.

On August 8, 2021, it was announced that the prohibitions and restrictions under the SOPs of the NRP for individuals who have been fully vaccinated against COVID-19 would be relaxed. This includes the ability to dine-in at restaurants and food premises and the removal of the "ten-kilometer rule" for travel.

We are monitoring the global outbreak and spread of COVID-19 and taking steps in an effort to identify and mitigate the adverse impacts on, and risks to, our business posed by its spread and the governmental and community reactions thereto. The current outbreak of COVID-19 has globally resulted in loss of life, business closures, restrictions on travel, and widespread cancellation of social gatherings. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time, including:

- new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the disease in Malaysia;
- the duration and spread of the outbreak;
- the severity of travel restrictions imposed by geographic areas in which we operate, mandatory or voluntary business closures;
- regulatory actions taken in response to the pandemic, which may impact merchant operations, consumer and merchant pricing, and our product offerings;
- · other business disruptions that affect our workforce;
- the impact on capital and financial markets; and
- actions taken throughout the world, including in markets in which we operate, to contain the COVID-19 outbreak or treat its impact.

In addition, the current outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in a widespread global health crisis and adversely affected global economies and financial markets, and similar public health threats could do so in the future. Such events have impacted, and could in the future impact, demand for merchants and consumer purchase patterns, which in turn, could adversely affect our revenue and results of operations.

The spread of COVID-19 has caused us to modify our business practices, including employee travel, employee work locations in certain cases, and cancellation of physical participation in certain meetings, events and conferences and further actions may be taken as required or recommended by government authorities or as we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers and other business partners. We are monitoring the global outbreak of the pandemic, in Malaysia, and are taking steps in an effort to identify and mitigate the adverse impacts on, and risks to, our business posed by its spread and the governmental and community reactions thereto. See "Risk Factors - Our business may be materially adversely affected by the recent coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak".

Corporate Reorganization. Prior to March 11, 2021, TGI and GEM were separate companies under the common control of Darren Tan, which resulted from Mr. Tan's prior 100% ownership of TGI and his prior 100% voting and investment control over GEM pursuant to the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements. For a more detailed description of the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements and Mr. Tan's common control over TGI and GEM see "Prospectus Summary—Corporate Structure."

TGI and GEM were reorganized into a parent subsidiary structure pursuant to a Share Swap Agreement, dated March 11, 2021, as amended on March 11, 2021 among TGI, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo (the "Share Swap Agreement"), in which TGI exchanged 312,585 shares of its common stock (the "Swap Shares") for all equity of GEM. Pursuant to the Share Swap Agreement, the purchase and sale of the Swap Shares was completed on March 11, 2021, but the issuance of the Swap Shares did not occur until October 27, 2021 when TGI amended its certificate of incorporation to increase the number of its authorized common stock to a number that was sufficient to issue the Swap Shares. As a result of the Share Swap Agreement, (i) GEM became the 100% subsidiary of TGI and Darren Tan no longer had any control over GEM's ordinary shares; and (ii) Darren Tan, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo owned 100% of the TGI common stock (Darren Tan owning approximately 97%). Subsequent to the date of the Share Swap Agreement, Darren Tan transferred 9,529,002 of his 10,000,000 shares of TGI common stock to 16 individuals and entities and currently owns less than 5% of our common stock.

Financings.

- On November 13, 2020 we issued a 13.33% Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$2,123,600.00 to Space Capital Berhad, a Malaysian public company (the "Space Capital Note"). The Space Capital Note bears interest at 13.33% per annum and is due on October 30, 2023. The Space Capital Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 530,900 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq"). The Space Capital Note is prepayable in full, but not in part. The shares the Space Capital Note are convertible into will be subject to a 12-month lock-up from the time the Company's common stock is first listed on Nasdaq. Space Capital Berhad is also entitled to a fee in the amount of 15,927 shares, which will be subject to an 18-month lock-up from the time the Company's common stock is first listed on Nasdaq.
- On May 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$1,149,000.00 to Kainan Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company (the "Kainan Note"). The Kainan Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 166,522 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Kainan Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Kainan Note is prepayable at any time.
- On May 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$1,400,000.00 to V Capital Kronos Berhad, a Malaysian public company and a more than 10% stockholder of the Company (the "V Capital Note"). The V Capital Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 202,899 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The V Capital Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The V Capital Note is prepayable at any time. Voon Him "Victor" Hoo, our Chairman and Managing Director is the majority shareholder of V Capital Kronos Berhad.
- On June 18, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$251,768.63 to Vinet Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Vinet Note"). The Vinet Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 36,488 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Vinet Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Vinet Note is prepayable at any time.
- On June 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$772,713.20 to Repro Solution Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Repro Note"). The Repro Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 111,988 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Repro Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Repro Note is prepayable at any time.
- On June 30, 2021 we issued a 12% Redeemable Senior Note in the principal amount of \$65,000.00 to Yong Kim Fong, a Malaysian citizen (the "Fong Note"). The Fong Note bears interest at 12.00% per annum and is due on the earlier of (x) the date on which our common stock is listed on Nasdaq and (y) July 1, 2024. The Fong Note is prepayable in full, but not in part.

- On July 10, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$36,879.00 to Tan Ann Bee, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Bee Note"). The Bee Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 5,344 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Bee Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Bee Note is prepayable at any time. On June 30, 2021, the Securities Purchase Agreement related to the Bee Note was executed and on such date the Company received \$36,879.00 for the purchase of the Bee Note.
- On July 29, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$236,462.52 to Kainan Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company (the "Kainan Note 2"). The Kainan Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,270 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Kainan Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Kainan Note 2 is prepayable at any time.
- On September 22, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$240,442.41 to Chuah Su Mei, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Chuah Note"). The Chuah Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,847 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Chuah Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Chuah Note is prepayable at any time.
- On October 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,235.66 to Click Development Berhad, a Malaysian company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Click Note"). The Click Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,425 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Click Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Click Note is prepayable at any time.
- On November 4, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,555.15 to Whitney Tan Ann Bee, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Whitney Bee Note"). The Whitney Bee Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,472 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Whitney Bee Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Whitney Bee Note is prepayable at any time.
- On November 4, 2021 we issued a Redeemable Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$1,013,106.38 to Repro Solution Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Repro Note 2"). The Repro Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 146,827 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Repro Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Repro Note 2 is prepayable at any time.
- · On November 5, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$108,590.73 to World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "World Cloud Note"). The World Cloud Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 15,738 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The World Cloud Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The World Cloud Note is prepayable at any time. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 50% of the equity of World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd.

- On January 3, 2022 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$568,308.87 to Cloudmaxx Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company (the "Cloudmaxx Note" and together with the Space Capital Note, the Kainan Note, the V Capital Note, the Repro Note, the Vinet Note, the Bee Note, the Kainan Note 2, the Chuah Note, the Click Note, the Whitney Bee Note, the Repro Note 2 and the World Cloud Note, the "Convertible Notes"). The Cloudmaxx Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 82,363 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Cloudmaxx Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 30% of the equity of Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd.
- We entered into a Loan Agreement (the "Tophill Loan Agreement") dated January 3, 2022 and amended on March 15, 2022 with Tophill Holding Sdn. Bhd ("Tophill"), pursuant to which Tophill provided us with a revolving loan facility to borrow up to RM 20,000,000 (approximately \$4,800,000) bearing interest at 3.5% per annum, which is payable on demand. On March 15, 2022 the Tophill Loan Agreement was amended to provide that (i) all principal and accrued and unpaid interest outstanding under the Tophill Loan Agreement on the closing of our initial public offering will automatically be converted into shares of our common stock at a conversion price that is equal to 80% of the initial public offering price and (ii) the Tophill Loan Agreement terminates on the closing date of our initial public offering. As of May 4, 2022, the Company withdrew RM 18.4 million (approximately \$4.4 million) from this facility.

Other than the Space Capital Note the effective conversion price for all of the Convertible Notes is \$6.90. The effective conversion price for the Space Capital Note is \$4.00.

Summary Risk Factors

Our business is subject to a number of risks. You should be aware of these risks before making an investment decision. These risks are discussed more fully in the section of this prospectus titled "Risk Factors," which begins on page 19 of this prospectus. These risks include, among others, that:

- We have a limited operating history in an evolving industry, which makes it difficult to evaluate our future prospects and may increase the risk that we will not be successful;
- We are a holding company and our ability to pay dividends will be limited.
- If we fail to raise capital when needed it will have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations;
- None of our material contracts are long term and if not renewed could have a material adverse effect on our business;
- We rely on email, internet search engines and application marketplaces to drive traffic to our ZCITY platform, certain providers of which offer products and services that compete directly with our products. If links to our applications and website are not displayed prominently, traffic to our ZCITY platform could decline and our business would be adversely affected;
- The ecommerce market is highly competitive and if the Company does not have sufficient resources to maintain research and development, marketing, sales and client support efforts on a competitive basis our business could be adversely affected;
- The market for our ZCITY platform is new and unproven;
- If we are unable to expand our systems or develop or acquire technologies to accommodate increased volume or an increased variety of operating systems, networks and devices broadly used in the marketplace our ZCITY platform could be impaired;

- The Company may not be able to successfully develop and promote new products or services which could result in adverse financial consequences;
- A decline in the demand for goods and services of the merchants included in the ZCITY platform could result in adverse financial consequences;
- The effective operation of the Company's ZCITY platform is dependent on technical infrastructure and certain third-party service providers;
- There is no assurance that the Company will be profitable;
- Illegal use of our ZCITY platform could result in adverse consequences to the Company;
- Malaysia is experiencing substantial inflationary pressures which may prompt the governments to take action to control the growth of the economy and inflation that could lead to a significant decrease in our profitability;
- The economy of Malaysia in general might not grow as quickly as expected, which could adversely affect our revenues and business prospects.
- Fluctuations in exchange rates in the Malaysian Ringgit could adversely affect our business and the value of our securities;
- Our business has been, and may continue to be, materially adversely affected by the recent coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak;
- Regulation of gift cards or "E-vouchers" could have adverse consequences on our business;
- The requirements of being a public company are complex and will increase costs;
- · Litigation is costly and time consuming and could have a material adverse effect our business, results or operations and reputation.
- · Our financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis and our continued operations are in doubt;
- We face potential liability and expense for legal claims based on the content on our Platform;
- Our intellectual property rights may be inadequate to protect us against protect us others claiming violations of their proprietary rights and the cost of enforcement could be significant;
- •Third parties may assert that our employees or consultants have wrongfully used or disclosed confidential information or misappropriated trade secrets;
- Our management will have broad discretion over the use of any net proceeds from this offering and you may not agree with how we use the proceeds, and the proceeds may not be invested successfully;
- Investors in this offering may experience future dilution as a result of this and future equity offerings;
- Sales of a significant number of shares of our common stock in the public markets, or the perception that such sales could occur, could depress the market price of our common stock;

- There is no active public trading market for our common stock and we cannot assure you that an active trading market will develop in the near future;
- The public price of our common stock may be volatile, and could, following a sale decline significantly and rapidly;
- · We may not be able to satisfy listing requirements of Nasdaq to maintain a listing of our common stock;
- There has been no public market for our common stock prior to this offering, and an active market in which investors can resell their shares may not develop; and
- If there is no viable public market for our common stock, you may be unable to sell your shares at or above the initial public offering price;

Information Regarding our Capitalization

As of May 4, 2022, we have 10,545,251 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. Additional information regarding our issued and outstanding securities may be found under "Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters" and "Description of Securities."

Unless otherwise specifically stated, information throughout this prospectus does not assume the exercise of outstanding options or warrants to purchase shares of our common stock.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739, New York, New York 10001 and 45, Jalan USJ21/10 USJ 21 47640 Subang Jaya Selangor, Malaysia. Our corporate website address is https://treasureglobal.co. Our ZCITY website address is https://zcity.io. The information included on our websites is not part of this prospectus.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jobs Act. We will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (i) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act; (ii) the last day of the fiscal year in which we have total annual gross revenues of \$1.07 billion or more; (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in nonconvertible debt during the previous three years; or (iv) the date on which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer under applicable SEC rules. We expect that we will remain an emerging growth company for the foreseeable future, but cannot retain our emerging growth company status indefinitely and will no longer qualify as an emerging growth company on or before the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act. For so long as we remain an emerging growth company, we are permitted and intend to rely on exemptions from specified disclosure requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies.

These exemptions include:

- being permitted to provide only two years of audited financial statements, in addition to any required unaudited interim financial statements, with correspondingly reduced "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" disclosure;
- not being required to comply with the requirement of auditor attestation of our internal controls over financial reporting;
- not being required to comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements;
- reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation; and
- not being required to hold a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

We have taken advantage of certain reduced reporting requirements in this prospectus. Accordingly, the information contained herein may be different than the information you receive from other public companies in which you hold stock.

An emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. This allows an emerging growth company to delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected to avail ourselves of this extended transition period and, as a result, we will not be required to adopt new or revised accounting standards on the dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public reporting companies.

We are also a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and have elected to take advantage of certain of the scaled disclosure available for smaller reporting companies.

SUMMARY OF THE OFFERING

Common stock offered by us

3.000,000 shares.

Common stock outstanding prior to the offering (1) 10,545,251 shares. 16,092,700 (16,542,700 shares if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase Common stock to be outstanding after the offering⁽²⁾ additional shares in full). Over-allotment option of common stock offered by us The underwriters have a 45-day option to purchase up to 450,000 additional shares of common stock solely to cover over-allotments, if any. Upon the closing of this offering, we have agreed to issue to EF Hutton, division of Underwriter's warrants Benchmark Investments, LLC, as representative of the underwriters, warrants that will expire on the fifth anniversary of the commencement date of sales in this offering entitling the representative to purchase 5% of the number of shares of common stock sold in this offering. The registration statement of which this prospectus is a part also covers the underwriter's warrants and the common shares issuable upon the exercise thereof. For additional information regarding our arrangement with the underwriters, please see "Underwriting." The principal purposes of this offering are to increase our capitalization and financial Use of Proceeds flexibility, increase our visibility in the marketplace and create a public market for our common stock. As of the date of this prospectus, we cannot specify with certainty all of the particular uses for the net proceeds to us from this offering. However, we currently intend to use the net proceeds to us from this offering for general corporate purposes. including working capital. See "Use of Proceeds" beginning on page 41. Proposed Listing We have applied to have our common stock listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL" which listing is a condition to this offering. Lock-up agreements Our executive officers and directors and any holder of 5% or more of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company have agreed with the underwriters not to sell, transfer or dispose of any shares or similar securities for 180 days following the effective date of the registration statement for this offering. For additional information regarding our arrangement with the underwriters, please see "Underwriting." Transfer Agent VStock Transfer LLC. You should carefully consider the information set forth in this prospectus and, in Risk Factors particular, the specific factors set forth in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 19 of this prospectus before deciding whether or not to invest in shares of our common stock. (1) As of May 4, 2022.

(2) Includes (i) 1,403,083 shares of our common stock that are to be issued upon the listing of our common stock on Nasdaq as a result of the automatic conversion of our Convertible Notes; (ii) 1,099,251 shares of our common stock that are to be issued upon the closing of the initial public offering of our common stock as a result of the automatic conversion of the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement using the assumed conversion price of \$4.00 per share derived from 80% of the assumed public offering price of \$5.00 (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus), (iii) 29,188 shares to be issued to Exchange Listing, LLC, pursuant to anti-dilution protection provided to them in their consulting agreement and (iv) 15,927 shares of our common stock that are to be issued to Space Capital Berhad as a fee under the Space Capital Note, but excludes (i) 150,000 shares of our common stock underlying the underwriter's warrant and (ii) 300,000 shares of our common stock underlying a warrant issued to Exchange Listing, LLC for consulting services.

RISK FACTORS

Our business is subject to many risks and uncertainties, which may affect our future financial performance. If any of the events or circumstances described below occur, our business and financial performance could be adversely affected, our actual results could differ materially from our expectations, and the price of our stock could decline. The risks and uncertainties discussed below are not the only ones we face. There may be additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently do not believe are material that may adversely affect our business and financial performance. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all other information included in this prospectus in our securities and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by forward-looking statements. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be harmed. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and investors in our securities may lose all or part of their investment.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a limited operating history in an evolving industry, which makes it difficult to evaluate our future prospects and may increase the risk that we will not be successful.

The Company has a limited operating history on which to base an evaluation of its business and prospects. The Company is subject to all the risks inherent in a small company seeking to develop, market and distribute new services, particularly companies in evolving markets such as the internet, technology, and payment systems. The likelihood of the Company's success must be considered, in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the development, introduction, marketing and distribution of new products and services in a competitive environment.

Such risks for the Company include, but are not limited to, dependence on the success and acceptance of the Company's services, the ability to attract and retain a suitable client base, and the management of growth. To address these risks, the Company must, among other things, generate increased demand, attract a sufficient clientele base, respond to competitive developments, increase the "GEM" and "ZCity" brand names' visibility, successfully introduce new services, attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel and upgrade and enhance the Company's technologies to accommodate expanded service offerings. In view of the rapidly evolving nature of the Company's business and its limited operating history, the Company believes that period-to-period comparisons of its operating results are not necessarily meaningful and should not be relied upon as an indication of future performance.

The Company is therefore subject to many of the risks common to early-stage enterprises, including under-capitalization, cash shortages, limitations with respect to personnel, financial, and other resources and lack of revenues.

We are a holding company and our ability to pay dividends will be limited.

Upon completion of this offering, the Company will be a holding company with no operations of its own. The Company's primary assets will be its equity interest in GEM and any net proceeds of the offering not contributed to GEM. Thus, the ability of the Company to pay dividends to our stockholders will depend upon the cash and liquid investments held at the holding company level and GEM's ability to pay dividends to the Company GEM operates an early-stage e-commerce platform and has a limited operating history spanning from June of 2017 and may have negative cashflows for the foreseeable future.

If we fail to raise capital when needed it will have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company has limited revenue-producing operations and will require the proceeds from this offering to execute its full business plan. The Company believes the proceeds from this offering will be sufficient to cover its funding needs until November 2023. Further, no assurance can be given if additional capital is needed as to how much additional capital will be required or that additional financing can be obtained, or if obtainable, that the terms will be satisfactory to the Company, or that such financing would not result in a substantial dilution of shareholder's interest. A failure to raise capital when needed would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, debt and other equity financing may involve a pledge of assets and may be senior to interests of equity holders. Any debt financing secured in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, which may make it more difficult for the Company to obtain additional capital or to pursue business opportunities, including potential acquisitions. If adequate funds are not obtained, the Company may be required to reduce, curtail, or discontinue operations.

None of our material contracts are long term and if not renewed could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We have entered into material contracts with a number of companies that directly or indirectly provide the goods and services that appear on our ZCity App. The majority of these contracts can be terminated by any party with 30 days' notice. One of these contracts expires as soon as March 31, 2022 and the contract with iPay88, which provides the payment gateway for many of the brands that can be accessed through the ZCity App has no termination clause which means that iPay88 could terminate this contract without any notice. If one or more of these contracts were not renewed or were terminated and we were not able to enter into agreements with others that could replace these services, the ZCity App could lose material features and in turn we could find it harder to maintain and grow our user base, which would have a material adverse effect on our business. For a description of these material contracts See "Business—About ZCity App."

We rely on email, internet search engines and application marketplaces to drive traffic to our ZCITY platform, certain providers of which offer products and services that compete directly with our products. If links to our applications and website are not displayed prominently, traffic to our ZCITY platform could decline and our business would be adversely affected.

Email continues to be a verification source of organic traffic for us. If email providers or internet service providers implement new or more restrictive email or content delivery or accessibility policies, including with respect to net neutrality, it may become more difficult to deliver emails to our users or for user verification process. For example, certain email providers, including Google, categorize our emails as "promotional," and these emails are directed to an alternate, and less readily accessible, section of a users' inbox. If email providers materially limit or halt the delivery of our emails, or if we fail to deliver emails to users in a manner compatible with email providers' email handling or authentication technologies, our ability to contact users through email could be significantly restricted. In addition, if we are placed on "spam" lists or lists of entities that have been involved in sending unwanted, unsolicited emails, marketing campaigns and business updates could be substantially harmed.

We rely heavily on Internet search engines, such as Google, to drive traffic to our ZCITY platform through their unpaid search results and on application marketplaces to drive downloads of our applications. Although search results and application marketplaces have allowed us to attract a large audience with low organic traffic acquisition costs to date, if they fail to drive sufficient traffic to our ZCITY platform, we may need to increase our marketing spend to acquire additional traffic. We cannot assure you that the value we ultimately derive from any such additional traffic would exceed the cost of acquisition, and any increase in marketing expense may in turn harm our operating results.

The amount of traffic we attract from search engines is due in large part to how and where information from and links to our website are displayed on search engine result pages. The display, including rankings, of unpaid search results can be affected by a number of factors, many of which are not in our direct control, and may change frequently. Search engines have made changes in the past to their ranking algorithms, methodologies and design layouts that may have reduced the prominence of links to our ZCITY platform and negatively impacted our traffic, and we expect they will continue to make such changes from time to time in the future. Similarly, marketplace operators may make changes to their marketplaces that make access to our products more difficult. For example, our applications may receive unfavorable treatment compared to the promotion and placement of competing applications, such as the order in which they appear within marketplaces.

We may not know how or otherwise be in a position to influence search results or our treatment in application marketplaces. With respect to search results in particular, even when search engines announce the details of their methodologies, their parameters may change from time to time, be poorly defined or be inconsistently interpreted. For example, Google previously announced that the rankings of sites showing certain types of app install interstitials could be penalized on its mobile search results pages. While we believe the type of interstitial we currently use is not being penalized, we cannot guarantee that Google will not unexpectedly penalize our app install interstitials, causing links to our mobile website to be featured less prominently in Google's mobile search results and harming traffic to our ZCITY platform as a result.

In some instances, search engine companies and application marketplaces may change their displays or rankings in order to promote their own competing products or services or the products or services of one or more of our competitors. For example, Google has integrated its local product offering with certain of its products, including search and maps. The resulting promotion of Google's own competing products in its web search results has negatively impacted the search ranking of our website. Because Google in particular is the most significant source of traffic to our website, accounting for a substantial portion of the visits to our website, our success depends on our ability to maintain a prominent presence in search results for queries regarding local businesses on Google. As a result, Google's promotion of its own competing products, or similar actions by Google in the future that have the effect of reducing our prominence or ranking on its search results, could have a substantial negative effect on our business and results of operations.

The ecommerce market is highly competitive and if the Company does not have sufficient resources to maintain research and development, marketing, sales and client support efforts on a competitive basis our business could be adversely affected.

The internet-based ecommerce business is highly competitive and the Company competes with several different types of companies that offer some form of user-vendor connection experience, as well as marketing data companies. Certain of these competitors may have greater industry experience or financial and other resources than the Company.

To become and remain competitive, the Company will require research and development, marketing, sales, and client support. The Company may not have sufficient resources to maintain research and development, marketing, sales and client support efforts on a competitive basis which could materially and adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The Company intends to differentiate itself from competitors by developing a payments platform that allows consumers and merchants to accept and use bonus points.

The market for consumer's lifestyle is rapidly evolving and intensely competitive, and the Company expects competition to intensify further in the future. There is no guarantee that any factors that differentiate the Company from its competitors will give the Company a market advantage or continue to be a differentiating factor for the Company in the foreseeable future. Competitive pressures created by our direct or indirect competitors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The market for our ZCITY platform is new and unproven.

We were founded in 2020 and GEM was founded in 2017 and since our inception have been creating products for the developing and rapidly evolving market for API-based software platforms, a market that is largely unproven and is subject to a number of inherent risks and uncertainties. We believe that our future success will depend in large part on the growth, if any, in the market for software platforms that provide features and functionality to create the entire lifestyle ecosystem. It is difficult to predict customer adoption and renewal rates, customer demand for our solutions, the size and growth rate of the overall market that our ZCITY platform addresses, the entry of competitive products or the success of existing competitive products. Any expansion of the market our ZCITY platform addresses depends upon a number of factors, including the cost, performance, and perceived value associated with such solutions. If the market our ZCITY platform addresses does not achieve significant additional growth or there is a reduction in demand for such solutions caused by a lack of customer acceptance, technological challenges, competing technologies and products or decreases in corporate spending, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

If we are unable to expand our systems or develop or acquire technologies to accommodate increased volume or an increased variety of operating systems, networks and devices broadly used in the marketplace our ZCITY platform could be impaired.

We seek to generate a high volume of traffic and transactions through our technologies. Accordingly, the satisfactory performance, reliability and availability of the Company's website and platform, processing systems and network infrastructure are critical to our reputation and its ability to attract and retain large numbers of users who transact sales on its platform through a variety of operating systems, networks and devices while maintaining adequate customer service levels. The Company's revenues depend, in substantial way, on the volume of user transactions that are successfully completed. Any system interruptions that result in the unavailability of our service or reduced customer activity would ultimately reduce the volume of transactions completed. Interruptions of service may also diminish the attractiveness of our company and its services. Any substantial increase in the volume of traffic on our ZCITY platform, the number of transactions being conducted by customers or substantial increase in the variety of operating systems, networks or devices that are broadly used in the marketplace will require us to expand and upgrade our technology, transaction processing systems and network infrastructure. There can be no assurance that we will be able to accurately project the rate or timing of increases, if any, in the use of the ZCITY platform or timely expand and upgrade our systems and infrastructure to accommodate such increases or increases in the variety of operating systems, networks or devices in a timely manner. Any failure to expand or upgrade its systems could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Company uses internally developed systems to operate its service and for transaction processing. The Company must continually enhance and improve these systems in order to accommodate the level of use of its products and services and increase its security. Furthermore, in the future, the Company may add new features and functionality to its services that would result in the need to develop or license additional technologies. The Company's inability to add new software and hardware to develop and further upgrade its existing technology, transaction processing systems or network infrastructure to accommodate increased traffic on its platforms or increased transaction volume through its processing systems or to accommodate new operating systems, networks or devices broadly used in the marketplace or to provide new features or functionality may cause unanticipated system disruptions, slower response times, degradation in levels of customer service, impaired quality of the user's experience on the Company's service, and delays in reporting accurate financial information. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able in a timely manner to effectively upgrade and expand its systems or to integrate smoothly any newly developed or purchased technologies with its existing systems. Any inability to do so would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

As we increase our reliance on cloud-based applications and platforms to operate and deliver our products and services, any disruption or interference with these platforms could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We rely on cloud-based applications and platforms for critical business functions. We also are migrating a significant portion of our computing infrastructure to third party hosted cloud-based computing platforms. If we are not able to complete this migration on our expected timeline, we could incur additional costs. Further, these migrations can be risky and may cause disruptions to the availability of our products due to service outages, downtime or other unforeseen issues that could increase our costs. We also may be subject to additional risk of cybersecurity breaches or other improper access to our data or confidential information during or following migrations to cloud-based computing platforms. In addition, cloud computing services may operate differently than anticipated when introduced or when new versions or enhancements are released. As we increase our reliance on cloud-based computing services, our exposure to damage from service interruptions may increase. In the event any such issues arise; it may be difficult for us to switch our operations from our primary cloud-based providers to alternative providers. Further, any such transition could involve significant time and expense and could negatively impact our ability to deliver our products and services, which could harm our financial condition and results of operations.

The Company's failure to successfully market its ZCITY platform could result in adverse financial consequences.

The Company believes that continuing to strengthen its ZCITY platform is critical to achieving widespread acceptance of the Company, particularly in light of the competitive nature of the Company's market. Promoting and positioning its ZCITY platform will depend largely on the success of the Company's marketing efforts and the ability of the Company to provide high quality services. In order to promote its ZCITY platform, the Company will need to increase its marketing budget and otherwise increase its financial commitment to creating and maintaining brand loyalty among users. There can be no assurance that ZCITY platform promotion activities will yield increased revenues or that any such revenues would offset the expenses incurred by the Company in building its ZCITY platform. Further, there can be no assurance that any new users attracted to the Company will conduct transactions over the ZCITY platform on a regular basis. If the Company fails to promote and maintain its brand or incurs substantial expenses in an attempt to promote and maintain its brand or if the Company's existing or future strategic relationships fail to promote the ZCITY platform or increase awareness, the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition would be materially adversely affected.

The Company may not be able to successfully develop and promote new products or services which could result in adverse financial consequences.

The Company plans to expand its operations by developing and promoting new or complementary services, products or transaction formats or expanding the breadth and depth of services. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to expand its operations in a cost-effective or timely manner or that any such efforts will maintain or increase overall market acceptance. Furthermore, any new business or service launched by the Company that is not favorably received by consumers could damage the Company's reputation and diminish the value of its brand. Expansion of the Company's operations in this manner would also require significant additional expenses and development, operations and other resources and would strain the Company's management, financial and operational resources. The lack of market acceptance of such services or the Company's inability to generate satisfactory revenues from such expanded services to offset their cost could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, if we are unable to keep up with changes in technology and new hardware, software and services offerings, for example, by providing the appropriate training to out account managers, sales technology specialists, engineers and consultants to enable them to effectively sell and deliver such new offerings to customers, our business, results of operations, or financial condition could be adversely affected.

A decline in the demand for goods and services of the merchants included in the ZCITY platform could result in adverse financial consequences.

The Company expects to derive most of its revenues from fees from successfully completed transactions on its consumer facing platforms. The Company's future revenues will depend upon continued demand for the types of goods and services that are offered by the merchants that are included on such platforms. Any decline in demand for the goods offered through the Company's services as a result of changes in consumer trends could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The effective operation of the Company's platform is dependent on technical infrastructure and certain third-party service providers.

Our ability to attract, retain, and serve customers is dependent upon the reliable performance of our ZCITY platform and the underlying technical infrastructure. We may fail to effectively scale and grow our technical infrastructure to accommodate these increased demands. In addition, our business will be reliant upon third party partners such as financial service providers and cash-out providers, payment terminals and equipment providers. Any disruption or failure in the services from third party partners used to facilitate our business could harm our business. Any financial or other difficulties these partners face may adversely affect our business, and we exercise little control over these partners, which increases vulnerability to problems with the services they provide.

There is no assurance that the Company will be profitable.

There is no assurance that we will earn profits in the future, or that profitability will be sustained. There is no assurance that future revenues will be sufficient to generate the funds required to continue our business development and marketing activities. If we do not have sufficient capital to fund our operations, we may be required to reduce our sales and marketing efforts or forego certain business opportunities.

We could lose the right to the use of our domain names.

We have registered domain names for our website that we use in our business. If we lose the ability to use a domain name, whether due to trademark claims, failure to renew the applicable registration, or any other cause, we may be forced to market our products under a new domain name, which could cause us substantial harm, or to incur significant expense in order to purchase rights to the domain name in question. In addition, our competitors and others could attempt to capitalize on our brand recognition by using domain names similar to ours, especially in light of our expected expansion in SEA countries and East Asia. Domain names similar to ours may be registered in the United States and elsewhere. We may be unable to prevent third parties from acquiring and using domain names that infringe on, are similar to, or otherwise decrease the value of our brand or our trademarks or service marks. Protecting and enforcing our rights in our domain names may require litigation, which could result in substantial costs and diversion of management's attention.

We may be required to expend resources to protect ZCITY platform information or we may be unable to launch our services.

From time to time, other companies may copy information from our ZCITY platform, through website scraping, robots or other means, and publish or aggregate it with other information for their own benefit. We have no assurance other companies will not copy, publish or aggregate content from our ZCITY platform in the future. When third parties copy, publish, or aggregate content from our ZCITY platform, it makes them more competitive, and decreases the likelihood that consumers will visit our website or use our mobile app to find the information they seek, which could negatively affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. We may not be able to detect such third-party conduct in a timely manner and, even if we could, we may not be able to prevent it. In some cases, particularly in the case of websites operating outside of the United States, our available remedies may be inadequate to protect us against such practices. In addition, we may be required to expend significant financial or other resources to successfully enforce our rights.

Breaches of our online commerce security could occur and could have an adverse effect on our reputation.

A significant barrier to online commerce and communications is the secure transmission of confidential information over public networks. There can be no assurance that advances in computer capabilities, new discoveries in the field of cryptography and cybersecurity, or other events or developments will not result in a compromise or breach of the technology used by the Company to protect customer transaction data. If any such compromise of the Company's security were to occur, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation and, therefore, on its business, results of operations and financial condition. Furthermore, a party who is able to circumvent the Company's security measures could misappropriate proprietary information or cause interruptions in the Company's operations. The Company may be required to expend significant capital and other resources to protect against such security breaches or to alleviate problems caused by such breaches. Concerns over the security of transactions conducted on the Internet and other online services and the privacy of users may also inhibit the growth of the Internet and other online services generally, and the Web in particular, especially as a means of conducting commercial transactions. To the extent that activities of the Company involve the storage and transmission of proprietary information, security breaches could damage the Company's reputation and expose the Company to a risk of loss or litigation and possible liability. There can be no assurance that the Company's security measures will prevent security breaches or that failure to prevent such security breaches will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Company may not have the ability to manage its growth.

The Company anticipates that significant expansion will be required to address potential growth in its customer base and market opportunities. The Company's anticipated expansion is expected to place a significant strain on the Company's management, operational and financial resources. To manage any material growth of its operations and personnel, the Company may be required to improve existing operational and financial systems, procedures and controls and to expand, train and manage its employee base. There can be no assurance that the Company's planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls will be adequate to support the Company's future operations, that management will be able to hire, train, retain, motivate and manage required personnel or that the Company's management will be able to successfully identify, manage and exploit existing and potential market opportunities. If the Company is unable to manage growth effectively, its business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

We rely on the performance of highly skilled personnel, and if we are unable to attract, retain and motivate well-qualified employees, our business could be harmed.

The Company is, and will be, heavily dependent on the skill, acumen and services of the management and other employees of the Company. Our future success depends on our continuing ability to attract, develop, motivate and retain highly qualified and skilled employees. Qualified individuals are in high demand, and we may incur significant costs to attract them. In addition, the loss of any of our senior management or key employees could materially adversely affect our ability to execute our business plan, and we may not be able to find adequate replacements. All of our officers and employees are at-will employees, which means they may terminate their employment relationship with us at any time, and their knowledge of our business and industry would be extremely difficult to replace. We cannot ensure that we will be able to retain the services of any members of our senior management or other key employees. If we do not succeed in attracting well-qualified employees or retaining and motivating existing employees, our business could be harmed

Illegal use of our ZCITY platform could result in adverse consequences to the Company.

Despite measures the Company will implement to detect and prevent identify theft or other fraud, our ZCITY platform remains susceptible to potentially illegal or improper uses. Despite measures the Company will take to detect and lessen the risk of this kind of conduct, the Company cannot assure that these measures will succeed. The Company's business could suffer if customers use the ZCITY platform for illegal or improper purposes.

If merchants on our ZCITY platform are operating illegally, the Company could be subject to civil and criminal lawsuits, administrative action, and prosecution for, among other things, money laundering or for aiding and abetting violations of law. The Company would lose the revenues associated with these accounts and could be subject to material penalties and fines, both of which would seriously harm its business.

We are subject to certain risks by virtue of our international operations.

We operate and expand internationally. We expect to expand our international operations significantly by accessing new markets abroad and expanding our offerings in new languages: not less than all languages in SEA countries and Japan. Our platform is now available in English and several other languages. However, we may have difficulty modifying our technology and content for use in non-English-speaking markets or fostering new communities in non-English-speaking markets. Our ability to manage our business and conduct our operations internationally requires considerable management attention and resources, and is subject to the particular challenges of supporting a rapidly growing business in an environment of multiple languages, cultures, customs, legal systems, alternative dispute systems, regulatory systems, and commercial infrastructures. Furthermore, in most international markets, we would not be the first entrant, and our competitors may be better positioned than we are to succeed. Expanding internationally may subject us to risks that we have either not faced before or increase our exposure to risks that we currently face, including risks associated with:

- recruiting and retaining qualified, multi-lingual employees, including customer support personnel;
- · increased competition from local websites and guides and potential preferences by local populations for local providers;
- compliance with applicable foreign laws and regulations, including different privacy, censorship and liability standards and regulations and different intellectual property laws;
- providing solutions in different languages for different cultures, which may require that we modify our solutions and features to ensure that they are culturally relevant in different countries:
- the enforceability of our intellectual property rights;

- · credit risk and higher levels of payment fraud;
- · compliance with anti-bribery laws;
- · currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- foreign exchange controls that might prevent us from repatriating cash earned outside the United States;
- · political and economic instability in some countries;
- double taxation of our international earnings and potentially adverse tax consequences due to changes in the tax laws of the United States or the foreign jurisdictions in which
 we operate; and
- · higher costs of doing business internationally.

We do not have liability business interruption, litigation or natural disaster insurance.

We do not have any business liability, disruption insurance or any other forms of insurance coverage for our operations in Malaysia because our business is still in planning and early stage. Any potential liability, business interruption, litigation or natural disaster may result in our business incurring substantial costs and the diversion of resources.

The economy of Malaysia in general might not grow as quickly as expected, which could adversely affect our revenues and business prospects.

Our business and prospects depend on the continuing development of the economy in Malaysia. We cannot assure you that the Malaysian economy will continue to grow at the same pace as in the past. Economic growth is determined by countless factors, and it is extremely difficult to predict with any level of absolute certainty. In the event that the Malaysian economy suffers, demand for the services and/or products of our wholly owned subsidiaries may diminish, which would in turn result in decreased likelihood of profitability. This could in turn result in a substantial need for restructuring of our business objectives and could result in a partial or entire loss of an investment in our Company.

We face the risk that changes in the policies of the Malaysian government could have a significant impact upon the business we may be able to conduct in Malaysia and the profitability of such business.

Policies of the Malaysian government can have significant effects on the economic conditions of Malaysia. A change in policies by the Malaysian government could adversely affect our interests by, among other factors: changes in laws, regulations or the interpretation thereof, confiscatory taxation, restrictions on currency conversion, imports or sources of supplies, or the expropriation or nationalization of private enterprises. We cannot assure you that the government will continue to pursue current policies or that such policies may not be significantly altered, especially in the event of a change in leadership, social or political disruption, or other circumstances affecting Malaysia's political, economic and social environment.

We are subject to foreign exchange control policies in Malaysia.

The ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments to us may be restricted by the foreign exchange control policies in the countries where we operate. For example, there are foreign exchange policies in Malaysia which support the monitoring of capital flows into and out of the country in order to preserve its financial and economic stability. The foreign exchange policies are administered by the Foreign Exchange Administration, an arm of Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM"), the central bank of Malaysia. The foreign exchange policies monitor and regulate both residents and non-residents. Under the current Foreign Exchange Administration rules issued by BNM, non-residents are free to repatriate any amount of funds from Malaysia in foreign currency other than the currency of Israel at any time (subject to limited exceptions), including capital, divestment proceeds, profits, dividends, rental, fees and interest arising from investment in Malaysia, subject to any withholding tax. In the event BNM or any other country where we operate introduces any restrictions in the future, we may be affected in our ability to repatriate dividends or other payments from our subsidiaries in Malaysia or in such other countries. Since we are a holding company and rely principally on dividends and other payments from our subsidiaries for our cash requirements, any restrictions on such dividends or other payments could materially and adversely affect our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

Malaysia is experiencing substantial inflationary pressures which may prompt the governments to take action to control the growth of the economy and inflation that could lead to a significant decrease in our profitability.

While the Malaysian economy has experienced rapid growth over the last two decades, they have also experienced inflationary pressures. As governments take steps to address inflationary pressures, there may be significant changes in the availability of bank credits, interest rates, limitations on loans, restrictions on currency conversions and foreign investment. There also may be imposition of price controls. If our revenues rise at a rate that is insufficient to compensate for the rise in our costs, it may have an adverse effect on our profitability. If these or other similar restrictions are imposed by a government to influence the economy, it may lead to a slowing of economic growth.

Our business will be exposed to foreign exchange risk.

We derive most of our revenue from the operations of our ZCITY platform in Malaysia and expect to derive our revenue from Malaysia, other SEA countries and Japan in the future. Our functional currencies will by necessity be the currencies of the countries of SEA and Japan. Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. We translate our results of operations using the average exchange rate for the period, unless the average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions, and we translate our financial position at the period-end exchange rate. Accordingly, any significant fluctuation between the currencies of countries of SEA and Japan on the one hand and the U.S. dollar on the other could expose us to foreign exchange risk.

Some of the currencies of the countries of SEA are not freely convertible. The foreign exchange management regime of many SEA countries has transitioned from a system of fixed multiple exchange rates controlled by the state banks to a system of flexible exchange rates regulated largely by market forces, though transfers of currency is regulated and controlled in some countries. A significant depreciation in many of the currencies of countries of SEA against major foreign currencies may have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition because our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. There can be no assurance, that the governments will continue to relax their foreign exchange regulations, that they will maintain the same foreign exchange policy or that there will be sufficient foreign currency available in the market for currency conversions. If, in the future, the regulations restrict our ability to convert local currencies or there is insufficient foreign currency available in the market, we may be unable to meet any foreign currency payment obligations.

Fluctuations in exchange rates in the Malaysian Ringgit ("RM") could adversely affect our business and the value of our securities.

The value of the RM against the U.S. dollar and other currencies may fluctuate and is affected by, among other things, changes in Malaysia's political and economic conditions. The value of our common stock will be indirectly affected by the foreign exchange rate between U.S. dollars and RM and between those currencies and other currencies in which our revenue may be denominated. Appreciation or depreciation in the value of the RM relative to the U.S. dollar would affect our financial results reported in U.S. dollar terms without giving effect to any underlying change in our business or results of operations. As we rely entirely on revenues earned in Malaysia, any significant revaluation of RM may materially and adversely affect our cash flows, revenues and financial condition. For example, to the extent that we need to convert U.S. dollars we receive from an offering of our securities into RM for our operations, appreciation of the RM against the U.S. dollar could cause the RM equivalent of U.S. dollars to be reduced and therefore could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Conversely, if we decide to convert our RM into U.S. dollars for the purpose of making dividend payments on our common stock or for other business purposes and the U.S. dollar appreciates against the RM, the U.S. dollar equivalent of the RM we convert would be reduced. In addition, the depreciation of significant U.S. dollar denominated assets could result in a change to our operations and a reduction in the value of these assets.

Geopolitical conditions, including acts of war or terrorism or unrest in the regions in which we operate could adversely affect our business.

Most of our operations and business activities are conducted in Malaysia, whose economy and legal system remain susceptible to risks associated with an emerging economy and which is subject to higher geopolitical risks than developed countries. Social and political unrest could give rise to various risks, such as loss of employment and safety and security risks to persons and property. Additionally, our operations could be disrupted by acts of war, terrorist activity or other similar events, including the current or anticipated impact of military conflict and related sanctions imposed on Russia, Belarus and certain individuals and entities connected to Russian or Belarusian political, business, and financial organizations by the United States and other countries due to Russia's recent invasion of Ukraine. It is not possible to predict the broader consequences of the conflict, including related geopolitical tensions, and the measures and retaliatory actions taken by the U.S. and other countries in respect thereof as well as any counter measures or retaliatory actions by Russia or Belarus in response, including, for example, potential cyberattacks or the disruption of energy exports, is likely to cause regional instability, geopolitical shifts, and could materially adversely affect global trade, currency exchange rates, regional economies and the global economy. Any such event may in turn have a material and adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

Because our principal assets are located outside of the United States and all of our directors and all our officers reside outside of the United States, it may be difficult for you to enforce your rights based on U.S. Federal Securities Laws against us and our officers and directors or to enforce a judgment of a United States court against us or our officers and directors.

All of our directors and officers reside outside of the United States. In addition, substantially all of our assets are located outside of the United States. It may therefore be difficult for investors in the United States to enforce their legal rights based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws against us in the courts of either the U.S. or Malaysia and, even if civil judgments are obtained in U.S. courts, to enforce such judgments in Malaysian courts.

Our business has been, and may continue to be materially adversely affected by the recent coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak.

The current outbreak of COVID-19 has globally resulted in loss of life, business closures, restrictions on travel, and widespread cancellation of social gatherings. According to the IMF, Malaysia's GDP growth averaged more than 4.8% from 2016 to 2019, but contracted by 6.0% in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. To help counter the transmission of COVID-19, the government of Malaysia initiated movement control orders ("MCO"), the first effective March 18, 2020. The MCO had resulted in quarantines, travel restrictions, and the temporary closure of stores and facilities in Malaysia. Since then, there have been a series of variations of the first MCO which are periodically imposed (in different parts of the country) depending on the increase or decrease in the rate of infection in a particular state or region. Following the expiration of the first MCO, there have been a series of orders including the Conditional Movement Control Order, Recovery Movement Order, Enhanced MCO and the Targeted Enhanced MCO. These orders were made under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act 1988 (PCID Act) setting out permitted and prohibited activities and conditions to be complied with to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

On June 15, 2021, the Malaysian Prime Minister unveiled the National Recovery Plan ("NRP") which comprises four phases with the first phase imposing the most stringent Standard Operating Procedures ("SOPs"). At the time of writing various states in Malaysia have since transitioned onto different phases depending on how successfully they have managed to contain the outbreak. For example, Labuan has already transitioned to the fourth phase with all economic sectors there being allowed to operate with 100% workforce subject to the prescribed SOPs whereas some states such as Selangor remains in the first phase.

On August 8, 2021, it was announced that the prohibitions and restrictions under the SOPs of the NRP for individuals who have been fully vaccinated against COVID-19 would be relaxed. This includes the ability to dine-in at restaurants and food premises and the removal of the "ten-kilometer rule" for travel.

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time, including:

- new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the disease;
- · the duration and spread of the outbreak;
- the severity of travel restrictions imposed by geographic areas in which we operate, mandatory or voluntary business closures;

- regulatory actions taken in response to the pandemic, which may impact merchant operations, consumer and merchant pricing, and our product offerings;
- other business disruptions that affect our workforce;
- · the impact on capital and financial markets; and
- actions taken throughout the world, including in markets in which we operate, to contain the COVID-19 outbreak or treat its impact.

In addition, the current outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in a widespread global health crisis and adversely affected global economies and financial markets, and similar public health threats could do so in the future. Such events have impacted, and could in the future impact, demand for merchants and consumer purchase patterns, which in turn, could adversely affect our revenue and results of operations.

Furthermore, if a virus or other disease is transmitted by human contact, as is the case with COVID-19, our employees and any constituent of our network may become infected, or may choose, or be advised, to avoid any contact with others, any of which may adversely affect our ability to provide our ZCITY platform and for our merchants and consumers to use our ZCITY platform. In addition, shelter-in-place orders and similar regulations impact merchants' ability to operate their businesses, consumers' ability to pick up orders, and our merchants' ability to make deliveries during certain times, or at all. Even if merchants are able to continue to operate their businesses, many may operate with limited hours, selection and capacity and other limitations. Any limitations on or disruptions or closures of merchants' businesses could adversely affect our business.

Even if a virus or other disease does not spread significantly and such measures are not implemented, the perceived risk of infection or significant health risk may adversely affect our business. Merchants may be perceived as unsafe during such public health threats, even for order delivery or pickup. If the services offered through our ZCITY platform or at other businesses in our industry become a significant risk for transmitting COVID-19 or similar public health threats, or if there is a public perception that such risk exists, demand for the use of our ZCITY platform would be adversely affected. Any negative impact on consumers' willingness or ability to order delivery or complete a pickup order, could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Substantially all of our revenues are concentrated in Malaysia pending expansion into other markets in SEA and East Asia regions. Consequently, our results of operations will likely be adversely, and may be materially, affected, to the extent that the COVID-19 pandemic or any epidemic harms Malaysia's economy and society and the global economy in general. Any potential impact to our results will depend on, to a large extent, future developments and new information that may emerge regarding the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic and the actions taken by government authorities and other entities to contain the COVID-19 pandemic or treat its impact, almost all of which are beyond our control. If the disruptions posed by the COVID-19 pandemic or other matters of global concern continue for an extensive period of time, the operations of our business may be materially adversely affected.

To the extent the COVID-19 pandemic or a similar public health threat has an impact on our business, it is likely to also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this "Risk Factors" section.

Regulatory Risks

Failure to comply with laws and regulations applicable to our business could subject us to fines and penalties and could also cause us to lose customers or otherwise harm our business.

Our business is subject to regulation by various governmental agencies in Malaysia, including agencies responsible for monitoring and enforcing compliance with various legal obligations, such as privacy and data protection-related laws and regulations, intellectual property laws, employment and labor laws, workplace safety, governmental trade laws, import and export controls, anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws, and tax laws and regulations. These laws and regulations impose added costs on our business. Noncompliance with applicable regulations or requirements could subject us to:

- investigations, enforcement actions, and sanctions;
- mandatory changes to our network and products;
- disgorgement of profits, fines, and damages;
- civil and criminal penalties or injunctions;
- claims for damages by our customers or channel partners;
- termination of contracts;
- failure to obtain, maintain or renew certain licenses, approvals, permits, registrations or filings necessary to conduct our operations; and
- temporary or permanent debarment from sales to public service organizations.

If any governmental sanctions are imposed, or if we do not prevail in any possible civil or criminal litigation, our business, results of operations, and financial condition could be adversely affected. In addition, responding to any action will likely result in a significant diversion of our management's attention and resources and an increase in professional fees. Enforcement actions and sanctions could materially harm our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Any reviews by regulatory agencies or legislatures may result in substantial regulatory fines, changes to our business practices, and other penalties, which could negatively affect our business and results of operations. Changes in social, political, and regulatory conditions or in laws and policies governing a wide range of topics may cause us to change our business practices. Further, our expansion into a variety of new fields also could raise a number of new regulatory issues. These factors could negatively affect our business and results of operations in material ways.

Moreover, we are exposed to the risk of misconduct, errors and failure to functions by our management, employees and parties that we collaborate with, who may from time to time be subject to litigation and regulatory investigations and proceedings or otherwise face potential liability and penalties in relation to noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations, which could harm our reputation and business.

Regulation of the internet generally could have adverse consequences on our business.

We are also subject to regulations and laws in Malaysia specifically governing the internet and e-commerce. Existing and future laws and regulations may impede the growth of the Internet, e-commerce or other online services, and increase the cost of providing online services. These regulations and laws may cover sweepstakes, taxation, tariffs, user privacy, data protection, pricing, content, copyrights, distribution, electronic contracts and other communications, consumer protection, broadband residential Internet access and the characteristics and quality of services. It is not clear how existing laws governing issues such as property ownership, sales, use and other taxes, libel and personal privacy apply to the internet and e-commerce. Unfavorable resolution of these issues may harm our business and results of operations.

Privacy regulations could have adverse consequences on our business.

We receive, collect, store, process, transfer, and use personal information and other user data. There are numerous international laws and regulations regarding privacy, data protection, information security, and the collection, storing, sharing, use, processing, transfer, disclosure, and protection of personal information and other content, the scope of which are changing, subject to differing interpretations, and may be inconsistent among countries, or conflict with other laws and regulations. We are also subject to the terms of our privacy policies and obligations to third parties related to privacy, data protection, and information security. We strive to comply with applicable laws, regulations, policies, and other legal obligations relating to privacy, data protection, and information security to the extent possible. However, the regulatory framework for privacy and data protection worldwide is, and is likely to remain for the foreseeable future, uncertain and complex, and it is possible that these or other actual or alleged obligations may be interpreted and applied in a manner that we do not anticipate or that is inconsistent from one jurisdiction to another and may conflict with other rules or our practices. Further, any significant change to applicable laws, regulations, or industry practices regarding the collection, use, retention, security, or disclosure of our users' data, or their interpretation, or any changes regarding the manner in which the express or implied consent of users for the collection, use, retention, or disclosure of such data must be obtained, could increase our costs and require us to modify our services and features, possibly in a material manner, which we may be unable to complete, and may limit our ability to store and process user data or develop new services and features.

We also expect that there will continue to be new laws, regulations, and industry standards concerning privacy, data protection, and information security proposed and enacted in various jurisdictions.

Any failure or perceived failure by us to comply with our posted privacy policies, our privacy-related obligations to users or other third parties, or any other legal obligations or regulatory requirements relating to privacy, data protection, or information security may result in governmental investigations or enforcement actions, litigation, claims, or public statements against us by consumer advocacy groups or others and could result in significant liability, cause our users to lose trust in us, and otherwise have an adverse effect on our reputation and business. Furthermore, the costs of compliance with, and other burdens imposed by, the laws, regulations, and policies that are applicable to the businesses of our users may limit the adoption and use of, and reduce the overall demand for, our ZCITY platform.

Additionally, if third parties we work with violate applicable laws, regulations, or agreements, such violations may put our users' data at risk, could result in governmental investigations or enforcement actions, fines, litigation, claims, or public statements against us by consumer advocacy groups or others and could result in significant liability, cause our users to lose trust in us, and otherwise have an adverse effect on our reputation and business. Further, public scrutiny of or complaints about technology companies or their data handling or data protection practices, even if unrelated to our business, industry, or operations, may lead to increased scrutiny of technology companies, including us, and may cause government agencies to enact additional regulatory requirements, or to modify their enforcement or investigation activities, which may increase our costs and risks.

Regulation of gift cards or "E-vouchers" could have adverse consequences on our business.

Our platform's payment system inevitably provides our customers with reward points that may or may not be deemed gift certificates, store gift cards, general-use prepaid cards, or other vouchers, or "gift cards", subject to, various laws of multiple jurisdictions. Many of these laws include specific disclosure requirements and prohibitions or limitations on the use of expiration dates and the imposition of certain fees. Various companies that provided deal products similar to ours around the world are currently or were defendants in purported class action lawsuits.

The application of various other laws and regulations to our products is uncertain. These include laws and regulations pertaining to unclaimed and abandoned property, partial redemption, revenue-sharing restrictions on certain trade groups and professions, sales and other local taxes and the sale of alcoholic beverages. In addition, we may become, or be determined to be, subject to United States federal or state laws or laws in Malaysia or other countries where we operate regulating money transmitters or aimed at preventing money laundering or terrorist financing, including the Bank Secrecy Act, the USA Patriot Act and other similar future laws or regulations in the United States and in the applicable SEA or East Asia countries.

If we become subject to claims or are required to alter our business practices as a result of current or future laws and regulations, our revenue could decrease, our costs could increase and our business could otherwise be harmed. In addition, the costs and expenses associated with defending any actions related to such additional laws and regulations and any payments of related penalties, fines, judgments or settlements could harm our business.

The requirements of being a public company are complex and will increase costs.

As a public company, we will be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Dodd-Frank Act, and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming or costly and increase demand on our systems and resources. The Exchange Act requires, among other things, that we file annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our business and operating results. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. In order to maintain and, if required, improve our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting to meet this standard, significant resources and management oversight may be required. As a result, management's attention may be diverted from other business concerns, which could harm our business and operating results. We may need to hire more employees in the future to comply with these requirements, which will increase our costs and expenses.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity, and, as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. We intend to invest resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management's time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations, and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and our business may be harmed.

We also expect that being a public company and these new rules and regulations will make it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified members of our board of directors ("Board"), particularly to serve on our audit committee and Remuneration Committee, and qualified executive officers.

As a result of disclosure of information in this prospectus and in filings required of a public company, our business and financial condition will become more visible, which we believe may result in increased threatened or actual litigation, including by competitors and other third parties. If such claims are successful, our business and operating results could be harmed, and even if the claims do not result in litigation or are resolved in our favor, these claims, and the time and resources necessary to resolve them, could divert the resources of our management and harm our business and operating results.

Failure to comply with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and Malaysia anti-corruption laws could subject us to penalties and other adverse consequences.

We are required to comply the Malaysia's anti-corruption laws and the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which generally prohibits U.S. companies from engaging in bribery or other prohibited payments to foreign officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. In addition, we are required to maintain records that accurately and fairly represent our transactions and have an adequate system of internal accounting controls. Foreign companies, including some of our competitors, are not subject to these prohibitions. Corruption, extortion, bribery, pay-offs, theft and other fraudulent practices occur from time-to-time in Malaysia. If our competitors engage in these practices, they may receive preferential treatment from personnel of some companies, giving our competitors an advantage in securing business or from government officials who might give them priority in obtaining new licenses, which would put us at a disadvantage. Although we inform our personnel that such practices are illegal, we cannot assure you that our employees or other agents will not engage in such conduct for which we might be held responsible. If our employees or other agents are found to have engaged in such practices, we could suffer severe penalties and other consequences that may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, our brand and reputation, our sales activities or the price of our ordinary shares could be adversely affected if we become the target of any negative publicity as a result of actions taken by our employees or other agents.

Litigation is costly and time consuming and could have a material adverse effect our business, results or operations and reputation.

The Company and/or its directors and officers may be subject to a variety of civil or other legal proceedings, with or without merit. From time to time in the ordinary course of its business, we may become involved in various legal proceedings, including commercial, employment and other litigation and claims, as well as governmental and other regulatory investigations and proceedings. Such matters can be time-consuming, divert management's attention and resources and cause us to incur significant expenses. Furthermore, because litigation is inherently unpredictable, the results of any such actions may have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results or financial condition

Even if the claims are without merit, the costs associated with defending these types of claims may be substantial, both in terms of time, money, and management distraction. In particular, patent and other intellectual property litigation may be protracted and expensive, and the results are difficult to predict and may require us to stop offering certain features, purchase licenses or modify our products and features while we develop non-infringing substitutes or may result in significant settlement costs.

The results of litigation and claims to which we may be subject cannot be predicted with certainty. Even if these matters do not result in litigation or are resolved in our favor or without significant cash settlements, these matters, and the time and resources necessary to litigate or resolve them, could harm our business, results or operations and reputation.

Our financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis and our continued operations are in doubt.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under which an entity is considered to be able to realize its assets and satisfy its liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Our future operations are dependent upon the identification and successful completion of equity or debt financing and the achievement of profitable operations at an indeterminate time in the future. There can be no assurances that we will be successful in completing an equity or debt financing or in achieving profitability.

We face potential liability and expense for legal claims based on the content on our ZCITY platform.

We face potential liability and expense for legal claims relating to the information that we publish on our website and our ZCITY platform, including claims for copyright or trademark infringement, among others. These claims could divert management time and attention away from our business and result in significant costs to investigate and defend, regardless of the merits of the claims. In some instances, we may elect or be compelled to remove content or may be forced to pay substantial damages if we are unsuccessful in our efforts to defend against these claims. If we elect or are compelled to remove valuable content from our website or mobile app, our ZCITY platform may become less useful to consumers and our traffic may decline, which could have a negative impact on our business and financial performance.

Our intellectual property rights may be inadequate to protect us against others claiming violations of their proprietary rights and the cost of enforcement could be significant.

The future success of our business is dependent upon the intellectual property rights surrounding our technology, including trade secrets, know-how and continuing technological innovation. Although we will seek to protect our proprietary rights, our actions may be inadequate to protect any proprietary rights or to prevent others from claiming violations of their proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that other companies are not investigating or developing other technologies that are similar to our technology. In addition, effective intellectual property protection may be unenforceable or limited in certain countries, and the global nature of the Internet makes it impossible to control the ultimate designation of our technology. Any of these claims, with or without merit, could subject us to costly litigation. If the protection of proprietary rights is inadequate to prevent unauthorized use or appropriation by third parties, the value of our brand and other intangible assets may be diminished. Any of these events could have an adverse effect on our business and financial results.

Effective trade secret, copyright, trademark and domain name protection is expensive to develop and maintain, both in terms of initial and ongoing registration requirements and expenses and the costs of defending our rights. We are seeking to protect our trademarks and domain names in an increasing number of jurisdictions, a process that is expensive and may not be successful or which we may not pursue in every location. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights, protect our respective trade secrets or determine the validity and scope of proprietary rights claimed by others. Any litigation of this nature, regardless of outcome or merit, could result in substantial costs and diversion of management and technical resources, any of which could adversely affect our business and operating results. We may incur significant costs in enforcing our trademarks against those who attempt to imitate our brand. If we fail to maintain, protect and enhance our intellectual property rights, our business and operating results may be harmed.

If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, our business and competitive position could be harmed.

In addition to patent protection, we also rely upon copyright and trade secret protection, as well as non-disclosure agreements and invention assignment agreements with our employees, consultants and third parties, to protect our confidential and proprietary information. In addition to contractual measures, we try to protect the confidential nature of our proprietary information using commonly accepted physical and technological security measures. Such measures may not, for example, in the case of misappropriation of a trade secret by an employee or third party with authorized access, provide adequate protection for our proprietary information. Our security measures may not prevent an employee or consultant from misappropriating our trade secrets and providing them to a competitor, and recourse we take against such misconduct may not provide an adequate remedy to protect our interests fully. Unauthorized parties may also attempt to copy or reverse engineer certain aspects of our product that we consider proprietary. Enforcing a claim that a party illegally disclosed or misappropriated a trade secret can be difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. Even though we use commonly accepted security measures, trade secret violations are often a matter of state law, and the criteria for protection of trade secrets can vary among different jurisdictions. In addition, trade secrets may be independently developed by others in a manner that could prevent legal recourse by us. If any of our confidential or proprietary information, such as our trade secrets, were to be disclosed or misappropriated, or if any such information was independently developed by a competitor, our business and competitive position could be harmed.

Third parties may assert that our employees or consultants have wrongfully used or disclosed confidential information or misappropriated trade secrets.

We employ individuals who previously worked with other companies, including our competitors or potential competitors. Although we try to ensure that our employees and consultants do not use the proprietary information or know-how of others in their work for us, we may be subject to claims that we or our employees, consultants or independent contractors have inadvertently or otherwise used or disclosed intellectual property, including trade secrets or other proprietary information, of a former employer or other third party. Litigation may be necessary to defend against these claims. If we fail in defending any such claims or settling those claims, in addition to paying monetary damages or a settlement payment, we may lose valuable intellectual property rights or personnel. Even if we are successful in defending against such claims, litigation could result in substantial costs and be a distraction to management and other employees.

Risks Related to this Offering

Our management will have broad discretion over the use of any net proceeds from this offering and you may not agree with how we use the proceeds, and the proceeds may not be invested successfully.

Our management will have broad discretion as to the use of any net proceeds from this offering and could use them for purposes other than those contemplated at the time of this offering and in ways that do not necessarily improve our results of operations or enhance the value of our common stock. Accordingly, you will be relying on the judgment of our management with regard to the use of any proceeds from this offering and you will not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. It is possible that the proceeds will be invested in a way that does not yield a favorable, or any, return for you.

If you purchase shares of common stock in this offering, you will incur immediate and substantial dilution in the book value of your common shares of common stock.

The initial public offering price is substantially higher than the pro forma net tangible book value per share of our common stock after giving effect to the conversion of the Convertible Notes and the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement. Investors purchasing shares of common stock, in this offering will pay a price per share that substantially exceeds the net tangible book value of our common stock. As a result, investors purchasing shares of common stock in this offering will incur immediate dilution of \$4.12 per share, based on the assumed initial public offering price of \$5.00 per share and our adjusted pro forma net tangible book value as of December 31, 2021. The exercise of outstanding warrants would result in additional dilution. As a result of this dilution, investors purchasing shares of common stock may receive significantly less than the purchase price paid in this offering in the event of liquidation. See "Dilution" for additional information.

Investors in this offering may experience future dilution as a result of this and future equity offerings.

In order to raise additional capital, we may in the future offer additional shares of our common stock or other securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock. Investors purchasing our shares or other securities in the future could have rights superior to existing common stockholders, and the price per share at which we sell additional shares of our common stock or other securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock in future transactions may be higher or lower than the price per share in this offering.

Sales of a significant number of shares of our common stock in the public markets, or the perception that such sales could occur, could depress the market price of our common stock.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public markets could depress the market price of our common stock and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities. We cannot predict the effect that future sales of our common stock would have on the market price of our common stock.

Existing shareholders may sell significant quantities of common stock.

The existing shareholders will own 81.4% of our common stock following the successful completion of this offering. Notwithstanding that certain officers and directors who are shareholders will be locked up for a period of 180 days following the completion of this offering, they may have acquired their shares at a lower price than that of this offering. Accordingly, they may be incentivized to sell all or part of their holdings as soon as any applicable transfer restrictions have ended and such sales could have a negative impact on the market price of our common stock.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will depend in part on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. Several analysts may cover our stock. If one or more of those analysts downgrade our stock or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our stock could decrease, which might cause our stock price and trading volume to decline.

Risks Relating to Ownership of Our Securities

There is no active public trading market for our common stock and we cannot assure you that an active trading market will develop in the near future.

Our common stock is not quoted in the over-the-counter markets and is not listed on any stock exchange and there is currently no active trading in our securities. We will apply to have our common stock listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL" which listing is a condition to this offering. We cannot assure you that an active trading market for our common stock will develop in the future due to a number of factors, including the fact that we are a small company that is relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume, and that even if we came to the attention of such persons, they tend to be risk-averse and would be reluctant to follow an unproven company such as ours or purchase or recommend the purchase of our shares until such time as we became more seasoned and viable. We cannot give you any assurance that an active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. You may not be able to liquidate your shares quickly or at the market price if trading in our common stock is not active.

The public price of our common stock may be volatile, and could, following a sale decline significantly and rapidly.

The initial public offering price for the shares will be determined by negotiations between us and the underwriters and may not be indicative of prices that will prevail in the open market following this offering. The market price of our common stock may decline below the initial offering price, and you may not be able to sell your shares of our common stock at or above the price you paid in the offering, or at all. Following this offering, the public price of our common stock in the secondary market will be determined by private buy and sell transaction orders collected from broker-dealers.

A possible "short squeeze" due to a sudden increase in demand of our common stock that largely exceeds supply may lead to price volatility in our common stock.

Following this offering, investors may purchase our common stock to hedge existing exposure in our common stock or to speculate on the price of our common stock. Speculation on the price of our common stock may involve long and short exposures. To the extent aggregate short exposure exceeds the number of shares of our common stock available for purchase in the open market, investors with short exposure may have to pay a premium to repurchase our common stock for delivery to lenders of our common stock. Those repurchases may in turn, dramatically increase the price of our common stock until investors with short exposure are able to purchase additional shares of common stock to cover their short position. This is often referred to as a "short squeeze." A short squeeze could lead to volatile price movements in our common stock that are not directly correlated to the performance or prospects of our company and once investors purchase the shares of common stock necessary to cover their short position, the price of our common stock may decline.

We may not be able to satisfy listing requirements of Nasdaq to maintain a listing of our common stock.

If our common stock is listed on Nasdaq, we must meet certain financial and liquidity criteria to maintain such listing. If we violate the maintenance requirements for continued listing of our common stock, our common stock may be delisted. In addition, our board may determine that the cost of maintaining our listing on a national securities exchange outweighs the benefits of such listing. A delisting of our common stock from Nasdaq may materially impair our stockholders' ability to buy and sell our common stock and could have an adverse effect on the market price of, and the efficiency of the trading market for, our common stock. In addition, the delisting of our common stock could significantly impair our ability to raise capital.

There has been no public market for our common stock prior to this offering, and an active market in which investors can resell their shares may not develop.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. All investments in securities involve the risk of loss of capital. No guarantee or representation is made that an investor will receive a return of its capital. The value of our common stock can be adversely affected by a variety of factors, including development problems, regulatory issues, technical issues, commercial challenges, competition, legislation, government intervention, industry developments and trends, and general business and economic conditions. We cannot predict the extent to which an active market for our common stock will develop or be sustained after this offering, or how the development of such a market might affect the market price of our common stock.

We may be subject to securities litigation, which is expensive and could divert our management's attention.

The market price of our securities may be volatile, and in the past companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their securities have been subject to securities class action litigation. We may be the target of this type of litigation in the future. Securities litigation against us could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention from other business concerns.

If there is no viable public market for our common stock, you may be unable to sell your shares at or above the initial public offering price.

Prior to this offering there has been no public market for shares of our common stock. Although we expect our common stock will be approved for listing on Nasdaq, an active trading market for our shares may never develop or be sustained following this offering. You may be unable to sell your shares quickly or at the market price if trading in shares of our common stock is not active. The initial public offering price for our common stock will be determined through negotiations with the underwriters, and the negotiated price may not be indicative of the market price of the common stock after the offering. As a result of these and other factors, you may be unable to resell your shares of our common stock at or above the initial public offering price. Further, an inactive market may also impair our ability to raise capital by selling shares of our common stock and may impair our ability to enter into strategic partnerships or acquire companies or products by using our shares of common stock as consideration.

Our failure to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting could have an adverse impact on us

We are required to establish and maintain appropriate internal controls over financial reporting. Failure to establish those controls, or any failure of those controls once established, could adversely impact our public disclosures regarding our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, management's assessment of internal controls over financial reporting may identify weaknesses and conditions that need to be addressed in our internal controls over financial reporting or other matters that may raise concerns for investors. Any actual or perceived weaknesses and conditions that need to be addressed in our internal control over financial reporting, disclosure of management's assessment of our internal controls over financial reporting or disclosure of our public accounting firm's attestation to or report on management's assessment of our internal controls over financial reporting may have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Prior to this offering, we have been a private company with limited accounting personnel and other resources with which to address our internal controls and procedures. Our independent registered public accounting firm did not conduct an audit of our internal control over financial reporting. However, in preparing our consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, we and our independent registered public accounting firms have identified 6 material weaknesses and other control deficiencies including significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in the standards established by the PCAOB. A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

The material weaknesses identified included: (1) we did not have sufficient full-time personnel with appropriate levels of accounting knowledge and experience to monitor the daily recording of transactions, address complex U.S. GAAP accounting issues and to prepare and review financial statements and related disclosures under U.S. GAAP; (2) we lack of a functional internal audit department or personnel that monitors the consistencies of the preventive internal control procedures; lack of adequate policies and procedures in internal audit function to ensure that our policies and procedures have been carried out as planned; (3) we lack of proper procedures developed and implemented for Cybersecurity Vulnerabilities and IT Risk Assessment; (4) we lack of proper procedures developed and implemented for User Account Management and Password Management; (5) we lack of proper procedures developed and implemented for Segregation of Duties and Audit Log Review and (6) we lack of proper procedures developed and implemented for Third-Party (Service Organization) Vendor Management.

Following the identification of the material weaknesses and control deficiencies, we plan to take remedial measures including (i) hiring more qualified accounting personnel with relevant U.S. GAAP and SEC reporting experience and qualifications to strengthen the financial reporting function and to set up a financial and system control framework; (ii) implementing regular and continuous U.S. GAAP accounting and financial reporting training programs for our accounting and financial reporting personnel; (iii) establishing internal audit function by engaging an external consulting firm to assist us with assessment of Sarbanes-Oxley compliance requirements and improvement of overall internal control; and (iv) strengthening corporate governance. However, the implementation of these measures may not fully address the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. Our failure to correct the material weaknesses or our failure to discover and address any other material weaknesses or control deficiencies could result in inaccuracies in our consolidated financial statements and could also impair our ability to comply with applicable financial reporting requirements and related regulatory filings on a timely basis. As a result, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, as well as the trading price of our common stocks, may be materially and adversely affected. Moreover, ineffective internal control over financial reporting significantly hinders our ability to prevent fraud.

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. In addition, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefit of controls must be relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no system of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Further, controls can be circumvented by individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more persons, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and may not be detected.

If we fail to have effective controls and procedures for financial reporting in place, we could be unable to provide timely and accurate financial information which could result in an investigation by the SEC and civil or criminal sanctions; investors losing confidence in the accuracy of our periodic reports filed under the Exchange Act; and a decline in our stock price.

We are an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act, and we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are not applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we may rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and our stock price may be more volatile.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We are choosing to take advantage of the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards.

We will remain an "emerging growth company" until the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, although we will lose that status sooner if our revenues exceed \$1.07 billion, if we issue more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt in a three year period, or if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

The elimination of personal liability against our directors and officers under Delaware law and the existence of indemnification rights held by our directors, officers and employees may result in substantial expenses.

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended ("Certificate of Incorporation") eliminates the personal liability of our directors and officers to us and our stockholders for damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer to the extent permissible under Delaware law. Further, our bylaws ("Bylaws") provide that we are obligated to indemnify each of our directors or officers to the fullest extent authorized by the Delaware law and, subject to certain conditions, advance the expenses incurred by any director or officer in defending any action, suit or proceeding prior to its final disposition. Those indemnification obligations could expose us to substantial expenditures to cover the cost of settlement or damage awards against our directors or officers, which we may be unable to afford. Further, those provisions and resulting costs may discourage us or our stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against any of our current or former directors or officers for breaches of their fiduciary duties, even if such actions might otherwise benefit our stockholders.

You should consult your own independent tax advisor regarding any tax matters arising with respect to the securities offered in connection with this offering.

Participation in this offering could result in various tax-related consequences for investors. All prospective purchasers of the resold securities are advised to consult their own independent tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax consequences relevant to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the resold securities in their particular situations.

We have not paid dividends in the past and do not expect to pay dividends in the future, and any return on investment may be limited to the value of our stock.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We currently intend to retain any future earnings to support the development of our business and do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Our payment of any future dividends will be at the discretion of our Board after taking into account various factors, including, but not limited to, our financial condition, operating results, cash needs, growth plans and the terms of any credit agreements that we may be a party to at the time. In addition, our ability to pay dividends on our common stock may be limited by Delaware state law. Accordingly, investors must rely on sales of their common stock after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize a return on their investment. Investors seeking cash dividends should not purchase our common stock.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE RISKS, BUSINESSES ARE OFTEN SUBJECT TO RISKS NOT FORESEEN OR FULLY APPRECIATED BY MANAGEMENT. IN REVIEWING THIS FILING, POTENTIAL INVESTORS SHOULD KEEP IN MIND THAT OTHER POSSIBLE RISKS MAY ADVERSELY IMPACT THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND THE VALUE OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements reflect the current view about future events. When used in this prospectus, the words "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "future," "intend," "plan," or the negative of these terms and similar expressions, as they relate to us or our management, identify forward-looking statements. Such statements, include, but are not limited to, statements contained in this prospectus relating to our business strategy, our future operating results and liquidity and capital resources outlook. Forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and assumptions regarding our business, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Our actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. They are neither statements of historical fact nor guarantees of assurance of future performance. We caution you therefore against relying on any of these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, without limitation:

- · Our ability to effectively operate our business segments;
- · Our ability to manage our research, development, expansion, growth and operating expenses;
- Our ability to evaluate and measure our business, prospects and performance metrics;
- Our ability to compete, directly and indirectly, and succeed in a highly competitive and evolving industry;
- · Our ability to respond and adapt to changes in technology and customer behavior;
- · Our ability to protect our intellectual property and to develop, maintain and enhance a strong brand; and
- other factors (including the risks contained in the section of this prospectus entitled "Risk Factors") relating to our industry, our operations and results of operations.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ significantly from those anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended or planned.

Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds of approximately \$13,060,000 (or approximately \$15,130,000 if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full) from the sale of the common stock offered by us in this offering, based on an assumed public offering price of \$5.00 per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus), and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The principal purposes of this offering are to increase our capitalization and financial flexibility, increase our visibility in the marketplace and create a public market for our common stock. As of the date of this prospectus, we cannot specify with certainty all of the particular uses for the net proceeds to us from this offering. However, we currently intend to use the net proceeds to us from this offering for marketing, hiring, IT development and working capital and general corporate purposes. In addition, we may use a portion of the proceeds for acquisitions, but we have not yet identified nor entered into preliminary negotiations with any specific acquisition target. To the extent we enter into an acquisition agreement the cash costs would come from the working capital and general corporate purposes amount below

The table below sets forth the manner in which we expect to use the net proceeds we receive from this offering. All amounts included in the table below are estimates.

Description	Amount
Marketing	\$ 8,619,600
Hiring	\$ 2,612,000
IT Development	\$ 1,697,800
Working Capital and General Corporate Purposes	\$ 130,600
Total	\$ 13,060,000

The foregoing information is an estimate based on our current business plan. We may find it necessary or advisable to re-allocate portions of the net proceeds reserved for one category to another, and we will have broad discretion in doing so. Pending these uses, we intend to invest the net proceeds of this offering in a money market or other interest-bearing account.

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Prior to this offering, our common stock has not been listed on any stock exchange or quoted on any over-the-counter market or quotation system and there has been no public market for our common stock. We intend to apply to have our common stock listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL," which listing is a condition to this offering. There can be no assurance that our listing application will be approved. For more information see the section "Risk Factors."

As of May 4, 2022, 10,545,251 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding and were held by 17 stockholders of record.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have not declared any cash dividends since inception and we do not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future. Instead, we anticipate that all of our earnings will be used to provide working capital, to support our operations, and to finance the growth and development of our business. The payment of dividends is within the discretion of the Board and will depend on our earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, prospects, applicable Delaware law, which provides that dividends are only payable out of surplus or current net profits, and other factors our Board might deem relevant. There are no restrictions that currently limit our ability to pay dividends on our common stock other than those generally imposed by applicable state law.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our consolidated cash and capitalization, as of December 31, 2021. Such information is set forth on the following basis:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to reflect (i) the receipt of cash in the aggregate amount of approximately \$4.4 million under the Tophill Loan Agreement; (ii) issuance of 1,403,083 shares of common stock by us upon automatic conversion of our Convertible Notes in connection with the listing of our common stock on Nasdaq; (iii) the issuance of 1,099,251 shares of common stock upon the automatic conversion of the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement using the assumed conversion price of \$4.00 per share derived from 80% of the assumed public offering price of \$5.00 (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus); (iv) the issuance of 29,188 shares of our common stock to Exchange Listing, LLC at the closing of the initial public offering pursuant to anti-dilution protection provided to them in their consulting agreement and (v) 15,927 shares of our common stock that are to be issued to Space Capital Berhad as a fee under the Space Capital Note; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to reflect the sale of 3,000,000 shares of our common stock by us in this initial public offering an assumed initial public offering price of \$5.00 per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus), after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

You should read the following table in conjunction with "Use of Proceeds," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial statements and related notes included in this prospectus.

The pro forma as adjusted information set forth below is illustrative only and will be adjusted based on the actual public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing.

			Pro Forma as
	Actual	Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾	Adjusted ⁽²⁾
Cash	\$ 1,582,371	\$ 5,979,377	\$ 19,475,377
Short term debt, including related party loan and amount to due related parties	\$ 4,351,814	\$ 4,351,814	\$ 4,351,814
Long term debt, including related party loan, senior note and convertible notes payable, net of unamortized			
discounts	7,717,069	 81,909	81,909
Total indebtedness	\$ 12,068,883	\$ 4,433,723	\$ 4,433,723
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, \$0.00001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 shares issued and			
outstanding, actual; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 13,092,700 shares issued and outstanding, pro forma;			
16,092,700 shares issued and outstanding pro forma as adjusted	105	130	160
Additional paid-in capital	2,574,914	15,113,556	28,609,526
Accumulated deficit	(13,907,158)	(14,413,659)	(14,413,659)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(92,924)	(92,924)	(92,924)
Total stockholders' (deficit) equity	(11,425,063)	607,103	14,103,103
Total capitalization	\$ 643,820	\$ 5,040,826	\$ 18,536,826

- (1) Includes (i) 1,403,083 shares of our common stock that are to be issued upon the listing of our common stock on Nasdaq as a result of the automatic conversion of our Convertible Notes, (ii) 29,188 shares to be issued to Exchange Listing, LLC, pursuant to anti-dilution protection provided to them in their consulting agreement, (iii) the issuance of 1,099,251 shares of common stock upon the automatic conversion of the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement using the assumed conversion price of \$4.00 per share derived from the 80% of the assumed public offering price of \$5.00 (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus) and (iv) 15,927 shares of our common stock that are to be issued to Space Capital Berhad as a fee under the Space Capital Note, but excludes (i) 150,000 shares of our common stock underlying the underwriter's warrant and (ii) 300,000 shares of our common stock underlying a warrant issued to Exchange Listing, LLC for consulting services.
- (2) Excludes (i) 150,000 shares of our common stock underlying the underwriter's warrant and (ii) 300,000 shares of our common stock underlying a warrant issued to Exchange Listing, LLC for consulting services.

DILUTION

Purchasers of our common stock in this offering will experience an immediate and substantial dilution in the as adjusted net tangible book value of their shares of common stock. Dilution in as adjusted net tangible book value represents the difference between the public offering price per share and the as adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after the offering.

The historical net tangible book (deficit) value of our common stock as of December 31, 2021, was \$(11,425,063) or \$(1.08) per share. Historical net tangible book value per share of our common stock represents our total tangible assets (total assets less intangible assets) less total liabilities divided by the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of that date. After giving effect to the conversion of the Convertible Notes and the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement and the sale of 3,000,000 shares in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$5.00 per share (the midpoint of the price range set forth on the front cover page of this prospectus) for net proceeds of approximately \$13.5 million as if such offering and such share issuances had occurred on December 31, 2021, our pro forma net tangible book value as of December 31, 2021 would have been approximately \$14.1 million or \$0.88 per share of our common stock. This represents an immediate increase in as adjusted pro forma, net tangible book value per share of \$1.96 to the existing stockholders and an immediate dilution in as adjusted pro forma net tangible book value per share of \$4.12 to new investors who purchase shares of common stock in the offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution to new investors:

Public offering price per share	\$ 5.00
Historical net tangible book value per share as of December 31, 2021	\$ (1.08)
Increase in as adjusted pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to the offering	1.96
Pro forma net tangible book value (deficit) per share as of December 31, 2021	 0.88
Dilution in net tangible book value per share to new investors	4.12

After completion of this offering, our existing stockholders would own approximately 81.4% and our new investors would own approximately 18.6% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering.

To the extent that outstanding options or warrants are exercised, you will experience further dilution. In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of these securities may result in further dilution to our stockholders.

Capitalization Table

	Shares Pur	rchased	Total Cons	<u>ideration</u>	
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Per Share
Existing stockholders	13,092,700	81.4%	15,113,686	50.2%	1.15
New Investors	3,000,000	18.6%	15,000,000	49.8%	5.00
	16,092,700	100.0%	30,113,686	100.0%	1.87

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with the section headed "Selected Consolidated Financial and Operating Data" and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and the timing of selected events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

Overview

Treasure Global Inc. ("TGI", "we", "our", or the "Company") is a holding company incorporated on March 20, 2020, under the laws of the State of Delaware. TGI has no substantive operations other than holding all of the outstanding shares of Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"), which was established under the laws of the Malaysia on June 6, 2017, through a reverse recapitalization.

Prior to March 11, 2021, TGI and GEM were separate companies under the common control of Darren Tan, which resulted from Mr. Tan's prior 100% ownership of TGI and his prior 100% voting and investment control over GEM pursuant to the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements. For a more detailed description of the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements and Mr. Tan's common control over TGI and GEM see "Prospectus Summary—Corporate Structure."

On March 11, 2021, TGI and GEM were reorganized into a parent subsidiary structure pursuant to the Share Swap Agreement in which TGI exchanged the Swap Shares for all equity of GEM. Pursuant to the Share Swap Agreement, the purchase and sale of the Swap Shares was completed on March 11, 2021, but the issuance of the Swap Shares did not occur until October 27, 2021 when TGI amended its certificate of incorporation to increase the number of its authorized common stock to a number that was sufficient to issue the Swap Shares. As a result of the Share Swap Agreement, (i) GEM became the 100% subsidiary of TGI and Darren Tan no longer had any control over the GEM ordinary shares and (ii) Darren Tan, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo owned 100% of the shares of TGI common stock (Darren Tan owning approximately 97%). Subsequent to the date of the Share Swap Agreement, Darren Tan transferred 9,529,002 of his 10,000,000 shares of TGI common stock to 16 individuals and entities and currently owns less than 5% of our common stock.

We have created an innovative O2O e-commerce platform business model offering consumers and merchants instant rebates and affiliate cashback programs, while providing a seamless e-payment solution with rebates in both e-commerce (i.e., online) and physical retailers/merchant (i.e., offline) settings.

Our proprietary product is an App branded "ZCITY App", which was developed through GEM. The ZCITY App was successfully launched in Malaysia June 2020. GEM is equipped with the know-how and expertise to develop additional/add-on technology-based products and services to complement the ZCITY App, thereby growing its reach and user base.

Through simplifying a user's e-payment gateway experience, as well as by providing great deals, rewards and promotions with every use, we aim to make the ZCITY App Malaysia's top reward and loyalty platform. Our longer-term goal is for the ZCITY App and its ever-developing technology to become one of the most well-known commercialized applications more broadly in Southeast Asia and Japan.

As of May 4, 2022 we have on boarded over 1,500,000 registered users and 1,900 registered merchants onto our ZCITY platform.

SEA consumers have access to a plethora of smart ordering, delivery and "loyalty" websites and apps, but in our experience, SEA consumers very rarely receive personalized deals based on their purchases and behavior.

The ZCITY App targets consumer through the provision of personalized deals based on consumers' purchase history, location and preferences. Our technology platform allows us to identify the spending trends of our customers (the when, where, why, and how much). We are able to offer these personalized deals through the application of our proprietary artificial intelligence (or "AI") technology that scours the available database to identify and create opportunities to extrapolate the greatest value from the data, analyze consumer behavior and roll out attractive rewards-based campaigns for targeted audiences. We believe this AI technology is currently a unique market differentiator for the ZCITY App.

We operate our ZCITY App on the hashtag: "#RewardsOnRewards". We believe this branding demonstrates to users the ability to spend ZCITY App-based Reward Points (or "RP") and "ZCITY Cash Vouchers" with discount benefits at checkout. Additionally, users can earn rewards from selected e-Wallet or other payment methods.

ZCITY App users do not require any on-going credit top-up or need to provide bank card number with their binding obligations. We have partnered with Malaysia's leading payment gateway, IPAY88, for secure and convenient transactions. Users can use our secure platform and enjoy cashless shopping experiences with rebates when they shop with e-commerce and retail merchants through trusted and leading e-wallet providers such as Touch'n Go eWallet, Boost eWallet, GrabPay eWallet and credit card/online banking like the "FPX" (the Malaysian Financial Process Exchange) as well as more traditional providers such as Visa and Mastercard.

Key Factors that Affect Operating Results

We believe the key factors affecting our financial condition and results of operations include the following:

Our Ability to Create Value for Our Users and Generate Revenue.

Our ability to create value for our users and generate our revenues from merchants is driven by the factors described below:

- · Number and volume of transactions completed by our consumers. Consumers are attracted to ZCITY by the breadth of personalized deals/rewards and the interactive user experience our platform offers. The number and volume of transaction completed by our member consumers is affected by our ability to continue to enhance and expand our product and service offerings and improve the user experience.
- · Empowering data and technology. Our ability to engage our member consumers and empower our merchants and their brands is affected by the breadth and depth of our data insights, such as the accuracy of our members' shopping preferences, and our technology capabilities and infrastructure, and our continued ability to develop scalable services and upgrade our platform user experience to adapt to the quickly evolving industry trends and consumer preferences.

Our Investment in User Base, Technology, People and Infrastructure.

We have made, and will continue to make, significant investments in our platform to attract consumers and merchants, enhance user experience and expand the capabilities and scope of our platform. We expect to continue to invest in our research and development team as well as in our technology capabilities and infrastructure, which will lower our margins but deliver overall long-term growth.

Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

The current outbreak of COVID-19 has globally resulted in the loss of life, business closures, restrictions on travel, and widespread cancellation of social gatherings. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time, including:

- new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the disease in Southeast Asia (or "SEA");
- · the duration and spread of the outbreak;
- the severity of travel restrictions imposed by geographic areas in which we operate, mandatory or voluntary business closures;
- · regulatory actions are taken in response to the pandemic, including MCOs, which may impact merchant operations, consumer and merchant pricing, and our product offerings;
- · other business disruptions that affect our workforce;
- the impact on capital and financial markets; and
- · action taken throughout the world, including in markets in which we operate, to contain the COVID-19 outbreak or treat its impact.

In addition, the current outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in a widespread global health crisis and adversely affected global economies and financial markets, and similar public health threats could do so in the future. Such events have impacted, and could in the future impact, demand for merchants and consumer purchase patterns, which in turn, could adversely affect our revenue and results of operations.

Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020, all our merchant clients have been affected by COVID-19 measures for Food and Beverage ("F&B") as these measures temporarily stopped restaurant dine-ins.

- Some of our restaurant clients ceased operations permanently and many were closed since June 2020 without any notice of reopening their business to date.
- · We may face continuing challenges to onboard new merchant clients.

With the ongoing pandemic, we also face challenges in our operation as follows:

- · disruptions of operations in SEA where staff have had to work from home;
- on ground Marketing Strategic for new users onboard, is even more difficult; and
- · marketing events being delayed.

The pandemic, however, has also created more advantages for us as follows:

- · usage of e-wallet technology has widened and become more common to the general public, people prefer to go cashless and utilize the "Scan and Pay" features ZCITY offers:
- · our teams have transitioned from on-ground marketing strategies to digital marketing strategies in order to maintain and boost user recruitment;
- during the pandemic "lockdown phases, our business operations have carried on without significant disruption even as most all of our employees' work remotely; and

we have taken advantage of the push to digitalization posture taken by the Malaysian government, by providing a platform and channel to meet users daily essential payment needs such as processing bill payments, online shopping vouchers, "gaming pin" and e-wallet top-up vouchers.

In this regard, ZCITY has acted as an aggregator payment gateway, but not a digital wallet itself. We believe the business model has further enhanced user experience and reliance and developed user loyalty to our platform. We have experienced a slow-down in hiring new personnel. We believe this is due to a downturn in the available human capital in the employment market generally in Malaysia. However, with the existing talents in the organization, everyone is playing their role to fulfil the business needs while waiting for the vacancies to be filled. We have a detailed plan to attract suitable talents to join us.

The spread of COVID-19 has caused us to modify our business practices, including employee travel, employee work locations in certain cases, and cancellation of physical participation in certain meetings, events and conferences and further actions may be taken as required or recommended by government authorities or as we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers and other business partners. The pandemic period is challenging, yet ZCITY is able to generate more sales revenue through virtual meetings and training to our business partners and potential markets. We are monitoring the global outbreak of the pandemic in SEA.

Because of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 outbreak, the financial impact related to the outbreak of and response to the COVID-19 cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Key Operating Metrics

Our management regularly reviews a number of metrics to evaluate our business, measures our performance, identifies trends, formulates financial projections and makes strategic decisions. The main metrics we consider, and our results for each quarter during the years ended June 30, 2021 and the six months ended December 31, 2022, are set forth in the table below:

	For the three months ended								
	September 30,	December 31,	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,			
	2020	2020	2021	2021	2021	2021			
Number of new registered user ⁽¹⁾	14,336	44,532	281,470	262,784	245,582	288,539			
Number of active users ⁽²⁾	2,945	42,225	300,270	347,596	354,838	404,974			
Number of new participating merchants	371	613	651	270	44	15			

- (1) Registered are persons who have registered on the ZCity App.
- (2) Active users are users who have logged into the ZCITY App at least once.

	As of September 30, 2020	As of December 31, 2020	As of March 31, 2021	As of June 30, 2021	As of September 30, 2021	As of December 31, 2021
Accumulated registered users	14,336	58,868	340,338	603,122	848,704	1,137,243
Accumulated Participating merchants	371	984	1635	1,905	1,949	1,964

We have experienced substantial growth in registered users and active users since we launched ZCITY platform in June 2020. As of December 31, 2021, we recorded 1,137,243 register users and 404,974 active users from ZCITY platform. Our average percentage of growth of register and active users throughout the quarters as of December 31, 2021 since the establishment of the ZCITY platform was 188.1% and 395.4%, respectively. However, the average percentage of growth of registered and active users decreased in the last three quarters from December 31, 2021 which was a result of the resurgence of the COVID-19 outbreak and the imposition by the Malaysian Government of a Movement Control Order ("MCO") in May and June of 2021 as the majority of our participating merchants are restaurant owners or service providers and required the spending from our participating members to be in person. Despite the negative impact of the COVID-19 resurgence, we expect our product and loyalty program revenue to continue to grow in 2022 and beyond as a growing proportion of the Malaysian population have been fully vaccinated and we expect to continue to attract more people to engage with our platform.

We continuously monitor the development and participation of monthly active users as a proportion of its total registered user base. Accordingly, the proportion of total registered users the Company considers active users at the end of each quarter is as follows:

		Total Registered		Total AU to Total
Starting	Ending	User	Total AU	Registered User
1-Jul-20	30-Sep-20	14,336	2,945	21%
1-Oct-20	31-Dec-20	58,868	42,225	72%
1-Jan-21	31-Mar-21	340,338	300,270	88%
1-Apr-21	30-Jun-21	603,122	347,596	58%
1-Jul-21	30-Sep-21	848,704	362,805	43%
1-Oct-21	31-Dec-21	1,137,244	421,287	37%

We continuously monitor the development of the churn and retention rates of its active user base. Accordingly, our churn and retention rates for its active user base at the end of each quarter is as follows:

			New AU (Registered within the		AU Churn	AU Retention
Starting	Ending	Total AU	quarter)	Existing AU	Rate	Rate
1-Jul-20	30-Sep-20	2,945	2,879	66	N/A	N/A
1-Oct-20	31-Dec-20	42,225	41,142	1,083	63%	37%
1-Jan-21	31-Mar-21	300,270	281,432	18,838	55%	45%
1-Apr-21	30-Jun-21	347,596	262,780	84,816	72%	28%
1-Jul-21	30-Sep-21	362,805	245,580	117,225	66%	34%
1-Oct-21	31-Dec-21	421,287	288,536	132,751	63%	37%

The retention rate for our AU is calculated as follows:

Retention Rate of AU for any quarter

Existing AU

Total AU in the past quarter

Over the last 18 months, we have used different strategies to build and maintain our users and increase their engagement. Initially, we focused on mass marketing strategies to attract registered users. Subsequently, we have shifted to a more targeted approach focused on increasing user engagement and user spending.

Results of Operation

For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Revenue

Our breakdown of revenues by categories for the six months ended December 31, 2020 and 2021, respectively, is summarized below:

		For the Six Months Ended December 31,						
			2021	0 / ₀		2020	%	%
		((Unaudited)			(Unaudited)		
Product and loyalty program revenue		\$	42,661,536	99.8%	\$	-	-%	100%
Transaction revenue			28,619	0.1%		5,495	8.6%	420.8%
Agent subscription revenue			40,499	0.1%		58,507	91.4%	(30.8)%
	Total revenues	\$	42,730,654	100.0%	\$	64,002	100.0%	66,664.6%

Total revenues increased by approximately \$42.7 million or 66,664.6% to approximately \$42.7 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021 from approximately \$64,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2020. The increase was mainly attributable to the exponential growth of the registered user from our O2O e-commerce platform known as "ZCITY" platforms as we had acquired 534,121 new registered users for the six months ended December 31, 2021 compare to 58,868 new registered users for the same period in 2020. The increase of registered users enhanced the traffic of our platform and allowed us to monetize our revenue streams including product revenue, loyalty program revenue, transaction revenue and agent subscription revenue. The change for each revenue stream was as follows:

Product and loyalty program revenue

Product revenue was generated through sales of our e-voucher, health care products, and other products through our ZCITY platform while loyalty program revenue was recognized when our customers redeem their previously earned reward points from our loyalty program or upon expiration of the reward point. We have experienced significant growth in register users and active users since we launched our ZCITY platform in June 2020. As of December 31, 2021, we recorded 1,137,243 registered users and 404,974 active users from ZCITY platform. Our average percentage of growth of registered and active users throughout the quarters as of December 31, 2021 since the establishment of ZCITY platform was approximately 188.1% and 395.4%, respectively. However, the average percentage of growth of register and active user was decreased in last three quarters as of December 31, 2021 which was resulted from the resurgence of COVID-19 outbreak and MCOin May and June of 2021 as majority of our participated merchants are restaurant owners or service providers and required the spending from our participated members to be in person. Despite the negative impact of COVID-19 resurgence, we expect our product and loyalty program revenue continued to grow for 2022 and beyond as more population in the Malaysia have been fully vaccinated and we will continue to attract more people to engage with our platform.

Transaction revenue

The transactions revenue primarily consists of fees charged to merchants for participating in our ZCITY platform upon successful sales transaction and payment service taken place between the merchants and their customers online. Our transaction revenue was increased by \$23,124 or 420.8% to approximately \$29,000 for the six month ended December 31, 2021 from approximately \$5,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2020. The increase was mainly attribute to we have engaged with 1,964 local merchants to connect them with their customers through our ZCITY platform as of December 31, 2021 compare to 984 as of December 31, 2020. Our average percentage of growth of new merchants was approximately 50.2% throughout the quarters as of December 31, 2021 since the establishment of ZCITY platform. Even though we experience slowdown in adding new merchants to our platform during the last three quarters ended December 31, 2020 and for the six month ended December 31, 2021, as a result of resurgence of COVID-19, We expect more local merchants to join us due to our fast-growing users for 2022 and beyond.

Agent subscription revenue

Agent subscription revenue primarily consist of fees charged to the agents in exchange for right by introducing merchants to join our merchant network and to earn a future fixed percentage of commission fee upon completion of each sales transaction between the referred merchants and their customers. Agent subscription revenue was decreased by approximately \$18,000 or 30.8% to \$40,499 for the six months ended December 31, 2021 from approximately \$59,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2020. The decrease was a result of negative impact of COVID-19 resurgence as our numbers of new agents subscribed to our ZCITY platform was decrease to 36 new agents for the six months ended December 31, 2021 from 162 for the same period in 2020.

Cost of Revenue

Our breakdown of cost of revenues by categories for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, is summarized below:

	For the six months ended					
	December 31,			Change		
	 2021	2020		0/0		
Product and loyalty program revenue	\$ 42,519,595	\$	-	100%		
Total revenues	\$ 42,519,595	\$	_	100%		

Cost of revenues mainly consist of the purchases of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code, and health care product which is directly attributable to our product revenue. Total cost of revenue increased by approximately \$42.5 million or 100% for the six months ended December 31, 2021 compared with the same period of prior year. The increase was in line with our increase in revenue.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit from our major revenue categories is summarized as follows:

	E	e six months Ended ber 31, 2021		ne six months Ended nber 31, 2020		Change	Percentage Change
Product and loyalty program revenue							
Gross profit	\$	141,941	\$	-	\$	142,282	100%
Gross margin		0.3%		-%		0.3%	
Transaction revenue							
Gross profit	\$	28,619	\$	5,495	\$	23,124	420.8%
Gross margin		100.0%		100%		-%	
Agent subscription revenue							
Gross profit	\$	40,499	\$	58,507	\$	(18,008)	(30.8)%
Gross margin	·	100.0%		100.0%		-%	(5 111)
Total							
Total	Ф	211.050	r.	64.002	Ф	1.47.057	220.00/
Gross profit	\$	211,059	\$	64,002	\$	147,057	229.8%
Gross margin		0.5%		100%		(99.5)%	
	50						
	30						

Gross profit for the six months ended December 31, 2021 amounted to approximately \$211,059 as compared to \$64,002 for the six months ended December 31, 2020. Gross margin was approximately 0.5% and 100% for the Six Months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to increase of revenue in product and loyalty revenue and transaction revenue as result of exponential growth of registered users and active users for the six months ended December 31, 2021. The decrease in gross margin was mainly due to product and loyalty revenue possessed lower percentage gross margin as our strategy of providing competitive discount to attract more users to sign up with our platform.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses consist of selling expenses, general and administrative expenses, research and development expenses, and stock-based compensation.

Selling expenses

Selling expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to approximately \$3.6 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, representing an increase of approximately \$3.1 million or 659.6%. The increase was mainly due to increase in marketing and promotion expense of approximately \$3.2 million related to promote our ZCITY platform and eventually attract more people to sign up as member. Marketing and promotion expense also consists of redemptions of reward point which is generated from non-spending related activities (registration as a new user, referral of a new user and Spin & Win eligibility to receive reward point) in exchange of discounted credit of purchasing our products upon conversion of using the reward point. For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, we incurred approximately \$1.8 million and \$0, respectively, in marketing and promotion expense, and recognized the same amount of product revenue at the time of redemption of the non-spending related activities reward point by our customers.

General and administrative expense

General and administrative expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to approximately \$1.1 million and \$1.0, respectively. Representing a slightly increase of approximately \$23,000 or 2.2%. The net increase was mainly due to increase of approximately \$0.3 million in salaries expenses as a result of expansion of our business operation after the launch of our ZCITY platform, offset by approximately decrease of approximately \$0.4 million in professional fee.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expense amounted to approximately \$193,000 and \$247,000 for the Six Months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, representing decrease of approximately \$54,000 or 21.7 %. The decrease was mainly due to our ZCITY platform has become more sophisticated as less maintenance was required for the six months ended December 31, 2021.

Stock-Based Compensation expenses

Stock-based compensation expenses amounted to approximately \$0.6 million and \$0 the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, representing increase of approximately \$0.6 million. The increase was mainly due to we engaged with Exchange Listing, LLC ("Consultant"), to provide advisory service in capital market advisory, corporate governance, and organizational meeting related to our initial public offering in the United States.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net amounted to approximately \$629,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2021, compared with other income, net of approximately \$4,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2020. The change was mainly attribute to the issuances of our convertible notes during the six months ended December 31, 2021, which incurred interest expense of approximately \$407,000 and amortization of debt discount of approximately \$252,000. The increase was offset by the increase of other income, net of approximately \$13,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2021 as compared to the same period in 2020.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income tax were amount to \$1,000 for both the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The amount was attribute to tax imposed on Treasure Global Inc. from state of Delaware, as we are required to remit franchise tax to state of Delaware on annual basis.

Net Loss

Our net loss increased by approximately \$4.2 million from approximately \$1.7 million for the six months ended December 31, 2020 to approximately \$5.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021, predominately due to reasons as discussed above.

TGI is also subject to controlled foreign corporations Subpart F income ("Subpart F") tax, which is a tax primarily on passive income from controlled foreign corporations with a tax rate of 35%. In addition, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act imposed a global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") tax, which is a tax on certain off-shore earnings at an effective rate of 10.5% for tax years (50% deduction of the current enacted tax rate of 21%) with a partial offset for 80% foreign tax credits. If the foreign tax rate is 13.125% or higher, there will be no U.S. corporate tax after the 80% foreign tax credits are applied.

For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, our foreign subsidiaries did not generate any income that are subject to Subpart F tax and GILTI tax.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Revenue

Our breakdown of revenues by categories for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2021, respectively, is summarized below:

	For the Years Ended								
				June	30,			Change	
		2021		<u>%</u> 2020		2020	%	%	
Product and loyalty program revenue		\$	13,889,370	99.1%	\$	-	-%	100.0%	
Transaction revenue			30,562	0.2%		-	-%	100.0%	
Agent subscription revenue			100,421	0.7%		29,374	11.0%	241.9%	
I.T professional service revenue			-	-%		238,792	89.0%	(100.0)%	
	Total revenues	\$	14,020,353	100.0%	\$	268,166	100.0%	(5,128.2)%	

Total revenues increased by approximately \$13.8 million or 5,128.2% to approximately \$14.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 from approximately \$0.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. The increase was mainly attributable to the launch of our O2O e-commerce platform known as "ZCITY" platforms in June 2020 which allows us to monetize newly developed revenue streams including product revenue, loyalty program revenue, transaction revenue and agent subscription revenue. The change for each revenue stream was as follows:

Product and loyalty program revenue

Product revenue was generated through sales of our e-voucher or other product through our ZCITY platform while loyalty program revenue was recognized when our customers redeem their previously earned reward point from our loyalty program or upon expiration of the reward point. We have experienced exponential growth in register users and active users since we launched our ZCITY platform in June 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2021, we recorded 603,122 register users and 341,219 active users from ZCITY platform. Our average percentage of growth of registered and active users throughout the quarters during the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately 288.7% and 639.2%, respectively. However, the average percentage of growth of registered and active users was decreased in the quarter ended June 30, 2021 compare with previous two quarters during the year ended June 30, 2021 which was resulted from the resurgence of COVID-19 outbreak and MCOin May and June of 2021 as majority of our participating merchants are restaurant owners or service providers and required the spending from our participating members to be in person. Despite the negative impact of the COVID-19 resurgence, we expect our product and loyalty program revenue continued to grow for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and beyond as more of the population in Malaysia has been fully vaccinated and we will continue to attract more people to engage with our platform.

Transaction revenue

The transactions revenue primarily consists of fees charged to merchants for participating in our ZCITY platform upon successful sales transaction and payment service taken place between the merchants and their customers online. As of June 30, 2021, we have engaged with 1,905 local merchants to connect them with their customers through our ZCITY platform. Our average percentage of growth of new merchants was 82.6% throughout the quarters during the year ended June 30, 2021. Even though we experience slowdown in adding new merchants to our platform during the last quarter of the year ended June 30, 2021, as a result of resurgence of COVID-19, we expect more local merchants will join us due to our fast-growing user base as soon as the COVID-19 restriction eased.

Agent subscription revenue

Agent subscription revenue primarily consist of fees charged to the agents in exchange for right by introducing merchants to join our merchant network and to earn a future fixed percentage of commission fee upon completion of each sales transaction between the referred merchants and their customers. Agent subscription revenue was increased by approximately \$71,000 or 241.9% to approximately \$0.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 from approximately \$29,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The increase was a result of increase of 296 agents subscribed to our Z-agent program when we first launched in June 2020.

I.T professional service revenue

I.T professional service revenue primarily consist of server assembling and I.T consulting service. Revenue from I.T professional service was decreased 100% for the year ended June 30, 2021 as we have shifted our focus to our aforementioned revenue streams in our ZCITY platform when we first launched it in June 2020. We expect our I.T professional service revenue continue to remain an insignificant portion of our revenue moving forward.

Cost of Revenue

Our breakdown of cost of revenues by categories for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, is summarized below:

	For the Year Ended				
	June 30,			Change	
	2021 2020		2020	<u></u> %	
Product and loyalty program revenue	\$	13,880,408	\$	-	100.0%
I.T professional service revenue		<u>-</u>		225,173	(100.0)%
Total revenues	\$	13,880,408	\$	225,173	6,064.3%

Cost of revenues mainly consist of the purchases of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which is directly attributable to our product revenue. Cost of revenue also consists of third-party contractor fee which related to our I.T professional service revenue. Total cost of revenue increased by approximately \$13.7 million or 6,064.3% to approximately \$13.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. The increase was in line with our increase in revenue as we launched our ZCITY platform at the end of June 2020.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit from our major revenue categories is summarized as follows:

	I	the year Ended e 30, 2021	For the year Ended June 30, 2020	Change	Percentage Change
Product and loyalty program revenue					
Gross profit	\$	8,962 \$	-	\$ 8,962	100.0%
Gross margin		0.1%	-%	0.1%	
Transaction revenue					
Gross profit	\$	30,562 \$	-	\$ 30,562	100.0%
Gross margin		100.0%	-%	100.0%	
Agent subscription revenue					
Gross profit	\$	100,421 \$	29,374	\$ 71,047	241.9%
Gross margin		100.0%	100.0%	-%	
I.T professional service revenue					
Gross profit	\$	- \$	13,619	\$ (13,619)	(100.0)%
Gross margin		-%	5.7%	(5.7)%	
Total					
Gross profit	\$	139,945 \$	42,993	\$ 96,952	225.5%
Gross margin		1.0%	16.0%	15.0%	

Gross profit for the year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to approximately \$140,000 as compared to \$43,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Gross margin was approximately 1.0% and 16.0% for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to increase of revenue in product and loyalty revenue, transaction revenue, and agent subscription revenue as result of the launch of our ZCITY platform in June 2020. The decrease in gross margin was mainly due to product and loyalty revenue possessing a lower percentage gross margin as we provided competitive discounts to attract more users to sign up with our platform.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses consist of selling expenses, general and administrative expenses, and research and development expenses.

Selling expenses

Selling expenses for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted to approximately \$3.0 million and \$46,000, respectively. Representing an increase of approximately \$3.0 million or 6,505.0%. The increase was mainly due to increase in marketing and promotion expense of approximately \$2.6 million related to promoting our ZCITY platform and eventually attracting more people to sign up as members. Marketing and promotion expense also consists of redemptions of reward points which is generated from non-spending related activities (registration as a new user, referral of a new user and Spin & Win eligibility to receive reward points) in exchange for discounted credit of purchasing our products upon conversion of using the reward points. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, we incurred approximately \$0.4 million and \$0, respectively, in marketing and promotion expense, and recognized the same amount of product revenue at the time of redemption of the non-spending related activities reward points by our customers.

General and administrative expense

General and administrative expenses for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted to approximately \$4.2 million and \$53,000, respectively. Representing an increase of approximately \$4.2 million or 8,002.5%. The increase was mainly due to increase of professional fee and independent director fee of approximately \$3.6 million as we are in the process of initial public offering to be listed in the United States. In addition, the increase was also due to an increase of approximately \$0.4 million in salaries and employee benefits expenses and approximately \$0.2 million in other miscellaneous general and administrative expenses as a result of expansion of our business operation after the launch of our ZCITY platform.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expense amounted to approximately \$0.4 million and \$55,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Representing an increase of approximately \$0.4 million or 686.2%. The increase was mainly due to we increase our spending in website and mobile application developing in order to better provide user experience to our customers, and eventually attract more people to sign up for our ZCITY platform.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net amounted to approximately \$327,000 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Representing an increase of approximately \$327,000 or 100%. The increase was mainly attribute to the issuances of our convertible notes during the year ended June 30, 2021, which incurred interest expense of approximately \$163,000 and amortization of debt discount of approximately \$239,000. The increase was offset by the increase of other income, net of approximately \$75,000 during the year ended June 30, 2021 as compared to the same period in 2020.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income tax were amount to \$2,000 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The increase was attribute to \$2,000 tax imposed on Treasure Global Inc. from state of Delaware, as we are required to remit franchise tax to state of Delaware on annual basis.

Net Loss

Our net loss increased by approximately \$7.8 million from approximately \$0.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 to approximately \$7.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2021, predominately due to reasons as discussed above.

TGI also subject to controlled foreign corporations Subpart F income ("Subpart F") tax, which is a tax primarily on passive income from controlled foreign corporations with a tax rate of 35%. In addition, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act imposed a global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") tax, which is a tax on certain off-shore earnings at an effective rate of 10.5% for tax years (50% deduction of the current enacted tax rate of 21%) with a partial offset for 80% foreign tax credits. If the foreign tax rate is 13.125% or higher, there will be no U.S. corporate tax after the 80% foreign tax credits are applied.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, our foreign subsidiaries did not generate any income that are subject to Subpart F tax and GILTI tax.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In assessing liquidity, we monitor and analyses cash on-hand and operating expenditure commitments. Our liquidity needs are to meet working capital requirements and operating expense obligations. To date, we financed our operations primarily through cash flows from contribution from shareholders, issuance of convertible notes and related party loans.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, we had approximately \$1.6 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, in cash and cash equivalent which primarily consists of bank deposits, which are unrestricted as to withdrawal and use. We have a working capital deficit of approximately \$4.4 million and \$1.6 million at December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively, approximately \$4.3 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, of payable to related parties which are due on demand. However, we do not expect our related parties to request the on-demand payment we need to use the operating fund to fulfill our operation needs. Therefore, our working capital, excluding payable to related party, was approximately \$0.1 million and \$2.4 million, respectively.

Subsequent to December 31, 2021, with our cash on hand balance and cash inflow from our operations, we believe we can satisfy our cash requirements to pay for our future payment obligations until October 2022 that Company cash will be fully utilized without consideration to funds from this initial public offering or raising any other additional funds. To ensure the Company has enough funding after October 2022, we intend to raise additional funds prior to the completion of this initial public offering through the following sources:

- Obtaining other available sources of financing from Malaysia banks and other financial institutions;
- issuance of additional convertible notes to persons or entities in Malaysia; (for a description of all the convertible note that have been issued to date, see 'Prospectus Summary—Recent Developments—Financings') and

• financial support from the Company's related parties and shareholders.

No assurance can be provided that our existing convertible notes holders, related parties or shareholders will continue to provide funds to the Company in the future nor if we will be successfully be able to obtain loans from any Malaysia banks and other financial institutions, based on the above considerations, our management is of the opinion that we probably not having sufficient funds to meet the working capital requirements and debt obligations as they become due starting from one year from the date of this prospectus. As a result, the Company's management has determined there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

In addition, we entered into and drew down on the following loan facility from a third party subsequent to December 31, 2021:

We entered into the Tophill Loan Agreement dated January 3, 2022 and amended on March 15, 2022 with Tophill, pursuant to which Tophill provided us with a revolving loan facility to borrow up to RM 20,000,000 (approximately \$4,800,000) bearing interest at 3.5% per annum, which is payable on demand. On March 15, 2022 the agreement was amended to provide that (i) all principal and accrued and unpaid interest outstanding under the Tophill Loan Agreement on the closing of our initial public offering will automatically be converted into shares of our common stock at a conversion price that is equal to 80% of the initial public offering price and (ii) the Tophill Loan Agreement terminates on the closing date of our initial public offering. As of May 4, 2022, the Company withdrew RM 18.4 million (approximately \$4.4 million) from this facility.

For further details of the Tophill Loan Agreement, see "Prospectus Summary—Recent Developments—Financings."

The following summarizes the key components of our cash flows for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	For the Six Months Ended				
	Decer	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(3,848,272)	\$	(1,094,642)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(176,495)		(2,409)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,813,209		1,425,081	
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		(49,469)		3,499	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,261,027)	\$	331,529	
		For the Ye	ars En	ded	
	Ju	ne 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(6,797,648)	\$	(489,304)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(84,850)		(342)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		9,796,905		493,865	
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		(71,381)		(3,869)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,843,026	\$	350	

Operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended December 31, 2021 was approximately \$3.8 million and were mainly comprised of the net loss of approximately \$5.9 million. The net cash used in operating activities was mainly offset by amortization of debt discount of approximately \$0.3 million, stock-based compensation of approximately \$0.6 million, decrease of inventories of approximately \$0.2 million as we improved our inventories turnover rate due to demand of our product, increase in accounts payable (including related parties) of approximately \$0.4 million, and the increase in other payables and accrued liability of approximately \$0.5 million mainly related to the accrued professional expenses.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended December 31, 2020 was approximately \$1.1 million and was mainly comprised of our net loss of approximately \$1.7 million. The net cash used in operating activities was mainly offset by the decrease in other receivable and other current assets of approximately \$0.5 million as we collected back our security deposits during the period, and the increase in other payables and accrued liability of approximately \$0.1 million mainly related to the accrued professional expenses.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$6.8 million and were mainly comprised of the net loss of approximately \$7.9 million, increase of inventories of approximately \$0.4 million as we need to stock up the gift card or "E-voucher" after the launch of our ZCITY platform for resale and the increase in prepayments of approximately \$0.2 million as our vendors required us to make more deposits to secure our E-voucher purchases. The net cash used in operating activities was mainly offset by the amortization of debt discount of approximately \$0.2 million, the decrease in other receivable and other current assets of approximately \$0.5 million as we collected back our security deposits during the period, the increase in accounts payable (including related parties) of approximately \$0.2 million, the increase in customer deposits (including related parties) of approximately \$0.3 million, and the increase in other payables and accrued liability of approximately \$0.5 million mainly related to the unredeemed portion of the reward point.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$0.5 million and was mainly comprised of our net loss of approximately \$0.1 million and the increase in other receivables and other current assets of approximately \$0.5 million as our software developer required us to make security deposits prior to the start of their services. The net cash used in operating activities was mainly offset by the increase in other payables and accrued liability of approximately \$0.1 million mainly related to the accrued professional expenses.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2021 was approximately \$176,000, which was in respect of leasehold improvement for our operations.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2020 was approximately \$2,400, which was in respect of purchase of equipment for our operations.

Net cash used in investing activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$85,000, which was in respect of purchase of equipment for our operations.

Net cash used in investing activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$300, which was in respect of purchase of equipment for our operations.

Financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2021 was approximately \$2.8 million, which were mainly comprised of proceeds received from the issuance of convertible note of approximately \$2.4 million and proceeds borrowed from our related parties of approximately \$0.4 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2020 was approximately \$1.4 million, which were mainly comprised of capital contributions received from the shareholders of approximately \$0.2 million, proceeds received from the issuance of convertible note of approximately \$0.3 million and proceeds borrowed

from our related parties of approximately \$0.9 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$9.8 million, which were mainly comprised of capital contributions received from the shareholders of approximately \$0.2 million, proceeds received from the issuance of convertible note and senior note of approximately \$5.5 million and proceeds borrowed from our related parties of approximately \$4.0 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$0.5 million, which were mainly comprised of capital contributions received from the shareholders of approximately \$0.5 million, and proceeds borrowed from our related parties of approximately \$15,000.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, we have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to our stockholders.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimate

Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for information pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and include all normal and recurring adjustments that management considers necessary for a fair presentation of its financial position and operation results.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Significant accounting estimates reflected in our consolidated financial statements include allowance for doubtful accounts, allowance for inventories obsolescence, useful lives of property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, allowance for deferred tax assets, fair value of convertible note and uncertain tax position. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Foreign currency translation and transaction

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the applicable exchange rates at the balance sheet dates. The resulting exchange differences are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

The reporting currency of the Company is United States Dollars ("US\$") and the accompanying financial statements have been expressed in US\$. The Company's subsidiary in Malaysia conducts its businesses and maintains its books and record in the local currency, Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR" or "RM"), as its functional currency.

In general, for consolidation purposes, assets and liabilities of its subsidiaries whose functional currency is not US\$ are translated into US\$, in accordance with ASC Topic 830-30, "Translation of Financial Statement", using the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates prevailing during the period. The gains and losses resulting from translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiary are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within the statements of stockholders' equity. Cash flows are also translated at average translation rates for the periods, therefore, amounts reported on the statement of cash flows will not necessarily agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the consolidated balance sheets.

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash is carried at cost and represent cash on hand, time deposits placed with banks or other financial institutions and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash equivalent consist of funds received from customer, which funds were held at the third-party platform's fund account and which are unrestricted and immediately available for withdrawal and use.

Accounts receivable, net

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount less an allowance for any uncollectible accounts and do not bear interest, which are due after 30 days. Accounts receivable include money due from agent subscription and other professional service revenue. Management reviews the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts on an ongoing basis, using historical collection trends and aging of receivables. Management also periodically evaluates individual customer's financial condition, credit history, and the current economic conditions to make adjustments in the allowance when it is considered necessary. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. Our management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, cost being determined on a first-in-first-out method. Costs include gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which are purchased from our suppliers as merchandized goods or store credit. Management compares the cost of inventories with the net realizable value and if applicable, an allowance is made for writing down the inventory to its net realizable value, if lower than cost. On an ongoing basis, inventories are reviewed for potential write-down for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventories which equals the difference between the costs of inventories and the estimated net realizable value based upon forecasts for future demand and market conditions. When inventories are written-down to the lower of cost or net realizable value, it is not marked up subsequently based on changes in underlying facts and circumstances.

Other receivables and other current assets, net

Other receivables and other current assets primarily include refundable advance to third party service provider and other deposits. Management regularly reviews the aging of receivables and changes in payment trends and records allowances when management believes collection of amounts due are at risk. Accounts considered uncollectable are written off against allowances after exhaustive efforts at collection are made.

Prepayments

Prepayments and deposits are mainly cash deposited or advanced to suppliers for future inventory purchases. This amount is refundable and bears no interest. For any prepayments determined by management that such advances will not be in receipts of inventories, services, or refundable, we will recognize an allowance account to reserve such balances. Management reviews its prepayments on a regular basis to determine if the allowance is adequate, and adjusts the allowance when necessary. Delinquent account balances are written-off against allowance for doubtful accounts after management has determined that the likelihood of collection is not probable. Our management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary.

Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets with no residual value. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Expected useful lives
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or otherwise retired are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to earnings as incurred, while additions, renewals and betterments, which are expected to extend the useful life of assets, are capitalized. We also re-evaluate the periods of depreciation to determine whether subsequent events and circumstances warrant revised estimates of useful lives.

Impairment for long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment, and intangible assets with finite lives are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances (such as a significant adverse change to market conditions that will impact the future use of the assets) indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. We assessed the recoverability of the assets based on the undiscounted future cash flows the assets are expected to generate and recognize an impairment loss when estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset plus net proceeds expected from disposition of the asset, if any, are less than the carrying value of the asset. If an impairment is identified, we would reduce the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair value based on a discounted cash flows approach or, when available and appropriate, to comparable market values.

Customer deposits

Customer deposits represent amounts advanced by customers on service order. Customer deposits are reduced when the related sale is recognized in accordance with our revenue recognition policy.

Revenue recognition

We adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606) for all periods presented. The core principle underlying the revenue recognition of this ASU allows us to recognize - revenue that represents the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled in such exchange. This will require us to identify contractual performance obligations and determine whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time, based on when control of goods and services transfers to a customer.

To achieve that core principle, we apply five-step model to recognize revenue from customer contracts. The five-step model requires that we (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, including variable consideration to the extent that it is probable that a significant future reversal will not occur, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the respective performance obligations in the contract, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) we satisfy the performance obligation.

We account for a contract with a customer when the contract is committed in writing, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance and consideration is probable of substantially collection.

Revenue recognition policies for each type of revenue stream are as follows:

Product Revenues

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

We primarily sell discounted gift cards from retailers, health care products and computer products through individual orders directly through our online marketplace platform and its mobile application ("Z-City"). We account for the revenue generated from our sales of gift cards, health care products, and computer products on a gross basis as we are acting as a principal in these transactions and are responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified goods, which we have control of the goods and has the ability to direct the use of goods to obtain substantially all the benefits. In making this determination, we also assess whether we are primarily obligated, subject to inventory risk ,have latitude in establishing prices, or has met several but not all of these indicators in accordance with ASC 606-10-55-36 through 40. We recognize the sales of gift card, health care products, and computer products revenue when the control of the specified goods is transferred to the customer. No refund or return policy is provided to the customer.

Loyalty Program

- Performance obligations satisfied over time

Our Z-City reward loyalty program allows members to earn points on purchases that can be redeemed for rewards that include discounts on future purchases. When members purchase our product or make purchase with our participated vendor through Z-City, we allocate the transaction price between the product or service, and the reward points earned based on the relative stand-alone selling prices and expected point redemption. The portion allocated to the reward points is initially recorded as contract liability and subsequently recognized as revenue upon redemption or expiration.

The two primary estimates utilized to record the contract liability for reward points earned by members are the estimated retail price per point and estimated breakage. The estimated retail price per point is based on the actual historical retail prices of product purchased or service obtained through the redemption of reward points. We estimate breakage of reward points based on historical redemption rates. We continually evaluate its methodology and assumptions based on developments in retail price per point redeemed, redemption patterns and other factors. Changes in the retail price per point and redemption rates have the effect of either increasing or decreasing the contract liability through current period revenue by an amount estimated to represent the retail value of all points previously earned but not yet redeemed by loyalty program members as of the end of the reporting period.

Transactions Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The transactions revenues primarily consist of fees charged to merchants for participating in Z-City upon successful sales transaction and payment service taken place between the merchants and their customers online.

We earn transaction revenue from merchants when transactions are completed on certain retail marketplaces. Such revenue is generally determined as a percentage based on the value of merchandise or services being sold by the merchants. In connection with the transaction revenue, we are required to share the profit on the transactions ("agent commission") to the agents who have referred merchants to participate in our online marketplace platform and in Z-City. Transaction revenue is recognized, net of agent commission, in the consolidated statements of operations at the time when the underlying transaction is completed.

Agent Subscription Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

In order to attract more merchants to join our online marketplace and Z-City, we invite agents, an individual or a merchant, to join the Zagent program and assist us in developing more merchants to join our merchant network. The agent subscription revenues primarily consist of fees charged to the agents in exchange for the right to introduce merchants to join our merchant network and earn a future fixed percentage of commission fee upon completion of each sales transaction between the referred merchants and their customers. As the agent subscription fee is non-refundable, agent subscription revenue is recognized in the consolidated statements of operations at the time an agent completes the Zagent program training and the remittance of payment of the subscription fee.

I.T Professional Service Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

We also generate revenue from I.T professional service revenue which included server assembling and I.T consulting service where a separate contract is entered into with the customers. We bear a single performance obligation in the transaction of providing IT professional service to the customer. We recognize revenue upon completion of a service performed at a point in time when the single performance obligation is satisfied and we have the right to receive payment for the services rendered.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues sold mainly consist s of the purchases of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which is directly attributable to the sales of gift card or "E-voucher" pin code.

Research and development

Research and development expenses include salaries and other compensation-related expenses to our research and product development personnel, and related expenses for our research and product development team.

Income taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with U.S. GAAP for income taxes. The charge for taxation is based on the results for the fiscal year as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Current income taxes are provided for in accordance with the laws of the relevant taxing authorities.

An uncertain tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded.

Treasure Global Inc. is incorporated in the State of Delaware and is required to pay franchise taxes to the State of Delaware on an annual basis.

We conduct much of our business activities in Malaysia and is subject to tax in its jurisdiction. As a result of its business activities, we will file separate tax returns that are subject to examination by the foreign tax authorities.

Comprehensive loss

Comprehensive loss consists of two components, net loss and other comprehensive loss. Other comprehensive loss refers to revenue, expenses, gains and losses that under GAAP are recorded as an element of stockholders' equity but are excluded from net loss. Other comprehensive loss consists of a foreign currency translation adjustment resulting from us not using the U.S. dollar as its functional currencies.

Loss per share

We compute loss per share ("EPS") in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share". ASC 260 requires companies to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as net income divided by the weighted average ordinary share outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of the potential ordinary shares (e.g., convertible securities, options and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential ordinary shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

Convertible notes

We evaluate our convertible notes to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivatives. The result of this accounting treatment is that the fair value of the embedded derivative is recorded at fair value each reporting period and recorded as a liability. In the event that the fair value is recorded as a liability, the change in fair value is recorded in the statements of operations as other income or expense.

In circumstances where the embedded conversion option in a convertible instrument is required to be bifurcated and there are also other embedded derivative instruments in the convertible instrument that are required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument.

If the conversion features of conventional convertible debt provide for a rate of conversion that is below market value at issuance, this feature is characterized as a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"). A BCF is recorded by us as a debt discount pursuant to ASC Topic 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options." In those circumstances, the convertible debt is recorded net of the discount related to the BCF, and we amortize the discount to interest expense, over the life of the debt.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required to measure fair value, of which the first two are considered observable and the third is considered unobservable:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair value for certain assets and liabilities such as cash, accounts receivable, inventories, other receivables and other current assets, prepayments, accounts payable, customers deposits, other payables and accrued liabilities have been determined to approximate carrying amounts due to the short maturities of these instruments. We believe that its bank loans and convertible notes approximates fair value based on current yields for debt instruments with similar terms.

Related parties

Parties, which can be a corporation or individual, are considered to be related if we have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Companies are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for a discussion of recently issued accounting standards.

BUSINESS

Our Mission:

Our mission is to bring together the worlds of online e-commerce and offline physical retailers; widening consumer choice and rewarding loyalty, while sustaining and enhancing our earning potential.

Our Company

We have created an innovative online-to-offline ("O2O") e-commerce platform business model offering consumers and merchants instant rebates and affiliate cashback programs, while providing a seamless e-payment solution with rebates in both e-commerce (i.e., online) and physical retailers/merchant (i.e., offline) settings.

Our proprietary product is an internet application (or "App") branded "ZCITY App", which was developed through our wholly owned subsidiary, Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"). The ZCITY App was successfully launched in Malaysia in June 2020. GEM is equipped with the know-how and expertise to develop additional/add-on technology-based products and services to complement the ZCITY App, thereby growing its reach and user base.



Through simplifying a user's e-payment gateway experience, as well as by providing great deals, rewards and promotions with every use, we aim to make the ZCITY App Malaysia's top reward and payment gateway platform. Our longer-term goal is for the ZCITY App and its ever-developing technology to become one of the most well-known commercialized applications more broadly in Southeast Asia and Japan.

As of May 4, 2022, we had over 1,500,000 registered users and over 1,900 registered merchants.

Corporate Structure

Treasure Global, Inc. is a Delaware corporation that was incorporated on March 20, 2020. We issued 10,000,000 shares to Darren Tan, our founder and former Chief Executive Officer on July 1, 2020, who as a result became our sole shareholder. As of May 42022, we had a total of 48 full time employees

Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"), a Malaysia private limited company was incorporated on June 6, 2017. Prior to the incorporation of GEM, Darren Tan entered into a Beneficial Shareholding Agreement ("Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1") with two individuals, one of which is a vice president of the Company (the "Initial GEM Shareholders"), which provided for the Initial Shareholders to hold the GEM shares issued to them in equal amounts and for the sole benefit of Darren Tan and provided Darren Tan with control over the voting and disposition over such shares as well as control over the issuance of additional GEM shares in consideration for equity in a company that had not been determined on the date of Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1. On November 10, 2020, Darren Tan instructed the Initial GEM Shareholders to issue 1 million additional GEM shares to shares to Sam Teo, currently our Chief Executive Officer, and as a result each Initial GEM Shareholder and Sam Teo held 1 million shares of GEM. On November 10, 2020 Sam Teo entered into a Beneficial Shareholding Agreement with Darren Tan with terms similar to Beneficial Shareholding Agreement 1 ("Beneficial Shareholding Agreements"). As a result of Darren Tan's 100% ownership of our common stock and the Beneficial Shareholding Agreements, TGI and GEM were both under the sole control of Darren Tan.

TGI and GEM were reorganized into a parent subsidiary structure pursuant to a Share Swap Agreement, dated March 11, 2021, as amended on March 11, 2021 among TGI, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo (the "Share Swap Agreement"), in which TGI exchanged 321,585 shares of its common stock (the "Swap Shares") for all equity of GEM. Pursuant to the Share Swap Agreement, the purchase and sale of the Swap Shares was completed on March 11, 2021, but the issuance of the Swap Shares did not occur until October 27, 2021 when TGI amended its certificate of incorporation to increase the number of its authorized common stock to a number that was sufficient to issue the Swap Shares. As a result of the Share Swap Agreement, (i) GEM became the 100% subsidiary of TGI and Darren Tan no longer had any control over GEM's ordinary shares; and (ii) Darren Tan, the Initial GEM Shareholders and Sam Teo owned 100% of the TGI common stock (Darren Tan owning 97%). Subsequent to the date of the Share Swap Agreement, Darren Tan transferred 9,529,002 of his 10,000,000 shares of TGI common stock to 16 individuals and entities and currently owns less than 5% of our common stock.

We operate solely through GEM. GEM owns all intellectual property rights to copyrightable, patentable, and other protectable intangible assets relating to our business, including trademarks.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739, New York, New York 10001 and 45, Jalan USJ21/10 USJ 21 47640 Subang Jaya Selangor, Malaysia. Our corporate website address is https://treasureglobal.co. Our ZCITY website address is https://treasureglobal.co.

Market Opportunity

We expect that continued strong economic expansion, robust population growth, rising level of urbanization, the emergence of the middle class and the increasing rate of adoption of mobile technology provide market opportunities for our Company in South East Asia ("SEA"). SEA is a large economy and, as of 2020, its gross domestic product ("GDP") was US\$3.08 trillion¹⁵. In comparison, the respective GDP for both the European Union ("EU") and the United States ("US") totaled US\$15 trillion and US\$20.89 trillion¹⁶ in 2020. SEA has experienced rapid economic growth rates in recent years, far exceeding growth in major world economies such as Japan, the EU and the US. According to the IMF, Malaysia's GDP growth averaged more than 4.3% from 2016 to 2019, but contracted by 6.0% in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and is expected to average 5.7% growth for the next five years (including 2021).¹⁷ The GDP of Malaysia amounted to US\$337 billion in 2020 and is projected to reach approximately US\$500 billion by 2025.¹⁸

SEA continues to enjoy robust population growth. The United Nations Population Division estimates that the population of the SEA countries in 2000 was approximately 525 million people growing to 668 million in 2020. According to the World Bank, Malaysia had a population of approximately 32 million people in 2020 compared to 23 million people in 2000. ¹⁹

¹⁵ https://www.statista.com/statistics/796245/gdp-of-the-asean-countries/

https://www.statista.com/statistics/263591/gross-domestic-product-gdp-of-the-united-states/

¹⁷ https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2021/03/17/pr2172-malaysia-imf-executive-board-concludes-2021-article-iv-consultation-with-malaysia

¹⁸ IMF Staff Report March 2021

^{19 &}lt;a href="https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/south-eastern-asia-population/">https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/ https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/
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https://data.worldometers.info/world-population/malaysia-population/

A high percentage of Malaysians have lived in cities for the last decade and that percentage is increasing. Since 2010; Malaysia's urbanization has increased from approximately 71% to approximately 77% in 2020. By comparison, in 2020 the urbanization rates for China, Vietnam and India were approximately 64%, 37% and 35%, respectively. In the comparison of the comparison

Urbanization is highly correlated with the size and growth of the middle class. Simply put, urbanization drives middle class consumption demand. According to the World Bank, Malaysia is likely to transition from an upper-middle-income economy to a high-income economy between 2024 and 2028, a reflection of the country's economic transformation development trajectory over past decades. In fact, Malaysia's gross national income per capita is at US\$11,200 according to latest estimates, only US\$1,335 short of the current threshold level that defines a high-income economy.²³

And despite the ongoing effects from the Covid-19 pandemic, the Internet economy continues to boom in SEA. According to Google Temasek e-Conomy SEA 2021 Report (the "Google Report"), internet usage in the region increased with 40 million new users added in 2021 for a total of 440 million compared to 360 million in 2019 and 400 million in 2020.²⁴ Eighty nine percent of Malaysia's population is now online, compared to approximately fifty six percent in 2010.²⁵ 81% and 80% of Malaysia and SEA's internet users, respectively, have made at least one purchase online. E-commerce, online media and food delivery adoption and usage surged with the total value of goods and services sold via the Internet, or gross merchandise value ("GMV"), in SEA, expected to reach approximately US\$170 billion by year end 2021 according to the Google Report. In fact, according to the Google Report, the SEA Internet sector GMV is forecast to grow to over US\$360 billion by 2025 up from the \$300 billion forecast in the Google, Temasek, Bain SEA Report 2020.²⁶

Malaysia's internet economy has grown from \$14 billion in 2020 to \$21 billion in 2021 (47% growth) and is expected to grow to \$35 billion in 2025²⁷

As consumers in these markets that gradually shifting towards online platforms model, the total value of internet-based transactions has grown tremendously and is expected to keep doing so. According to the Google Report, total GMV of South Asia's Internet economy is expected to skyrocket from US\$174 billion in 2021 to US\$363 billion in 2025.

We believe that these ongoing positive economic and demographic trends in SEA and South Asia propel demand for our e-commerce platform.

20 Statista.com

21 Statisia com

22 <u>https://www.worldbank.org/en/country/malaysia/overview#1</u>

- The World Bank Press Release dated March 16, 2021 https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2021/03/16/aiminghighmalaysia
- https://services.google.com/fh/files/misc/e conomy sea 2021 report.pdf
- 5 https://www.statista.com/statistics/975058/internet-penetration-rate-in-malaysia/
- https://www.bain.com/globalassets/noindex/2020/e conomy sea 2020 report.pdf
- 27 https://www.digitalnewsasia.com/digital-economy/e-conomy-sea-report-2021-malaysias-internet-economy-crosses-us21-bil

About the ZCITY App

SEA consumers have access to a plethora of smart ordering, delivery and "loyalty" websites and apps, but in our experience, SEA consumers very rarely receive personalized deals based on their purchases and behavior.

The ZCITY App targets consumers through the provision of personalized deals based on consumers' purchase history, location and preferences. Our technology platform allows us to identify the spending trends of our customers (the when, where, why, and how much). We are able to offer these personalized deals through the application of our proprietary artificial intelligence (or "AI") technology that scours the available database to identify and create opportunities to extrapolate the greatest value from the data, analyze consumer behavior and roll out attractive rewards-based campaigns for targeted audiences. We believe this AI technology is currently a unique market differentiator for the ZCITY App.

We operate our ZCITY App on the hashtag: "#RewardsOnRewards". We believe this branding demonstrates to users the ability to spend ZCITY App-based Reward Points (or "RP") and "ZCITY Cash Vouchers" with discount benefits at checkout. Additionally, users can use RP while they earn rewards from selected e-Wallet or other payment methods.

ZCITY App users do not require any on-going credit top-up or need to provide bank card number with their binding obligations. We have partnered with Malaysia's leading payment gateway, IPAY88, for secure and convenient transactions. Users can use our secure platform and enjoy cashless shopping experiences with rebates when they shop with e-commerce and retail merchants through trusted and leading e-wallet providers such as Touch'n Go eWallet, Boost eWallet, GrabPay eWallet and credit card/online banking like the "FPX" (the Malaysian Financial Process Exchange) as well as more traditional providers such as Visa and Mastercard.

Our ZCITY App also provides the following functions:

1. Registration and Account verification

Users may register as a ZCITY App user simply, using their mobile device. They can then verify their ZCITY App account by submitting a valid email address to receive new user "ZCITY Newbie Rewards".

Geo-location-based Homepage

Based on users' location, nearby merchants and exclusive offers are selected and directed to them on their homepage for a smooth, user-friendly interaction.

3. Affiliate Partnership

Our ZCITY App is affiliated with more than 5 local services providers such as Shopee and Lazada. The ZCITY App allows users to enjoy more rewards when they navigate from the ZCITY App to a partner's website.

4. Bill Payment & Prepaid service

Users can access and pay utility bills, such as water, phone, internet and TV bills, while generating instant discounts and rewards points with each payment.

Branded e-Vouchers

Users can purchase their preferred e-Vouchers with instant discounts and rewards points with each checkout.

6. <u>User Engagement through Gamification</u>

Users can earn daily rewards by playing our ZCITY App minigame "Spin & Win" where they can earn further ZCITY RP, ZCITY e-Vouchers as well as monthly grand prizes.

7. Charity CSR program

Users can make cashless donations through our ZCITY App to the Kentang Charity, which we have collaborated with, or apply donations to other charitable entities.

8. Tazte Smart F&B system

ZCITY App offers a "Smart F&B" system that provides a one stop solution and digitalization transformation for all registered Food and Beverage ("F&B") outlets located in Malaysia. It also allows merchants to easily record transactions with QR Digital Payment technology, set discounts and execute RP redemptions and rewards online on the ZCITY App.

By utilizing our CRM analytics software to attract and retain consumers through personalized promotions, we believe that data-driven engagement can be more efficiently harnessed to generate greater profitability.

Zstore e-Mall

Zstore is ZCITY App's e-mall service that offers group-buys and instant rebate to users with embedded AI and big data analytics to provide an express shopping experience. The functionality and benefit of users to use the Zstore can be summarized within the chart below:



Buy Now, Pay Later ("BNPL") is a value-added feature that is not yet operational, but which we intend to add to the ZCity App and launch during the fourth quarter of 2022. Any credit provided to users through BNPL will be provided by a third-party credit provider. Management is currently in the process of determining who would be an appropriate and regulatory compliant provider of such services. In no instance will we provide credit to our users.

Set out below is an illustration of some of our key partnerships by category:



Retail Merchant Agreements. We have retail merchant agreements with Morganfield's Holdings Sdn. Bhd., Hui Lau Shan and the Alley which together own more than 100 offline food and beverage franchises in Malaysia. Each of these retail merchants have signed our standard retail merchant agreement which allow merchants to sell their products on the ZCity App for which we receive a commission ranging from 1% to 10% depending on the category of goods or services being purchased on the ZCity App. These agreements also provide that each party may use the intellectual property marks of the other party without charge. These agreements may be terminated by either party with 30 days' notice.

<u>Services Partners Agreements</u>. We have service provider agreements with Coup Marketing Asia Pacific Sdn. Bhd. D/B/A Pay's Gift and MOL Access Portal Sdn. Bhd. D/B/A Razor Gold in which Pay's Gift and Razor Gold provide us with e-vouchers for use on the ZCity App that provide users with discounts on goods and services of many top multinational and lifestyle brands, including gas, clothing, fast food, movie theaters and others. We pay the service partner for the cost of the e-voucher plus a service fee. These contracts provide for the use by us of the trademarks of the service providers and may be terminated at any time with 30 days' notice.

<u>Local Strategic Partner Agreements</u>. We have local strategic partner agreements with iPay88 (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("iPay88"), TNG Digital Sdn. Bhd. ("TNG") and Public Bank Berhand ("Public Bank"). The agreements we enter into with these local strategic partners provide us with payment gateways (i.e. online "checkout" portals) used to enter credit card information for payment of goods and services.

The iPay88 agreement was entered into on August 6, 2021 and provides our users with payment gateways that include credit card processing, online banking services from certain banks in Malaysia and eWallet payment processing for certain brands for which iPay88 receives a fee ranging from 1.0% to 1.6% of the processed transaction depending on the credit card used or if the transaction is online banking or eWallet.

The TNG agreement was entered into on November 16, 2021 and provides our users with eWallet payment gateway services that will be accepted from January 1, 2022 to March 31, 2022. TNG eWallet users on the ZCity App will also receive RM2.00 cash back vouchers from TNG (which can only be used on the ZCity App and certain other limitations apply) for each transaction of at least RM2.00. TNG provides cash back for up to 75,000 transactions and bill us monthly for the subsidy (up to RM150,000). The agreement provides for 75,000 eWallet transactions for which transactions for which iPay was entered into an August 6, 2021, but has no termination provision. We have entered into an extended agreement with TNG dated March 21, 2022 that is effective for the period beginning on April 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2022. The contract extension has the same material terms as the prior contract.

The Public Bank agreement was entered into on February 8, 2022 and commenced on March 1, 2022 and terminates on May 31, 2022. ZCity App users can win RM50 worth of ZCity cash back vouchers if the spend a minimum of RM50 using the Public Bank credit/debit card on the ZCity App. The 100 users with the highest spending during the effective time of the agreement are selected. These vouchers are funded by us. We have continuously entered into three-month agreement agreements with Public Bank since August 1, 2021 and fully expect to renew the current agreement.

<u>Local Demands Agreements</u>. We have local demand agreements with Digi Telecommunication Sdn. Bhd. ("Digi") and ATX Distribution Sdn. Bhd. ("ATX") which provide ZCity App users bill payment services.

The Digi agreement was entered on December 16, 2021 and provides our users with bill payment services for all of its telecommunication products and services to postpaid subscribers. We receive a commission from Digi of 0.5% for each transaction. ZCity App users may also use us Digi's prepaid automatic internet payment service for which we receive a commission from Digi of 2.5% for each reload. The Digi agreement may be terminated by either party with 30 days' notice.

The ATX agreement was entered into on November 8, 2021 whereby ATX and provides our users with bill payment services for many companies in Malaysia, including but not limited to, certain utilities, telecommunication companies, insurance companies, entertainment companies and charities. We receive a commission on each transaction from AXT at different rates depending on the company for which the bill is being paid. The ATX agreement may be terminated by either party with 30 days' notice.

The Company has both direct and indirect relationships with merchants and service providers. In terms of the Company's indirect relationships, through the Pay's Gift agreement the Company is able to offer mobile e-vouchers for leading brands including SHELL, PUBG, Giant, Lotus, Lazada, Zalora and Watsons; while via the ipay88 agreement, the Company gains access to other e-wallet providers, such as Boost and Grabpay. Additionally, through the company's agreement with ATX Distribution, it is able to gain access to bill payment services provided by Astro and Air Selangor.

Download ZCITY App



ZCITY App is free to download from the Google Play Store, Apple iOS Store, and Huawei AppGallery.

ZCITY Apps's Reward Points Program

Operating under the hashtag #RewardsOnRewards, we believe the ZCITY App reward points program encourages users to sign up the app, as well as increasing user engagement and spending on purchases/repeat purchases and engenders user loyalty.

Furthermore, we believe the simplicity of the steps to obtaining Reward Points (or "RP") is an attractive incentive to user participation in that participants receive:

- · 200 RP for registration as a new user;
- · 100 RP for referral of a new user;
- · Conversion of Malaysian ringgit spent into RP;
- 50% RP of every referred user paid amount as a result of the referral; and
- · Spin & Win eligibility to receive RP (which may be "doubled up" when participants share the Spin & Win program on social media).

The key objectives of our RP are:

· Social Engagement:

RP are offered to users for increased social engagement.

· Spending:

RP incentivizes users with every MYR spent in order to increase the spending potential and to build users loyalty.

- · Sign-up:
 - Drives loyalty and greater customer engagement. Every new user onboarded will get 200 RP as welcoming gift.
- · Referral Program:

Rewards users with RP when they refer a new user.

Offline Merchant

When using our ZCITY App to make payment to a registered physical merchant, the system will automatically calculate the amount of RP to deduct. The deducted RP amount is based on the percentage of profit sharing as with the merchant and the available RP of the user.

Online Merchant

When using our ZCITY App to pay utility bills or purchase any e-vouchers, our system shows the maximum RP deduction allowed and the user determines the amount of discount deducted subject to maximum deductions described below and the number of RP owned by such user.

Different features have different maximum deduction amounts. For example, for bill payments, the maximum deduction is up to 3% of the bill amount. For e-vouchers, the maximum deduction is up to 5% of the voucher amount.

In order to increase the spending power of the user, our ZCITY App RP program will credit RP to the user for all MYR paid.

Merchant Facing Business

At present, our ZCITY merchants are concentrated in the F&B and lifestyle sectors. Moving forward, we plan to expand our product/service offering to include grocery stores, convenience stores, "micro-SME" ("small to medium size enterprises") loan programs, affiliate programs and advertising agencies.



We believe that ZCITY's Tazte Smart F&B System, which we plan to launch in the second quarter of 2022, will provide merchants with a one-stop automated solution to digitalize their business. It will offer an innovative and integrated technology ecosystem that addresses and personalizes each merchant's technological needs and will be at the forefront of creating a smart consumer experience, thereby eliminating conventional and outdated standalone point of sale (or "POS") systems.

Tazte will allow merchants to effortlessly record transactions with online payment or QR digital payment technology, set discounts and execute RP redemptions and rewards online, all via our ZCITY App. It utilizes ZCITY App's CRM analytics software to attract and retain consumers through personalized, data-driven engagement to generate greater profitability.

Tazte Smart F&B System will also feature a 'Deviceless Queue System' that reduces staff headcount and a private domain delivery service that will allow merchants access to multiple dedicated delivery partners to ensure outstanding delivery service to consumers.

Marketing Strategy - Consumer

With the number of available apps for download from the world's leading app stores totaling over four million, we believe that structured and innovative user marketing strategy is the only way to stand out in today's app market. Aside from focusing on app development and building our app features properly, we believe we need to get our app featured on the leading platforms to most successfully extend our reach and user base.

We believe that our ZCITY App marketing strategy covers the user from when they first learn about our ZCITY App, to when they become a regular repeat user. The marketing strategy for the ZCITY App involves defining our target audience, learning how best to reach them, how best to communicate with them, and analyzing their "in-app" behavior to make continuous AI driven improvements as users move through the recruitment funnel.

Ultimately, the goal of our ZCITY App marketing strategy is to acquire users that will not only drive repeat engagement, but will also become loyal advocates for the ZCITY App.

At the initial launch of the ZCITY App in June 2020, we combined both online and offline strategies in branding and marketing, which we believed would effectively communicate our objectives, reaching a prospective target audience and turning that target audience into users of our ZCITY App.

Other than just user experience and features offered in the app itself, we believe consumers are choosing brands whose messaging, marketing and values go beyond the product, and have a potentially deeper meaning to the user. For example, they may consider brand trustworthiness and identity to be major influences on their market decisions. As a result, we have focused on building brand loyalty to drive on going marketing success, increase repeat users and attain greater market share.

In this regard, we have chosen to adapt various marketing strategies, such as re-targeting users and enticing current users to use our app on multiple occasions, by providing what users look for when they choose our app in order to increase engagement and retention. The diagram below reflects the strategies we engage in to promote marketing success and avoid missed opportunities.



We adopt a multi-pronged approach to user outreach through outdoor digital billboards, radio commercials, third party editorials and advertorials, social media postings on platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, TikTok, YouTube, as well as the targeting of users through Google ads and direct email marketing to encourage downloads and promote various campaigns.



Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have been very focused on reaching our target audience through digital media due to movement restrictions and retail closures. Advertisements especially on social media have become more routine.



Social media-based advertising can be very targeted, helping to convert new users into repeat users and building brand loyalty. We reach potential users based on criteria, including, among others, job title, interests, marital status, and recent locations. We believe that it is much easier to measure and optimize social media campaigns while they are active. If an advertisement isn't producing expected results, we can suspend the campaign or reallocate funds on demand.

Another key media vehicle that we utilize is Universal App Campaign (or "UAC") by Google UAC helps promote our ZCITY App across Google's largest properties including Google Search, Google Play Store, YouTube, and the Google Display Network. It combines information Google has on users' tendencies and perceived intents outside of the app (such as what they have searched for, what other apps they have downloaded and what they watched on YouTube) with advertisers' information on user actions in the app.

UAC then uses machine learning technology to make decisions for each ad by analyzing potential data signal combinations in real-time, including the platform where users are most likely to engage with our ad (such as YouTube or Gmail), the right ad format (whether video, text, or combination of the two) and keywords that will perform best for our marketing goals.

In addition, in order to obtain more accurate data for analysis, AppsFlyer SDK is installed in our ZCITY App, where it provides conversion data of user acquisition and retention campaigns. Through AppsFlyer SDK, we can monitor digital media activities to optimize our marketing budget. The data can be utilized and turned into actionable insights(to run campaigns and promotions which users are more favorable to) that will share our strategic and tactical business decisions, while boosting the ZCITY App brand presence.



Measure

Measurement suite

Measure every action with confidence

Cost aggregation

Understand your true mobile marketing ROI

Protect

Fraud protection

Protect your marketing budget from mobile ad fraud

Analyze

Marketing analytics

Turn insights on campaign performance into action

Incrementality

Prove the real value of your marketing campaigns

Engage

CX & deep linking

Boost revenue with exceptional customer experiences

Audience segmentation

Create meaningful conversations with your customers

Connect

Raw data & APIs

Connect all of your data with ease, in real time

Marketing Strategy - Merchants "6Cs" Strategy

In order to roll out our system, we plan to implement our 6Cs marketing strategy: clients, convenience, competition, consistency with creative content, corporate social responsibilities and credibility.

<u>Clients (Soon-to-be F&B Owners)</u>. We have forecast potential merchants by category, which will enable us to create a marketing plan that will attract them by aligning our promotional content with their business interests and ideals. We will initiate advertisements that connect with their preferences and generate brand loyalty. We have developed "The PILOT" program where we plan offer prospective merchant F&B owners a free Tazte Smart F&B system to facilitate their O2O business.

Convenience. We plan to demonstrate the convenience provided by our ZCITY App by launching a digitalization initiative which can get a merchant up and running on our platform within 24 hours. We believe this strategy emphasizes the ease of onboarding potential merchants and the potential positive transformation of their business in the shortest amount of time.

Competition. To further differentiate our system from our competitors, we expect to identify, compare and discover issues within their business model of operations against our own business model. The "SWITCH 180" program is where we plan to offer F&B owners not only a free Tazte Smart F&B system, but we will also offer additional support such as artificial intelligence inventory management system and discount vouchers.

Consistency with Creative Content. We plan to maintain a consistent brand image across all our current marketing approaches with creative and innovative content. We strive to make our brand recognizable to stand out among competitors to increase brand awareness and recognition.

Corporate Social Responsibilities. We expect to integrate social and environmental concerns in our business operations to gain positive publicity and recognition and greater market exposure. For example, our "Love Delivery" program under Tazte will allow consumers to donate food through our merchant family to charitable establishments such as orphanages and senior centers and similar charitable organizations. Our "Green Oil" program will allow our merchants to contribute to zero pollution by recycling used cooking oil with one of our strategic partners.

<u>Credibility.</u> We expect to prove our credibility by presenting our expertise to potential merchants who are seeking alternative business strategies in the ever-expanding technological age. We believe that promoting a credible and reliable system for merchants will increase referrals and positive reviews. Our "*Tazte Cares <3*" program offers F&B owners free business operations "health checks" and offers troubleshooting solutions by introducing Tazte Smart F&B System into their business.

Revenue Model

ZCITY's revenues are generated from a diversified mix of:

- · e-commerce activities for users
- · services to merchants to help them grow their businesses
- · membership subscription fees.

The revenue streams consist of "Consumer Facing" revenues and "Merchant Facing" revenues.

The revenue streams can be further categorized as following: (1) product and loyalty program revenue, (2) transaction revenue, (3) agent subscription revenue, and (4) I.T professional service revenue. Please see "Management's Discussion and Analysis–Revenue Recognition".

Our Competitive Strengths

<u>Powerful</u>, <u>Unique and Integrated App</u>. We have designed an application – the ZCITY App – which serves both consumers and merchants in ways that concurrently maximize value creation and enhance the shopping experience. Furthermore, through the application of our proprietary developed AI technology, we can offer consumers a more personalized and targeted rewards offering/experience.

<u>Unique Loyalty Program.</u> Operating under our hashtag #RewardsOnRewards, we believe our RP program increases user engagement and loyalty. Through consumer redemption and platform issuance of RP, we believe our system is advantageous to both consumers and merchants.

Attractive Markets. We currently operate in Malaysia, which according to the IMF is expected to average 5.7% GDP growth over the next five years. See"Business—Market Opportunity."

As we scale our operations, we intend to expand to other countries in Southeast Asia, which possesses solid economic fundamentals, fast growing middle classes, favorable demographic trends and accelerating adoption of mobile technology.

Experienced Management Team. Our executives and directors combine decades of on-the-ground local e-commerce operations and social media marketing experience, as well as professional expertise in the global finance field.

Our Growth Strategy

Our main goal is focused on the recruitment of new consumers and the registration of as many Tazte merchants as possible in the most efficient way in the shortest amount of time. We believe that this approach establishes a cycle where more consumers lead to more merchants and more merchants lead to more consumers. External partnerships play an important part in our business, as we will continue sourcing more delivery partners to offer our merchants greater flexibility.

Consumer Growth. We strive to provide consumers with a smarter shopping experience from ordering to receiving goods and services as one seamless process. Our marketing efforts will focus on attracting consumers by awarding RP upon the execution of successful transactions (where they can redeem instant rebates).

Merchant Growth. We believe that our Tazte program is an example of an O2O platform focusing on transforming traditional ways of operating F&B business with digitalized smart ecosystems which better streamline merchant business operations and directly contribute to higher revenues. We feel Tazte has the potential for our ZCITY App to pioneer a generation of technologically astute "Smart Merchants", effectively encouraging more merchants to join the technological trend. Apart from the technological advantages, merchants would be able to gain access to a significant consumer database of nearly 1 million registered users currently for their own brand marketing.

<u>Partner Growth.</u> We are continuously enhancing the ZCITY App through adding further strategic partnerships. We believe that collaborations will enable merchants and consumers to have more options to choose from and the delivery speed and rates related to transparency will benefit all parties.

Expansion Growth. With our proven systems and by leveraging our large network, leading technology, operational excellence, and product expertise, we expect the ZCITY App to launch and scale our expansion plans to neighboring countries such as Indonesia, Thailand, and Japan, by partnering with or acquiring local establishments.

Acquisition Growth. In order to complement our organic growth strategy, we will continue to evaluate investment and acquisition opportunities that will enable us to become market leaders. Our anticipated investments and acquisitions of other e-commerce platforms in different verticals are expected to expand our service offerings and attract new consumers and merchants. We expect negotiations with acquisition targets in the e-Commerce industries. Furthermore, we would expect to finance such acquisitions through internal and potential financings from the stock market.

28 IMF: Malaysia's GDP to grow 9pct in 2021, fastest among Asean-5 countries https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/520659

Strategic Partnerships

We have entered into agreements with various Malaysian companies i.e.: TouchnGo e-wallet marketing, iPay88, Boost eWallet, Digi and Grabpay eWallet to provide essential services to our ZCITY App platform.

Strategic partnerships are vital to our strategy and operations, as they enable the ZCITY App to offer more value-added services to both our consumers and merchants. Through our partnerships, we intend to gain low-cost access to our partners' users, where possible, to drive user conversion. Our marketing approach to acquire strategic partners focuses on the benefits of brand awareness, stressing the ability to access a larger pool of consumers and clients while reducing marketing expenses via joint marketing efforts like crossover marketing campaigns, digital marketing and affiliate programs.

Competitive Outlook

We compete with other online platforms and apps for merchants, who can sell their products/services on other online shopping marketplaces and other food ordering platforms. We also compete with other e-commerce platforms and apps, fashion and lifestyle retailers and restaurants for the attention of consumers. Consumers have the choice of shopping with any online or offline retailer, large marketplaces or restaurant chain. We compete for consumers and merchants based on our ability to deliver a personalized e-commerce experience with an easy-to-use mobile app, unique cross-business reward system, instant rebate & cashback, and a trusted payment gateway which is both secure and convenient.

Within the Malaysian market, we believe the principal competitors to the ZCITY App to include, but not limited to Fave, Shopback and EZ. We have set out below how we perceive the ZCITY App differentiates its offering from these competitors in the Malaysian market both downstream (services provided to consumers) and upstream (services provided to merchants).



The information with respect to Fave was obtained from Fave's website at https://help.myfave.com/hc/en-us/articles/115000181194-How-do-I-pay-with-FavePay-

The information with respect to Shop Back was obtained from Shop Back's website at https://support.shopback.my/hc/en-us/articles/360037382453-Is-there-a-payment-method-not-eligible-for-Cashback-

We expect to be able to successfully compete for merchants based on our unique cross-business reward system, reward points module, instant rebate and cashbackprogram, upcoming new features, which we expect will build lasting customer loyalty for our merchants, as well as our personalized, data-driven approach to customer engagement, both of which ensure that our success is aligned with that of our merchants.

Intellectual Property Matters

Our technology and ZCITY App are comprised of copyrightable and/or patentable subject matter licensed by our Malaysian subsidiary, GEM. Our intellectual property assets include trade secrets associated with our software platform. We have successfully carried out development of our multilayer cloud-based software platform based upon our reliance on third parties for payment and reward points deployment. As a result, we can monetize our software by making it available in locations such as the Apple iOS Store, Google Play Store, Huawei AppGallery and compatible with existing payment systems depending on the country's regulatory requirements. We are currently focusing on using our intellectual property in Malaysia and plan to expand further into Southeast Asia as part of our strategy. The loss of all of these third-party payment facilitators could not be easily replaced and therefore could materially affect our business and results of operations.

<u>Trademarks</u>. GEM has filed one trademark application stylized as "ZCITY" with the trademark offices of Malaysia. The name and mark, ZCITY App and other trade names and service marks of ZCITY in this prospectus are our property.

Patents. GEM has filed one patent application entitled "A Revenue Allocation System" with the Patents Registration Office of Malaysia.

We manage all our intellectual property matters in Malaysia including the registration of patents, trademarks, trade names, and service marks in the name of GEM, our subsidiary in Malaysia. While we have not delineated each of our trademarks, the foregoing constitute our material trademarks. Without prejudice to the generality of foregoing, GEM is, inter alia, the direct owner of the registered trademark "ZCITY" in connection with artificial intelligence software, electronic payment services, loyalty programs, SaaS platforms, and other subsets of our business.

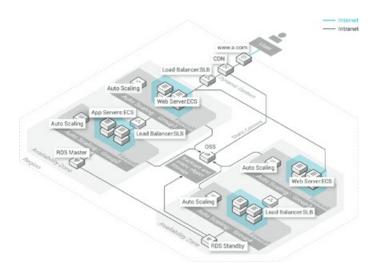
Information Technology Protection. All of our software development professionals are required to sign and are bound by the IT Infrastructure, Security, Email, Intranet Usage Policy Manual (the "IT Policy Manual"), which governs use of our hardware, software, code, source code, data, computational data, screen data, analytics dashboards, data displayed on screens, emails, intranet and internet. This IT Policy Manual establishes standard practices and rules for responsible, safe, and productive use of our intellectual property, information and assets and is expected to ensure the protection of information and prevention of any misuse.

We have internally implemented the "Active Directory and VPN" to manage access to our assets in order to prevent any intentional or unintentional leaks of sensitive data, documentation or information, as well as to prevent users from installing irrelevant software or malware viruses.

Our ZCITY App's server is hosted on the "Aliyun" cloud and is compliant with SOC2, which we believe securely manages our data across five aspects:

- · Security protects the system resources against unauthorized access.
- · Availability makes sure the server accessibility meets the SLA
- Processing integrity—data process monitoring couple with quality assurance procedures can help ensure processing integrity
- Confidentiality data is encrypted during network transmission
- · Privacy data collection, use, retention, disclosure and disposal of personal information in conformity

We have in place a "Disaster Recovery" ("DR") initiative, which we rely on the "Aliyun" cloud facilities to ensure as described below:



The architecture diagram shows how "Aliyun" cloud architect is powered by distributed servers and database services across multiple zones to ensure disaster recovery on deployment across multiple data centers, once the Server Load Balancer (SLB) detects the primary unavailable then it will direct all traffic to other in-service data centers.²⁹

The controls for restricting user access to our system and data, include:

- 1) User authorization
- 2) Maintaining the user access log
- 3) Periodic review user access
- 4) Revoking user access
- 5) Managing Privileged User accesses
- 6) Separation of Duties to reduce the risk of misuse of client code and assets
- 7) Change management, risk management and issue management are exercised as part of Management Reviews

Litigation

From time to time, we may become involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that we do not have any pending or threatened litigation which, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, and/or cash flows.

Properties

We lease and maintain our offices at located at 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739, New York, New York 10001 and 45, Jalan USJ21/10 USJ 21 47640 Subang Jaya Selangor, Malaysia.

²⁹ Disaster Recovery – First-in-class automated disaster recovery mechanism with multi-AZ support https://www.alibabacloud.com/solutions/hosting/Disaster-Recovery

MANAGEMENT

The following are our executive officers and directors and their respective ages and positions as of May 4, 2022.

Name	Age	Position
Voon Him "Victor" Hoo	40	Chairman and Managing Director
Chong Chan "Sam" Teo	38	Chief Executive Officer, Director
Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah	42	Chief Operating Officer
Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan	33	Chief Financial Officer
Su Huay "Sue" Chuah	39	Chief Marketing Officer
Chen Hoe "Samuel" Sam	40	Chief Technology Officer
Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi	39	Vice President
Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks	59	Director
Marco Baccanello	59	Director
Jeremy Roberts	48	Director

Voon Him "Victor" Hoo is our Chairman of the Board and Managing Director. Mr. Hoo is an investor, board member, venture capitalist with senior management experience and 15 years of cross continents experience that includes Asia, Australia, Europe, UK and US across diversified industries which encompasses IT, real estate, telecom, aerospace, security, defense, mining, HCM, fintech, blockchain, entertainment, hospitality and education. From 2013 to present Mr. Hoo has been the founder and executive chairman of V Capital Group ("VCG"), a business and technology consulting investment group. The group currently advises a portfolio of more than 30 public listed clients with total market capitalization in excess of \$12 billion. From 2015 to 2017 Mr. Hoo was the Executive Chairman of the Pixie Group Limited, a consumer discretionary company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange. From 2013 to 2018 Mr. Hoo was the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Investor Relations Officer and Board member of Capital Investments Limited, an incubator fund manager. Mr. Hoo has a BA from University of Queensland in International Relations and Japanese; Postgraduate in Law from the University of London and an Oxford Blockchain Programme Certificate from Said Business School, Oxford University.

Chong Chan "Sam" Teo is our Chief Executive Officer and a Director. Mr. Teo is an experienced corporate strategist who has contributed to building high-performance teams through implementation of organizational innovation within multiple companies operating in the fintech and ecommerce fields. Prior to this role, Mr. Teo served as Chief Operations Officer of the Company from July 2020 to June 2021, where he, among other things, led sales and strategic business development. From March 2020 to June 2021, Mr. Teo was the Chief Executive Officer of GEM, leading GEM in strategic/tactical planning, forecasting, capital budgeting, and financial cost controls. Prior to that role, Mr. Teo served as Director of Business Development of GEM from May 2018 to February 2020, where he was in charge of sales and business development. From May 2016 to April 2018, Mr. Teo was the Managing Director of Modes Cube Sdn Bhd, leading its business delivery team. Mr. Teo earned a Bachelor's degree in Quantity Survey from the Sheffield Hallam University in 2006, and received a Diploma in Quantity Survey from the Tunku Abdul Rahman College in 2004.

Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah is our Chief Operating Officer. From 2020 to present Ms. Chuah has been Chief Operating Officer for GEM. At GEM, Ms. Chuah has, among other things, lead project management ensuring exchange listing related matters are executed according to plan; maintained liaison with exchange listing advisors' counterpart to ensure corporate compliance elements are taken care of within the organization; ensured alignment of business directions/communication among internal and external stakeholders with regards to overall organization goals and plans and also the proprietary product planning. From 2016 to 2021 Ms. Chuah was the Chief Operating Officer for World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd. At World Cloud, Ms. Chuah's responsibilities were, among other things, project management for mobile app, ilhappyhour; ensuring portal development, business development planning, marketing strategy planning and business readiness; leading the application of MSC status for the company under the product: ilhappyhour and successfully getting the approval; project management for Loyalty Reward Program, Gem Reward, ensuring development of IT portal, business readiness, marketing readiness, business development, legal agreement matters and customer service and project management for e-commerce program, ze.la.fa covering the IT platform development, online seller recruitment, agreement preparation and customer service. Ms. Chuah earned a Bachelor's of Business in Finance and Banking from Charles Stuart University in 2010.

Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan is our Chief Financial Officer. From 2020 to present Mr. Chan has been the Chief Financial Officer for GEM. At GEM Mr. Chan has, among other things, been a member of the involved in setting overall operational short- and long-term strategies and analyzing and reporting on trends, opportunities, risks and projections of future growth; lead the development and use of best-practice policies, practices, and tools that ensure a well-controlled yet flexible organization with strong fiscal management, project management, cross team communications and workflow and coordinated the development of the annual operating, capital, and program budgets, and reporting against the same. From 2019 to 2020 Mr. Chan was, among other things, the Group Finance Manager for Vettons Group of Companies. At Vettons, Mr. Chan supervised end-of-period processes and prepared an analysis of the periodical business performance, budgets, and forecasts and lead the Finance Department in the establishment of risk management procedures as well as the update of those procedures. From 2015 to 2019 Mr. Chan was a Vice President at TAEL Management. At TAEL, Mr. Chan was among other things, involved in several private equity investments, reported to Finance Director and advised the Investment Director on the structure of funding, strategies on the entering and exiting the deals and designed the valuation; and provided high level analytical support in areas of strategic financial importance. Mr. Chan is currently a Chartered Accountant registered with the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and received a Bachelor's degree in finance/accounting at University of Malaysia and is pursuing an MBA at the Open University of Malaysia.

Su Huay "Sue" Chuah is our Chief Marketing Officer. From March 2021 to present Ms. Chuah has been the Chief Marketing Officer for GEM. At GEM, her responsibilities have been, among other things, to set marketing goals to establish strategic direction and plan positioning; plan, implement and manage marketing strategies; and contribute to the overall development of the company. From 2017 to 2021 Ms. Chuah was the Branding & Communication Director for Click Internet Traffic Sdn Bhd. At Click, Ms. Chuah, among other things, participated in the development of the brand marketing strategies in order to establish strategic direction and program positioning; defined the departmental vision to instill it in all levels of the marketing department to make up part of the working culture and oversaw the brand planning process inclusive of the definition of target consumers and the development of marketing mix and strategies. From 2016 to 2017, Ms. Chuah was the Brand Manager for Click and her key responsibilities were, among other things, to oversee a wide array of business functions including branding, communication channels, product development, online and offline promotions, and market research; team management and support their efforts and report to higher level and to identify how the brand is currently positioned in the market and identify future trends. Ms. Chuah received a Bachelor's degree in Mass Communication from Limkokwing University College of Creative Technology in 2005.

Chen Hoe "Samuel" Sam is our Chief Technology Officer. From 2018 to 2020 Mr. Sam was the Senior Technical Manager for ARB Development SDN Bhd. At ARB Development, Mr. Sam, among other things, established the company's technical vision and lead all aspects of the company's technological development; directed the company's strategic direction, development and future growth and provided leadership to department to meet customer's deadlines. In 2018 Mr. Sam was the Lead Programmer for World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd. At World Cloud. Mr. Sam, among other things, managed a team of programmers, to support and develop in-house software application; gathered requirements from management, and developed solutions; and embedded bidding feature for a membership mobile application. From 2017 to 2018 Mr. Sam was the Senior Manager for Tone Excel International Sdn Bhd. At Tone, Mr. Sam Managed internal MIS Team; worked with vendor to maintain in-house Hardware/Software/Network infrastructure; re-organized hosting server structure and removed redundant server; and worked with vendor to restructure current software framework to enable the System backbone support web application and mobile application. From 2015 to 2017, Mr. Sam was the Chief Technology Officer for Isynergy Universal Sdn Bhd. At Isynergy, Mr. Sam, among other things, setup an IT team to maintain and enhance their core business system (Software/Hardware); worked with CBO to carry out the new system development, integration and implementation; and worked with MIS Outsourcing Company to maintain in-house Hardware/Software/Email issue. Mr. Sam earned a Bachelor's degree in Computer Science/Information Technology in 2004 and a Graduate diploma of Computer Science/Information Technology in 2003.

Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is our Vice President. From 2017 to present, Mr. Ooi has been the Managing Director of Ezytronic Sdn Bhd, where he leads business development. Prior to that role, Mr. Ooi served as Sales & Marketing Manager of Ezytronic Sdn Bhd, where he was in charge of sales structure, marketing strategy, and team development. Mr. Ooi received a Diploma of Computer Science/Information Technology in 2002.

Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks is a Director. Mr. Banks is a seasoned financial services executive. He previously worked in the New York and London offices of Goldman Sachs in the Corporate Finance, Mergers & Acquisitions and Communications, Media & Entertainment investment banking departments. Upon leaving Goldman Sachs, Mr. Banks joined JP Morgan Chase in their London Office as a Managing Director and Head of the Telecom and Media investment banking business in Europe, the Middle East and Africa ("EMEA"). He subsequently ran the Equity Capital Markets business for JP Morgan Chase also in EMEA. Mr. Banks has also worked in venture capital from 2014 to 2017 serving as Group Chief Financial Officer, Member of the Investment Committee, Chief Investor Relations Officer and Executive Board Member of Mountain Partners AG, a Zurich based venture capital firm. Since 2017, Mr. Banks has been an independent financial and strategy advisor to a number of companies across industries. Mr. Banks has a BA in Government from Dartmouth College and an MBA in Finance from the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania.

Marco Baccanello is a Director. Mr. Baccanello is an experienced corporate finance executive with expertise in advising companies operating in a broad range of industries, particularly within the technology space, in early to late-stage financings, growth strategy and strategic disposals, restructurings and acquisitions. In addition, he has experience in the preparation of the listing and initial public offering documents for companies on NASDAQ and international exchanges, with an emphasis on funding requirements and regulatory filings. Mr. Baccanello also has developed acquisition and marketing strategies for multiple digital opportunities, focusing on content published to app stores, including rapidly growing digital businesses in the technology and gaming space. From 2016 to present, Mr. Baccanello is a member of the Corporate Development team where he leads and manages business plan developments. Prior to that role, he was the Chief Financial Officer of PlayJam from 2010 to 2016, where he planned, implemented and managed all the finance activities, including business planning, budgeting, forecasting and negotiations. Mr. Baccanello's experience as a former chartered accountant at PricewaterhouseCoopers and director of a private equity firm, specifically his expertise in managing growth businesses within the services, media and technology industries, make him a qualified director to serve on our Board. Mr. Baccanello earned a Bachelor's degree in Economics at the University of Southampton.

Jeremy Roberts is a Director. Mr. Roberts is an experienced Corporate Financier with track-record of sourcing, structuring and negotiating and completing complex M&A deals and financings across a broad range of sectors and geographies. From 2013 to present Mr. Roberts has been the founder and Director of J and L Roberts Advisors in London, UK., a corporate consultancy firm. At J and L, Mr. Roberts has, among other things, advised family owners, High Net Worth Individuals, corporate and private equity groups on growth strategies and expansion; structuring and raising capital for various business ventures; as well as M&A assignments. From 2013 to 2014 he was the Managing Director and consultant for i76 Sp Zoo in Warsaw, Poland. At i76, he completed Ipopema 76's first acquisition: Impress Group from Constantia Industries and worked on post-acquisition and separation matters to post-acquisition optimize internal group structure. From 2011 to 2013 Mr. Roberts was a Principal at Corven Corporate Finance in London, UK. From 2002 to 2011, Mr. Roberts was a Director of Lansdowne Capital, an investment banking boutique, where he originated and executed transactions within the broader industrials sector. Between 2000 and 2002, Mr. Roberts was a Vice President in the investment banking division of Credit Suisse in London. Mr. Roberts earned a BSc in Economics and Politics from University of Bath in 1994.

Code of Ethics

Our Board plans to adopt a written code of business conduct and ethics ("Code") that applies to our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. We intend to post on our website a current copy of the Code and all disclosures that are required by law in regard to any amendments to, or waivers from, any provision of the Code.

Board Leadership Structure and Risk Oversight

Our Board has responsibility for the oversight of our risk management processes and, either as a whole or through its committees, regularly discusses with management our major risk exposures, their potential impact on our business and the steps we take to manage them. The risk oversight process includes receiving regular reports from board committees and members of senior management to enable our Board to understand our risk identification, risk management, and risk mitigation strategies with respect to areas of potential material risk, including operations, finance, legal, regulatory, cybersecurity, strategic, and reputational risk.

Board of Directors

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our Board. Our Board consists of five directors, three of whom qualify as "independent" under the listing standards of Nasdaq.

Directors serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are elected and qualified. Officers are appointed to serve until their successors have been elected and qualified.

Director Independence

Our Board is composed of a majority of "independent directors" as defined under the rules of Nasdaq. We use the definition of "independence" applied by Nasdaq to make this determination. Nasdaq Listing Rule 5605(a)(2) provides that an "independent director" is a person other than an officer or employee of the company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the Company's Board, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The Nasdaq listing rules provide that a director cannot be considered independent if:

- the director is, or at any time during the past three (3) years was, an employee of the company;
- the director or a family member of the director accepted any compensation from the company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of twelve (12) consecutive months within the three (3) years preceding the independence determination (subject to certain exemptions, including, among other things, compensation for board or board committee service);
- the director or a family member of the director is a partner in, controlling shareholder of, or an executive officer of an entity to which the company made, or from which the company received, payments in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenue for that year or \$200,000, whichever is greater (subject to certain exemptions);
- the director or a family member of the director is employed as an executive officer of an entity where, at any time during the past three (3) years, any of the executive officers of the company served on the compensation committee of such other entity; or
- the director or a family member of the director is a current partner of the company's outside auditor, or at any time during the past three (3) years was a partner or employee of the company's outside auditor, and who worked on the company's audit.

Under such definitions, our Board has undertaken a review of the independence of each director. Based on information provided by each director concerning his background, employment and affiliations, our Board has determined that Jeremy Roberts, Marco Baccanello and Robert "Bobby" Banks are independent directors of the Company. However, our common stock is not currently quoted or listed on any national exchange or interdealer quotation system with a requirement that a majority of our Board be independent and, therefore, the Company is not subject to any director independence requirements.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our Board has established an audit committee, a compensation committee and a nominating and corporate governance committee. Our Board has not yet adopted procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to the Board. The composition and responsibilities of each of the committees of our Board is described below. Members serve on these committees until their resignation or until as otherwise determined by our Board.

Audit Committee

We have established an audit committee consisting of Marco Baccanello, Bobby Banks and Jeremy Roberts. Marco Baccanello is the Chairman of the audit committee. In addition, our Board has determined that Marco Baccanello is an audit committee financial expert within the meaning of Item 407(d) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. The audit committee's duties, which are specified in our Audit Committee Charter, include, but are not limited to:

- reviewing and discussing with management and the independent auditor the annual audited financial statements, and recommending to the Board whether the audited financial statements should be included in our annual disclosure report;
- discussing with management and the independent auditor significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of our financial statements;
- discussing with management major risk assessment and risk management policies;
- monitoring the independence of the independent auditor;
- verifying the rotation of the lead (or coordinating) audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit as required by law;
- reviewing and approving all related-party transactions;
- · inquiring and discussing with management our compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditor, including the fees and terms of the services to be performed;
- appointing or replacing the independent auditor;
- determining the compensation and oversight of the work of the independent auditor (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work;
- establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by us regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or reports which raise
 material issues regarding our financial statements or accounting policies; and
- · approving reimbursement of expenses incurred by our management team in identifying potential target businesses.

The audit committee is composed exclusively of "independent directors" who are "financially literate" as defined under the Nasdaq listing standards. The Nasdaq listing standards define "financially literate" as being able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a company's balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement.

In addition, the Company intends to certify to Nasdaq that the committee has, and will continue to have, at least one member who has past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or other comparable experience or background that results in the individual's financial sophistication.

Compensation Committee

We have established a compensation committee of the Board to consist of Bobby Banks, Jeremy Roberts and Marco Baccanello, each of whom is an independent director. Each member of our compensation committee is also a non-employee director, as defined under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act, and an outside director, as defined pursuant to Section 162(m) of the Code. Bobby Banks is the chairman of the compensation committee. The compensation committee's duties, which are specified in our Compensation Committee Charter, include, but are not limited to:

- · reviews, approves and determines, or makes recommendations to our Board regarding, the compensation of our executive officers;
- administers our equity compensation plans;

- · reviews and approves, or makes recommendations to our Board, regarding incentive compensation and equity compensation plans; and
- establishes and reviews general policies relating to compensation and benefits of our employees.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

We have established a nominating and corporate governance committee consisting of Jeremy Roberts, Bobby Banks and Marco Baccanello. Jeremy Roberts is the Chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee. The nominating and corporate governance committee's duties, which are specified in our Nominating and Corporate Governance Audit Committee Charter, include, but are not limited to:

- · identifying, reviewing and evaluating candidates to serve on our Board consistent with criteria approved by our Board;
- · evaluating director performance on our Board and applicable committees of our Board and determining whether continued service on our Board is appropriate;
- evaluating nominations by stockholders of candidates for election to our Board; and
- corporate governance matters.

Family Relationships

Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah, our Chief Operating Officer and Su Huay "Sue" Chuah, our Chief Marketing Officer are sisters.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

Except as disclosed below, to our knowledge, none of our current directors or executive officers has, during the past ten (10) years:

- been convicted in a criminal proceeding or been subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- had any bankruptcy petition filed by or against the business or property of the person, or of any partnership, corporation or business association of which he was a general partner or executive officer, either at the time of the bankruptcy filing or within two (2) years prior to that time;
- been subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction or federal or state authority, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting, his or her involvement in any type of business, securities, futures, commodities, investment, banking, savings and loan, or insurance activities, or to be associated with persons engaged in any such activity;
- been found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the SEC or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated;
- been the subject of, or a party to, any federal or state judicial or administrative order, judgment, decree, or finding, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated (not including any settlement of a civil proceeding among private litigants), relating to an alleged violation of any federal or state securities or commodities law or regulation, any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies including, but not limited to, a temporary or permanent injunction, order of disgorgement or restitution, civil money penalty or temporary or permanent cease-and-desist order, or removal or prohibition order, or any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud or fraud in connection with any business entity; or
- been the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any self-regulatory organization (as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Exchange Act), any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table illustrates the compensation paid by the Company to its executive officers. The disclosure is provided for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Name and Principal Position	Year	Sa	alary(\$) ⁽¹⁾	Total(\$)
Chong Chan "Sam" Teo ⁽²⁾	2021	\$	30,106 \$	30,106
Chief Executive Officer	2020	\$	9,632(3) \$	9,632(3)
Kok Pin "Darren" Tan ⁽⁴⁾	2021		22,881	22,881
Chief Executive officer	2020		_	_

- (1) Salaries were paid in Malaysian Ringgits. US dollar amounts are approximate.
- (2) Mr. Teo was appointed Chief Executive Officer on June 16, 2021.
- (3) Compensation relates to Mr. Teo's employment as Chief Executive Officer of GEM
- (4) Mr. Tan was appointed Chief Executive Officer of the Company on July 1, 2020 and resigned on April 16, 2021

None of our executives earned compensation in excess of \$100,000 in fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 or 2020 and therefore pursuant to Instruction 1 to Item 402(m)(2) of Regulation S-K, only the compensation for our Chief Executive Officer and former Chief Executive Officer is provided.

Equity Awards

None.

Employment Agreements

<u>Teo Employment Agreement</u> Chong Chan "Sam" Teo, our Chief Executive Officer, and the Company entered into an Executive Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 2020 (the "Teo Employment Agreement"), pursuant which Mr. Teo was appointed as our Chief Operating Officer. On June 16, 2021. Mr. Teo resigned as our Chief Operating Officer and was appointed Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Teo is still otherwise employed under the terms of the Teo Employment Agreement. The Teo Employment Agreement provides Mr. Teo with a basic salary of MYR10,000 (approximately \$2,408) per month, which was increased to MYR 10,500 per month on August 1, 2020, and benefits that are generally given to our senior executives. The Company or Mr. Teo may terminate the Chuah Employment Agreement with two months' notice. Mr. Teo was also employed as the Chief Executive Officer of GEM since March 1, 2020 on identical terms.

<u>Tan Employment Agreement</u> **Kok Pin** "Darren" Tan, our former Chief Executive Officer, and the Company entered into an Executive Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 2020 (the "Tan Employment Agreement") The Tan Employment Agreement provided Mr. Teo with a basic salary of MYR10,000 (approximately \$2,408) per month, and benefits that are generally given to our senior executives. Mr. Tan resigned on April 16, 2021.

Board Compensation

The Board of Directors did not receive any compensation for their Board membership for fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

The independent directors (Joseph R. Banks, Marco Baccanello and Jeremy Roberts) are entitled to receive \$6,000 per month, commencing October 16, 2021 and will each be issued \$300,000 in shares of our common stock to be issued in \$60,000 installments on the 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th and 16th month after the listing of our common stock on Nasdaq. The value of the shares will be based on the average closing price of our common stock as reported on Nasdaq for the last five (5) business days of the third month from the initial listing date of our common stock on Nasdaq.

PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information, as of May 4, 2022 with respect to the holdings of (1) each person who is the beneficial owner of more than 5% of Company voting stock, (2) each of our directors, (3) each executive officer, and (4) all of our current directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership of the voting stock is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and includes any shares of company voting stock over which a person exercises sole or shared voting or investment power, or of which a person has a right to acquire ownership at any time within 60 days of May 4, 2022. Except as otherwise indicated, we believe that the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of voting stock held by them. Applicable percentage ownership in the following table is based on 10,545,251 shares of common stock issued and outstanding on May 4, 2022, and after the offering assuming a common stock offering of shares (includes (i) 1,403,083 shares of common stock to be issued on the conversion of the Company's Convertible Notes which automatically convert upon the consummation of this initial public offering; (ii) 1,099,251 shares of common stock to be issued on the conversion of the amounts due under the Tophill Loan Agreement which automatically convert on the closing date of this initial public offering; (iii) 29,188 shares our common stock to be issued to Exchange Listing at the closing of this initial public offering pursuant to the anti-dilution protection provided to them in their consulting agreement and (iv) 15,927 shares of our common stock that are to be issued to Space Capital Berhad as a fee under the Space Capital Note, but excludes (i) 450,000 shares which may be sold upon exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option and (ii) 300,000 shares of our common stock underlying a warrant issued to Exchange Listing, LLC), plus, for each individual, any securities that individual has the right to acquire within 60 days of May 4 2022

To the best of our knowledge, except as otherwise indicated, each of the persons named in the table has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares of our common stock beneficially owned by such person, except to the extent such power may be shared with a spouse. To our knowledge, none of the shares listed below are held under a voting trust or similar agreement, except as noted. To our knowledge, there is no arrangement, including any pledge by any person of securities of the Company, the operation of which may at a subsequent date result in a change in control of the Company.

				Percent of Class
Name and Address		Beneficially	Percent of Class	After
of Beneficial Owner ⁽¹⁾	Title		Before Offering	Offering
Officers and Directors		<u> </u>		
Chong Chan "Sam" Teo	Chief Executive Officer, Director	1,604,195	15.2%	
Kok Pin "Darren" Tan	Former Chief Executive Officer	470,998	4.6%	
Voon Him "Victor" Hoo(2)	Chairman and Managing Director	1,500,000	14.2%	
Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah	Chief Operating Officer	476,000	4.5%	
Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan	Chief Financial Officer	_	_	
Su Huay "Sue" Chuah	Chief Marketing Officer	426,000	4.0%	
Chen Hoe "Samuel" Sam	Chief Technology Officer	_	_	
Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi	Vice President	318,696	3.0%	
Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks				
	Director	_	_	
Marco Baccanello	Director	_	_	
Jeremy Roberts	Director	_	_	
Officers and Directors as a Group (total of 11				
persons)				
		4,795,889	46.5%	
5% Stockholders				
Sam Teo		1,604,195	15.2%	
V Capital Kronos Berhard		1,500,000	14.2%	
The Evolutionary Zeal Sdn Bhd ⁽³⁾		1,500,000	14.2%	

^{*} Less than 1%

- (2) Held by V Capital Kronos Berhad, a company in which Voon Him "Victor" Hoo, our Chairman and Managing Director, is the majority shareholder.
- (3) Controlled by two individuals, Wan Zainudin bin Wan Ibrahim and Roslina binti Omar.

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise indicated, the principal address of the named directors and directors and 5% stockholders of the Company is c/o Treasure Global Inc, 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739, New York, New York 10001.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah, our Chief Operating Officer and Su Huay "Sue" Chuah, our Chief Marketing Officer are sisters.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, Kok Pin "Darren" Tan, the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, has loaned the Company \$2,303,275 and \$2,103,692, respectively, on an interest free basis, all of which is outstanding and payable on demand.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 Chong Chan "Sam" Teo, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, has loaned the Company \$208,477 and \$209,839, respectively, on an interest free basis, all of which is outstanding and payable on demand.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd. has loaned the Company \$1,834,502 and \$1,405,951, respectively, on an interest free basis, all of which is outstanding and payable on demand. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 50% of the equity of World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd. World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd. is also the holder of the World Cloud Note.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd. has loaned the Company \$0 and \$289,303, respectively, on an interest free basis, all of which is outstanding and payable on demand. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 30% of the equity of Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd. Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd.is also the holder of the Cloudmaxx Note.

Voon Him "Victor" Hoo owns more than 50% of the equity of V Capital Kronos Berhad. V Capital Kronos Berhad is the holder of the V Capital Note.

For a description of the World Cloud Note, the Cloudmaxx Note and the V Capital Note, see "Summary Prospectus—Recent Developments—Financings."

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The following description of our securities is only a summary and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the actual terms and provisions of the capital stock contained in our Certificate of Incorporation and our Bylaws.

General

The Company is authorized to issue one class of stock. The total number of shares of stock which the Company is authorized to issue is 170,000,000 shares of capital stock, 150,000,000 of which are common stock, \$0.00001 par value per share of which 10,545,251 shares of which are outstanding and 20,000,000 shares of which are preferred stock of which none are outstanding. As of May 4, 2022, there were 17 holders of record of our common stock.

Common Stock

The holders of our common stock are entitled to the following rights:

Voting Rights. Each share of our common stock entitles its holder to one vote per share on all matters to be voted or consented upon by the stockholders.

Dividend Rights. Subject to limitations under Delaware law, holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends or other distributions, if any, as may be declared by our Board out of funds legally available therefor.

Liquidation Rights. In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our business, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in the assets available for distribution after the payment of all of our debts and other liabilities.

Other Matters. The holders of our common stock that are not to be issued upon conversion of the convertible promissory notes have no subscription, redemption or conversion privileges; in addition, such common stock does not entitle its holders to preemptive rights. All of the outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

Preferred Stock

As of May 4, 2022 we have not issued any shares of preferred stock. However, our Board has the authority to issue up to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series and to fix the designations, powers, preferences, and rights, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof including dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, redemption prices, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any class or series, without further vote or action by the stockholders.

While we do not currently have any plans for the issuance of any shares of preferred stock, the issuance of shares of preferred stock could adversely affect the rights of the holders of common stock and, therefore, reduce the value of the common stock. It is not possible to state the actual effect of the issuance of any shares of preferred stock on the rights of holders of the common stock until the Board determines the specific rights of the holders of the preferred stock; however, these effects may include:

- · Restricting dividends on the common stock;
- Diluting the voting power of the common stock;
- Impairing the liquidation rights of the common stock; or
- Delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company without further action by the stockholders.

Convertible Notes

During the period commencing November 13, 2020, and ending on January 3, 2022, we entered into Securities Purchase Agreements with 12 accredited investors pursuant to which we issued the Convertible Notes in an aggregate principal amount of \$8,141,663.12, which are convertible into 1,403,083 shares of our common stock. We also entered into the Tophill Loan Agreement which provides for converting RM18,357,500 (\$4.4 million) into 1,099,251 shares of our common stock.

Senior Note

On June 30, 2021 we issued a Redeemable Senior Note in the principal amount of \$65,000.00 to Yong Kim Fong, a Malaysian citizen (the "Fong Note"). The Fong Note bears interest at 12.00% per annum and is due on the earlier of (x) the date on which our common stock is listed on Nasdaq and (y) July 1, 2024. The Fong Note is pre-payable in full, but not in part.

Warrants

On July 1, 2021, we agreed to issue a five-year warrant to purchase 300,000 shares of our common stock to Exchange Listing, LLC pursuant to a consulting agreement dated July 1, 2021 between us and Exchange Listing, LLC. The warrant exercise price of \$4.00 per share.

Options

None.

Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law

We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL regulating corporate takeovers. This statute prevents certain Delaware corporations, under certain circumstances, from engaging in a "business combination" with:

- · a stockholder who owns 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock (otherwise known as an "interested stockholder");
- · an affiliate of an interested stockholder; or
- · an associate of an interested stockholder, for three years following the date that the stockholder became an interested stockholder.

A "business combination" includes a merger or sale of more than 10% of our assets. However, the above provisions of Section 203 do not apply if:

- · our Board approves the transaction that made the stockholder an "interested stockholder," prior to the date of the transaction; or
- after the completion of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, that stockholder owned at least 85% of our voting stock outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, other than statutorily excluded shares of common stock.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock will be Vstock Transfer LLC.

Listing

We will apply to have our common stock listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL" which listing is a condition to this offering.

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

There is not currently an established U.S. trading market for our common stock. We cannot predict the effect, if any, that market sales of shares of our common stock or the availability of shares of our common stock for sale will have on the market price of our common stock prevailing from time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, including shares issued upon exercise of outstanding warrants, in the public market after this offering, could adversely affect market prices prevailing from time to time and could impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of our equity securities.

Upon completion of the sale of 3,000,000 shares of common stock pursuant to this offering, we will have 16,092,700 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. In the event the underwriters exercise the over-allotment option in full, we will have 16,542,700 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. The common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration or qualification under the Securities Act.

All previously issued shares of common stock that were not offered and sold in this offering, are or will be upon issuance, "restricted securities," as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act. These restricted securities are eligible for public sale only if such public resale is registered under the Securities Act or if the resale qualifies for an exemption from registration under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, which are summarized below.

In general, a person who has beneficially owned restricted shares of our common stock for at least six months in the event we have been a reporting company under the Exchange Act for at least ninety (90) days before the sale, would be entitled to sell such securities, provided that such person is not deemed to be an affiliate of ours at the time of sale or to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the ninety (90) days preceding the sale. A person who is an affiliate of ours at such time would be subject to additional restrictions, by which such person would be entitled to sell within any three-month period only a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of the following:

1% of the number of shares of our common stock then outstanding; or

1% of the average weekly trading volume of our common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing by such person of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale:

provided that, in each case, we are subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for at least 90 days before the sale. Rule 144 trades must also comply with the manner of sale, notice and other provisions of Rule 144, to the extent applicable.

UNDERWRITING

The representative is acting as the sole book-running manager of the offering and as representative of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus, the underwriters named below, through the representative, have severally agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, the following respective number of shares set forth opposite the underwriter's name.

Number of

Underwriters Shares

EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC

[*] [*]

Total

. . .

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriters must buy all of the shares of our common stock if they buy any of them. However, the underwriters are not required to take or pay for the shares covered by the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares as described below. Our shares of common stock are offered subject to a number of conditions, including:

- · receipt and acceptance of our shares of common stock by the underwriters; and
- the underwriters' right to reject orders in whole or in part.

We have been advised by EF Hutton that the underwriters intend to make a market in our shares of common stock but that they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue making a market at any time without notice.

In connection with this offering, certain of the underwriters or securities dealers may distribute prospectuses electronically.

Option to Purchase Additional Shares

We have granted the underwriters an option to buy up to an aggregate of additional shares of our common stock. The underwriters have 45 days from the date of this prospectus to exercise this option. If the underwriters exercise this option, they will each purchase additional shares of our common stock approximately in proportion to the amounts specified in the table above.

Underwriting Discount

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per share from the public offering price. The underwriters may offer the shares through one or more of their affiliates or selling agents. If all the shares are not sold at the public offering price, EF Hutton may change the offering price and the other selling terms. Upon execution of the underwriting agreement, the underwriters will be obligated to purchase the shares at the prices and upon the terms stated therein.

The underwriting discount is equal to the public offering price per share, less the amount paid by the underwriters to us per share. The underwriting discount was determined through an arms' length negotiation between us and the underwriters. We have agreed to sell the shares of our common stock to the underwriters at the offering price of \$4.65 per share, which represents the assumed public offering price of our shares set forth on the cover page of this prospectus less a seven percent (7.0%) underwriting discount. Pursuant to the underwriting agreement, we and the underwriters have agreed that Company-introduced investors may purchase a portion of the common stock in this offering at an underwriting discount and commission of three and one-half percent (3.5%) (an offering price of \$4.83 per share) instead of the underwriting discount and commission set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discount we will pay to the underwriters assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to additional shares.

	No	Full
	Exercise	Exercise
Per share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

We have agreed to pay EF Hutton's out-of-pocket accountable expenses, including EF Hutton's legal fees and disbursements, up to a maximum amount of \$150,000, irrespective of whether the offering is consummated. We have paid \$25,000 to EF Hutton as an advance to be applied towards reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (which we refer to as the Advance). Any portion of the Advance shall be returned back to us to the extent not actually incurred. We have also agreed to

We estimate that the total expenses of the offering payable by us, not including the underwriting discount, will be approximately \$[*]. Additionally, one percent (1.0%) of the gross proceeds of the offering will be provided to EF Hutton for non-accountable expenses.

Determination of Offering Price

Before this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. Accordingly, the public offering price will be negotiated between us and EF Hutton. Among the factors to be considered in these negotiations are:

the information set forth in this prospectus and otherwise available to the underwriters;

- the prospects for our Company and the industry in which we operate;
- an assessment of our management;
- our past and present financial and operating performance;
- our prospects for future earnings;
- financial and operating information and market valuations of publicly traded companies engaged in activities similar to ours;
- the prevailing conditions of United States securities markets at the time of this offering; and
- other factors deemed relevant.

Neither we nor EF Hutton can assure investors that an active trading market will develop for shares of our common stock, or that the shares will trade in the public market at or above the initial public offering price.

Underwriter Warrants

As additional compensation for EF Hutton's services, we agreed to issue warrants to EF Hutton or its designees to purchase a number of shares of our common stock equal to five percent (5%) of the aggregate number of shares of our common stock sold in this offering (excluding shares of common stock sold to cover over-allotments, if any) at an exercise price equal to 125% of the public offering price of the shares of our common stock sold in this offering. The underwriter's warrants will be exercisable at any time, and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the four and a half-year period commencing six months from the effective date of this offering, which period shall not extend further than five years from the effective date of the offering in compliance with FINRA Rule 5110(g)(8)(A). The underwriter's warrants have been deemed compensation by FINRA and therefore are subject to a 180-day lock-up pursuant to Rule 5110(e)(1) of FINRA. EF Hutton (or its permitted assignees under Rule 5110(e)(1)) will not sell, transfer, assign, pledge, or hypothecate these warrants or the securities underlying these warrants, nor will they engage in any hedging, short sale, derivative, put, or call transaction that would result in the effective economic disposition of the warrants or the underlying securities for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus. The underwriter's warrants will provide for cashless exercise and customary anti-dilution provisions (for share dividends, splits, and recapitalizations and the like) consistent with FINRA Rule 5110, and the number of shares underlying the underwriter's warrants shall be reduced, or the exercise price increased, if necessary, to comply with FINRA rules or regulations. Further, the underwriter's warrants will provide for a one-time demand registration right and unlimited piggyback rights in the event the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part is no longer effective. The one-time demand registration right provided will not be greater than

Tail Period

In the event that this offering is not consummated as contemplated herein, until July 20, 2023 (unless during the period from April 16, 2022 to July 19, 2022 this initial public offering is not closed and either party terminates the engagement, then such date will be 12 months after such termination), EF Hutton will be entitled to receive a cash fee equal to seven percent (7.0%) of the gross proceeds received by the Company from the sale of the securities or debt instruments to any investor actually introduced by EF Hutton to the Company during the period beginning on July 20, 2021 and ending on July 20, 2022 (the "Engagement Period") and such tail financing is consummated at any time during the Engagement Period or with twelve (12) month period following the expiration of the Engagement Period, provided that such financing is by a party actually introduced to us in an offering in which we have direct knowledge of such party's participation.

Right of First Refusal

Until twelve (12) months from the closing date of this offering, EF Hutton will have an irrevocable right of first refusal, in its sole discretion, to act as sole investment banker, sole book-runner, and/or sole placement agent, at EF Hutton's sole discretion, for all future public and private equity and debt offerings, including all equity-linked financings on terms and conditions customary to EF Hutton for such transactions. EF Hutton will have the sole right to determine whether or not any other broker-dealer will have the right to participate in any such offering and the economic terms of any such participation.

Lock-Up Agreements

The Company has agreed not to, subject to certain limited exceptions, until July 15, 2022 (i) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of capital stock of the Company; (ii) file or caused to be filed any registration statement with the SEC relating to the offering of any shares of capital stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of capital stock of the Company; (iii) complete any offering of debt securities of the Company, other than entering into a line of credit with a traditional bank or (iv) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of capital stock of the Company, whether any such transaction described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) above is to be settled by delivery of shares of capital stock of the Company or such other securities, in cash or otherwise.

Indemnification

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act. If we are unable to provide this indemnification, we have agreed to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

Other Relationships

Some of the underwriters and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

No Public Market

Prior to this offering, there has not been a public market for our securities in the U.S. and the public offering price for our common stock will be determined through negotiations between us and the underwriters. Among the factors to be considered in these negotiations will be prevailing market conditions, our financial information, market valuations of other companies that we and the underwriters believe to be comparable to us, estimates of our business potential, the present state of our development and other factors deemed relevant

We offer no assurances that the initial public offering price will correspond to the price at which our common stock will trade in the public market subsequent to this offering or that an active trading market for our common stock will develop and continue after this offering.

Stock Exchange

We have applied to list our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "TGL." There can be no assurance that we will be successful in listing our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

Electronic Distribution

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on websites or through other online services maintained by one or more of the underwriters of this offering, or by their affiliates. Other than the prospectus in electronic format, the information on any underwriter's website and any information contained in any other website maintained by an underwriter is not part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, has not been approved and/or endorsed by us or any underwriter in its capacity as underwriter, and should not be relied upon by investors.

Price Stabilization, Short Positions

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may engage in activities that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of our common stock during and after this offering, including:

- · stabilizing transactions;
- · short sales;
- purchases to cover positions created by short sales;
- · imposition of penalty bids; and
- · syndicate covering transactions.

Stabilizing transactions consist of bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our common stock while this offering is in progress. Stabilization transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum. These transactions may also include making short sales of our common stock, which involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of common stock than they are required to purchase in this offering and purchasing common stock on the open market to cover short positions created by short sales. Short sales may be "covered short sales," which are short positions in amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares referred to above, or may be "naked short sales," which are short positions in excess of that amount.

The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option, in whole or in part, or by purchasing shares in the open market. In making this determination, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares through the over-allotment option.

Naked short sales are short sales made in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market that could adversely affect investors who purchased in this offering.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because [*] has repurchased shares sold by or for the account of that underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

These stabilizing transactions, short sales, purchases to cover positions created by short sales, the imposition of penalty bids and syndicate covering transactions may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our common stock. As a result of these activities, the price of our common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. The underwriters may carry out these transactions on the Nasdaq Capital Market, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. Neither we nor the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the shares. Neither we, nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the underwriters will engage in these stabilization transactions or that any transaction, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Affiliations

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. The underwriters and their affiliates may from time to time in the future engage with us and perform services for us or in the ordinary course of their business for which they will receive customary fees and expenses. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of us. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of these securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in these securities and instruments.

Offer Restrictions Outside the United States

No action has been taken in any jurisdiction (except in the United States) that would permit a public offering of the common stock the possession, circulation or distribution of this prospectus or any other material relating to us or the common stock in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the common stock may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this prospectus nor any other material or advertisements in connection with the common stock may be distributed or published, in or from any country or jurisdiction except in compliance with any applicable laws, rules and regulations of any such country or jurisdiction.

Japan. Common stock have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (Law No. 25 of 1948, as amended) and, accordingly, will not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in Japan or to, or for the benefit of any Japanese person or to others, for re-offering or re-sale directly or indirectly in Japan or to any Japanese person, except in each case pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations of Japan. For purposes of this paragraph, "Japanese person" means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan.

Malaysia. No prospectus or other offering material or document in connection with the offer and sale of the common stock has been or will be registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia (the "Commission") for the Commission's approval pursuant to the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the common stock may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the common stock be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Malaysia other than (i) a closed end fund approved by the Commission; (ii) a holder of a Capital Markets Services License; (iii) a person who acquires the common stock, as principal, if the offer is on terms that the common stock may only be acquired at a consideration of not less than RM 250,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies) for each transaction; (iv) an individual whose total net personal assets or total net joint assets with his or her spouse exceeds RM 3 million (or its equivalent in foreign currencies), excluding the value of the primary residence of the individual; (v) an individual who has a gross annual income exceeding RM 300,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies) per annum in the preceding twelve months; (vi) an individual who, jointly with his or her spouse, has a gross annual income of RM 400,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies), per annum in the preceding twelve months; (vii) a corporation with total net assets exceeding RM 10 million (or its equivalent in a foreign currencies) based on the last audited accounts; (viii) a partnership with total net assets exceeding RM 10 million (or its equivalent in foreign currencies); (ix) a bank licensee or insurance licensee as defined in the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010; (x) an Islamic bank licensee or takaful licensee as defined in the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010; and (xi) any other person as may be specified by the Commission; provided that, in the each of the preceding categories (i) to (xi), the distribution of the common stock is made by a holder of a Capital Markets Services License who carries on the business of dealing in securities. The distribution in Malaysia of this prospectus is subject to Malaysian laws. This prospectus does not constitute and may not be used for the purpose of public offering or an issue, offer for subscription or purchase, invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities requiring the registration of a prospectus with the Commission under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007.

People's Republic of China. This prospectus may not be circulated or distributed in the PRC and the common stock may not be offered or sold, and will not offer or sell to any person for re-offering or resale directly or indirectly to any resident of the PRC except pursuant to applicable laws, rules and regulations of the PRC. For the purpose of this paragraph only, the PRC does not include Taiwan and the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macau.

Taiwan. The common stock has not been and will not be registered with the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan pursuant to relevant securities laws and regulations and may not be sold, issued or offered within Taiwan through a public offering or in circumstances which constitutes an offer within the meaning of the Securities and Exchange Act of Taiwan that requires a registration or approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan. No person or entity in Taiwan has been authorized to offer, sell, give advice regarding or otherwise intermediate the offering and sale of the common stock in Taiwan.

Philippines. This prospectus may not be circulated or distributed in the Philippines and the common stock may not be offered or sold, and will not offer or sell to any person for re-offering or resale directly or indirectly to any resident of the Philippines except pursuant to applicable laws, rules and regulations of the Philippines.

EXPERTS

Friedman LLP, an independent certified public accounting firm, audited our consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. We have included our consolidated financial statements in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement in reliance on the reports of Friedman LLP, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of the securities being offered by this prospectus will be passed upon by Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP, New York, New York. Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP, Washington, D.C., is acting as counsel for the underwriters with respect to the offering.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, some of which is contained in exhibits to the registration statement as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information with respect to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement, including the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document is not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, please see the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement in this prospectus relating to a contract or document filed as an exhibit is qualified in all respects by the filed exhibit. You may obtain copies of this information by mail from the Public Reference Section of the SEC, 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference rooms by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about issuers, like us, that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that website is www.sec.gov.

We are subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance with this law, are required to file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These periodic reports, proxy statements and other information are available for inspection and copying at the SEC's public reference facilities and the website of the SEC referred to above. We also maintain a website at www.treasureglobal.co. You may access these materials free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Information contained on our website is not a part of this prospectus and the inclusion of our website address in this prospectus is an inactive textual reference only.

TRESARURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Accounts receivable, net 159,566 813 Accounts receivable at elated party 150,2 15		December 31, 2021			June 30, 2021
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Accounts receivable, are lated party Accounts receivable, are lated party Amount due from reluted parties IOSA (19,55) IOS					
Accounts receivable, a related parties 10.0		\$, ,	\$	2,843,398
Amount due from related parties 15.915 60.9 Inventories 169.218 39.2 Other receivable and other current assets 19.651 14.8 Prepayments 2.038.946 3.585.5 OTHER ASSETS 2.038.946 3.585.5 Total other assets 267.117 10.2 Total other assets 2.67.117 10.2 TOTAL ASSETS 2.306.063 \$ 3.688.0 LARRITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY \$ 5.50 \$ 5.50 CURRENT LIABILITIES 433.06 7.3 Related party loan, current portion \$ 5.50 \$ 5.50 Accound payable, related parties 170.486 160. Customer deposits, related parties 170.486 160. Customer deposits, related parties 1,078.046 \$ 434.624 Customer deposits, related parties 4,346.24 4.90.83 Customer deposits, related parties 4,346.24 4.90.83 Customer deposits, related parties 6,422.12 1.90.00 Customer deposits, related parties 4,346.24 4.90.83	Accounts receivable, net		159,566		83,917
Inventiories	Accounts receivable, a related party		-		10,317
Other receivable and other current assets 19,651 14,851 Prepayments 10,552 179,2 OTHER ASSETS 3,585,6 179,2 Property and equipment, net 267,117 102,2 Found other assets 267,117 102,6 IOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,306,063 \$ 3,688,0 LIABILITIES S 5,560 \$ 5,50 Related party loan, current portion \$ 5,560 \$ 5,50 Account payable 433,066 73.3 Account payable, related parties 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits, related parties 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits, related parties 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits, related parties 170,226 146,2 122,2 Contract liability 4,1262 122,2 123,2 Contract liability 1,078,4 543,3 4,008,3 Amount due to related parties 3,00 2,02 6,00 6,50 Cost current liabilities 16,	Amount due from related parties		2,515		60,910
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Total current asserts 2,038,946 3,585,500 3,585,500 3,688,000 3,08	Other receivable and other current assets		19,651		14,812
Total current assets 2,038,946 3,585,6 OTHER ASSETS 267,117 102,6 Total other assets 267,117 102,6 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,306,063 \$ 3,688,0 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S DEFICIENCY S 5,60 \$ 5,60 CURRENT LIABILITIES \$ 35,60 \$ 5,60 Related party loan, current portion \$ 5,50 \$ 5,60 Customer deposits 170,486 160,7 Customer deposits 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits, related parties 170,226 146,6 Customer deposits, related parties 1,708,046 543,3 Contract liability 41,262 12,2 Other payables and accrued liabilities 1,078,046 543,4 Amount due to related parties 3,000 2,0 Total current liabilities 6,442,142 5,147,3 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 8 6,442,142 5,147,3 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 8 6,500 65,00 65,00 Selated party Joan, non-current portion 16,909 20,0<	Prepayments		105,625		179,286
Property and equipment, net	* ·				3,585,404
Property and equipment, net	OTHER ASSETS				
Total other assets			267 117		102 648
TOTAL ASSETS S 2,306,003 S 3,688,0000 S 3,688,000 S	1 . 11			_	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	Total other assets		267,117		102,648
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Related party loan, current portion \$ 5,560 \$ 5,50	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY				
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Account payable, related parties		•			73,389
Customer deposits			,		160,701
194,242 195,5					146,479
Contract liability					195,511
Other payables and accrued liabilities 1,078,046 543,3 Amount due to related parties 4,346,254 4,008,7 Income tax payables 3,000 2,0 Total current liabilities 6,442,142 5,147,7 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 8 8 Related party loan, non-current portion 16,909 20,0 Senior note 65,000 65,0 Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$506,501 and \$758,508 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 7,635,160 4,975,4 Total non-current liabilities 7,717,069 5,060,2 TOTAL LIABILITIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY 2 105 1 Common stock, par value \$0,00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,5 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (9,2924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY					12,307
Amount due to related parties 4,346,254 4,008,7 Income tax payables 3,000 2,1 Total current liabilities 6,442,142 5,147,7 Total current liabilities 8 Related party loan, non-current portion 16,909 20,0 Senior note 65,000 65,6 Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$506,501 and \$758,508 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 7,717,069 5,060,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 10,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 12,146,829 1,504,5 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (5,520,2 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY					543,599
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Related party loan, non-current portion 16,909 20,0 Senior note 65,000 65,00 Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$506,501 and \$758,508 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 7,635,160 4,975,4 Total non-current liabilities 7,717,069 5,060,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,5 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated officit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated officit (92,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2	Total current flabilities		6,442,142		5,147,782
Senior note 65,000 65,00					
Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$506,501 and \$758,508 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 7,635,160 4,975,4 7,717,069 5,060,5 7,060,5 7					20,070
2021, respectively 7,635,160 4,975,4 Total non-current liabilities 7,717,069 5,060,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	Senior note		65,000		65,000
Total non-current liabilities 7,717,069 5,060,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES 14,159,211 10,208,3 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY Common stock, par value \$0,00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,5 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5) TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2)	Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$506,501 and \$758,508 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30,				
TOTAL LIABILITIES COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and 105 11,504,5 12,146,829 1,504,5 13,907,158) 13,907,158) 14,159,211 10,208,3	2021, respectively		7,635,160		4,975,453
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 2,146,829 1,504,	Total non-current liabilities		7,717,069		5,060,523
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2	TOTAL LIABILITIES		14 150 211		10 200 205
Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively	TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,159,211		10,208,305
Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,5 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,9 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2	STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY				
outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively 105 1 Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,9 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2	Common stock, par value \$0,00001: 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,545,251 and 10,312,585 shares issued and				
Additional paid-in capital 2,146,829 1,504,9 Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2			105		103
Accumulated deficit (13,907,158) (7,969,7) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5) TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2)					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (92,924) (55,5) TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2)			, ,		
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (11,853,148) (6,520,2					` ' ' '
					(55,580)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY \$ 2,306,063 \$ 3,688,0	TOTAL STUCKHOLDERS DEFICIENCY		(11,853,148)		(6,520,253)
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	\$	2,306,063	\$	3,688,052

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	For the Six Mont	For the Six Months Ended December 31,			
	2021		2020		
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		
REVENUES	\$ 42,730,65	4 \$	64,002		
COST OF REVENUES	(42,519,59	5)	<u>-</u>		
GROSS PROFIT	211,05	9	64,002		
SELLING	(3,617,05	,	(476,178)		
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE	(1,065,86		(1,042,728)		
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	(193,22	/	(246,725)		
STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION	(641,88	1)	<u>-</u>		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	(5,518,02))	(1,765,631)		
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(5,306,96	1)	(1,701,629)		
OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME					
Other income, net	29,44)	16,736		
Interest expense	(406,91		(3,620)		
Amortization of debt discount	(252,00		(8,757)		
TOTAL OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME, NET	(629,47		4,359		
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(5,936,43	2)	(1,697,270)		
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(1,00	<u>)</u>)	(1,000)		
NET LOSS	(5,937,43	2)	(1,698,270)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)					
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(37,07	4)	22,684		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(37,07	+)	22,064		
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$ (5,974,50	6) \$	(1,675,586)		
LOSS PER SHARE					
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.5	<u>6</u>) <u>\$</u>	(0.16)		
WEIGHTED AVEDAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING					
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic and diluted	10,543,98	7	10,312,585		
	10,545,70		10,512,505		

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY

								ACCUMULA			TOTAL
				ADDITIONAL				OTHER		STOCKHOLDERS'	
	COMMON	STOCI	K	PAID IN		ACCUMULATED		COMPREHENSIVE		(DEFICIENCY)	
	Number of shares	Pa	r value	CAPITAL		DEFICIT		(LOSS) INCOME			EQUITY
Balance as of June 30, 2020	10,312,585	\$	103	\$	479,131	\$	(46,146)	\$ ((12,435)	\$	420,653
Capital contributions	-		-		240,754		_		-		240,754
Beneficial conversion feature from issuance of											
convertible note	-		-		122,662		-		-		122,662
Net loss	-		-		-		(1,698,270)		-		(1,698,270)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-		-		-		-		22,684		22,684
Balance as of December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	10,312,585	\$	103	\$	842,547	\$	(1,698,270)	\$	10,249	\$	(891,517)
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		÷	()	<u>-</u>	,	<u> </u>	(11)
								ACCUMULA	ATED		
				ADDIT	IONAL			OTHER			
	COMMON S	TOCK	(PAI	D IN	AC	CCUMULATED	COMPREHE	NSIVE	STO	CKHOLDERS'
	Number of shares	Par	value	CAP	ITAL		DEFICIT	LOSS		D	EFICIENCY
Balance as of June 30, 2021	10,312,585	\$	103	\$ 1,	504,950	\$	(7,969,726)	\$ ((55,850)	\$	(6,520,523)
Net loss	-		-		-		(5,937,432)		-		(5,937,432)
Issuance of common stock - non-employee stock											
compensation	232,666		2		641,879		-		-		641,881
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-		_		_		_	(37,074)		(37,074)
Balance as of December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	10,545,251	\$	105	\$ 2,	,146,829	\$	(13,907,158)	\$ (92,924)	\$	(11,853,148)

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six Months Ended December 31, December 31, 2021 2020 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss \$ (5,937,432) \$ (1,698,270)Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation 11,942 152 Amortization of debt discount 252,007 8,757 Recovery of doubtful accounts (25,433)Stock-based compensation 641,881 Change in operating assets and liabilities 86,952 Accounts receivables (50,492)Accounts receivables, related party 10,214 (10,778)220,216 Inventories Other receivable and other current assets, net (4,677)470,166 72,001 Prepayments (57,806)358,882 Accounts payable 8,493 Accounts payable, related parties 10,789 (9,154)Customer deposits 24,610 Contract liability 28,932 Other payables and accrued liabilities 537,288 134,824 Income tax payables 1,000 (27,978)Net cash used in operating activities (3,848,272) (1,094,642)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of equipment (176,495)(2,409)Net cash used in by investing activities (176,495) (2,409)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital contributions 240,754 Payments of related party loan (2,444)Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes 2,407,700 331,800 Proceeds from related parties 407,953 852,527 Net cash provided by financing activities 2,813,209 1,425,081 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 3,499 (49,469)(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 331,529 (1,261,027)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period 2,843,398 384 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period 1,582,371 331,913 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION Income taxes paid Interest paid 111,530 SUPPLEMENTAL NON-CASH FLOWS INFORMATION Beneficial conversion feature resulted from issuance of convertible note 122,762

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Nature of business and organization

Treasure Global Inc. ("TGI" or the "Company") is a holding company incorporated on March 20, 2020, under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company has no substantive operations other than holding all of the outstanding shares of Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"), which was established under the laws of the Malaysia on June 6, 2017, through a reverse recapitalization.

On March 11, 2021, TGI completed a reverse recapitalization ("Reorganization") under common control of its then existing shareholders, who collectively owned all of the equity interests of GEM prior to the Reorganization through a Share Swap Agreement. GEM is under common control of the same shareholders of TGI through a beneficial ownership agreement, which results in the consolidation of GEM and has been accounted for as a Reorganization of entities under common control at carrying value. Before and after the Reorganization, the Company, together with its subsidiaries, is effectively controlled by the same shareholders, and therefore the Reorganization is considered as a recapitalization of entities under common control in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805-50-25. The consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries have been accounted for at historical cost and prepared on the basis as if the aforementioned transactions had become effective as of the beginning of the first period presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with ASC 805-50-45-5.

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, GEM, engages in the payment processing industry and operate an online-to-offline ("O2O") e-commerce platform known as "ZCITY". The Company has extensive business interests in creating an innovative O2O e-commerce platform with an instant rebate and affiliate cashback program business model, focusing on providing a seamless payment solution and capitalizing on big data using artificial intelligence technology. The Company's proprietary product is an internet application (or "app") called "ZCITY App". ZCITY App drives user app download and transactions by providing instant rebate and cashback. The Company aims to transform and simplify a user's e-payment gateway experience by providing great deals, rewards and promotions with every use in an effort to make it Malaysia's top reward and payment gateway platform.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the activities of TGI and its wholly owned subsidiary, GEM.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Going concern

In assessing the Company's liquidity and substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern, the Company monitors and analyzes cash on-hand and operating expenditure commitments. The Company's liquidity needs are to meet working capital requirements and operating expense obligations. To date, the Company financed its operations primarily through cash flows from contribution from shareholders, issuance of convertible note and related parties loans.

The Company's management has considered whether there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern due to (1) loss from operations of approximately \$5.3 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021, (2) accumulated deficit of approximately \$13.9 million as of December 31, 2021; (3) the working capital deficit of approximately \$4.4 million as of December 31, 2021; and (4) net operating cash outflow of approximately \$3.8 million for the six months ended December 31, 2021. Based on the above considerations, the Company's management is of the opinion that it will probably not having sufficient funds to meet the Company's working capital requirements and debt obligations as they become due starting from one year from the date of this report. As a result, the Company's management has determined there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is trying to alleviate the going concern risk by the following sources:

- Obtaining other available sources of financing from Malaysia banks and other financial institutions;
- issuance of additional convertible notes;
- financial support from the Company's related parties and shareholders; and

· obtaining funds through a future initial public offerings.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for information pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The results of operations for the six months ended December 31, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year of 2022. Accordingly, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Principles of consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its sole subsidiary. All transactions and balances among the Company and its subsidiary have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Subsidiary is entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than one half of the voting power; or has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors, or to cast a majority of votes at the meeting of directors.

Enterprise wide disclosure

The Company's chief operating decision-makers (i.e., chief executive officer and his direct reports) review financial information presented on a consolidated basis, accompanied by disaggregated information about revenues by different revenues streams for purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance. There are no segment managers who are held accountable for operations, operating results and plans for levels or components below the consolidated unit level. Based on qualitative and quantitative criteria established by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 280, "Segment Reporting", the Company considers itself to be operating within one reportable segment.

Use of estimates

The preparation of unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include allowance for doubtful accounts, allowance for inventories obsolescence, useful lives of property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, allowance for deferred tax assets, fair value of convertible note, fair value or valuation of warrants and uncertain tax position. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Foreign currency translation and transaction

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the applicable exchange rates at the balance sheet dates. The resulting exchange differences are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

The reporting currency of the Company is United States Dollars ("US\$") and the accompanying financial statements have been expressed in US\$. The Company's subsidiary in Malaysia conducts its businesses and maintains its books and record in the local currency, Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR" or "RM"), as its functional currency.

In general, for consolidation purposes, assets and liabilities of its subsidiaries whose functional currency is not US\$ are translated into US\$, in accordance with ASC Topic 830-30, "Translation of Financial Statement", using the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates prevailing during the period. The gains and losses resulting from translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiary are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within the statements of stockholders' equity. Cash flows are also translated at average translation rates for the periods, therefore, amounts reported on the statement of cash flows will not necessarily agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the consolidated balance sheets.

Translation of foreign currencies into US\$1 have been made at the following exchange rates for the respective periods:

	As of	
	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Period-end MYR: US\$1 exchange rate	4.18	4.15
	For the six mont	ths ended
	December	31,
	2021	2020
Period-average MYR: US\$1 exchange rate	4.19	4.15

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is carried at cost and represent cash on hand, time deposits placed with banks or other financial institutions and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash equivalents consist of funds received from customer, which funds were held at the third party platform's fund account and which are unrestricted and immediately available for withdrawal and use.

Accounts receivable, net

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount less an allowance for any uncollectible accounts and do not bear interest, which are due after 30 days. Accounts receivable include money due from agent subscription, other professional service revenue, and sales of health care product on its Z-city platform. Management reviews the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts on an ongoing basis, using historical collection trends and aging of receivables. Management also periodically evaluates individual customer's financial condition, credit history, and the current economic conditions to make adjustments in the allowance when it is considered necessary. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company's management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary. As of December 31, 2021 and June 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$0 and \$25,690 of allowance for doubtful account, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recovered doubtful account from account receivable amounted to \$25,433 and \$0, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, cost being determined on a first-in-first-out method. Costs include gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which are purchased from the Company's suppliers as merchandized goods or store credit. Costs also included health care products which are purchased from the Company's suppliers as merchandized goods. Management compares the cost of inventories with the net realizable value and if applicable, an allowance is made for writing down the inventory to its net realizable value, if lower than cost. On an ongoing basis, inventories are reviewed for potential write-down for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventories which equals the difference between the costs of inventories and the estimated net realizable value based upon forecasts for future demand and market conditions. When inventories are written-down to the lower of cost or net realizable value, it is not marked up subsequently based on changes in underlying facts and circumstances. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no written-down were record against inventories.

Other receivables and other current assets, net

Other receivables and other current assets primarily include refundable advance to third party service provider and other deposits. Management regularly reviews the aging of receivables and changes in payment trends and records allowances when management believes collection of amounts due are at risk. Accounts considered uncollectable are written off against allowances after exhaustive efforts at collection are made. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no allowance for doubtful account was recorded.

Prepayments

Prepayments and deposits are mainly cash deposited or advanced to suppliers for future inventory purchases. This amount is refundable and bears no interest. For any prepayments determined by management that such advances will not be in receipts of inventories, services, or refundable, the Company will recognize an allowance account to reserve such balances. Management reviews its prepayments on a regular basis to determine if the allowance is adequate, and adjusts the allowance when necessary. Delinquent account balances are written-off against allowance for doubtful accounts after management has determined that the likelihood of collection is not probable. The Company's management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, there was no allowance for the doubtful accounts.

Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets with no residual value. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Expected useful lives
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or otherwise retired are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to earnings as incurred, while additions, renewals and betterments, which are expected to extend the useful life of assets, are capitalized. The Company also re-evaluates the periods of depreciation to determine whether subsequent events and circumstances warrant revised estimates of useful lives.

Impairment for long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment with finite lives are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances (such as a significant adverse change to market conditions that will impact the future use of the assets) indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company assesses the recoverability of the assets based on the undiscounted future cash flows the assets are 75% expected to generate and recognize an impairment loss when estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset plus net proceeds expected from disposition of the asset, if any, are less than the carrying value of the asset. If an impairment is identified, the Company would reduce the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair value based on a discounted cash flows approach or, when available and appropriate, to comparable market values. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 no impairment of long-lived assets was recognized.

Customer deposits

Customer deposits represent amounts advanced by customers on service order. Customer deposits are reduced when the related sale is recognized in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policy.

Revenue recognition

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606) for all periods presented. The core principle underlying the revenue recognition of this ASU allows the Company to recognize - revenue that represents the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in such exchange. This will require the Company to identify contractual performance obligations and determine whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time, based on when control of goods and services transfers to a customer.

To achieve that core principle, the Company applies five-step model to recognize revenue from customer contracts. The five-step model requires that the Company (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, including variable consideration to the extent that it is probable that a significant future reversal will not occur, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the respective performance obligations in the contract, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies the performance obligation.

The Company accounts for a contract with a customer when the contract is committed in writing, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance and consideration is probable of substantially collection.

Revenue recognition policies for each type of revenue stream are as follows:

Product Revenues

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The Company primarily sells discounted gift card from retailers, health care products and computer products through individual order directly through the Company's online marketplace platform and its mobile application ("Z-City"). The Company accounts for the revenue generated from its sales of gift card, health care products and computer products on a gross basis as the Company is acting as a principal in these transactions and is responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified goods, which the Company has control of the goods and has the ability to direct the use of goods to obtain substantially all the benefits. In making this determination, the Company also assesses whether it is primarily obligated in these transactions, is subject to inventory risk, has latitude in establishing prices, or has met several but not all of these indicators in accordance with ASC 606-10-55-36 through 40. The Company recognizes the sales of gift card, health care products, and computer products revenue when the control of the specified goods is transferred to its customer. No refund or return policy is provided to the customer. For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, approximately \$1.8 million and \$0 of product revenues are related to non-spending related activities with the same amount recorded as selling expenses, respectively.

Loyalty Program

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The Company's Z-City reward loyalty program allows members to earn points on purchases that can be redeemed for rewards that include discounts on future purchases. When members purchase the Company's product or make purchase with the Company's participated vendor through Z-City, the Company allocate the transaction price between the product or service, and the reward points earned based on the relative stand-alone selling prices and expected point redemption. The portion allocated to the reward points is initially recorded as contract liability and subsequently recognized as revenue upon redemption or expiration.

The two primary estimates utilized to record the contract liability for reward points earned by members are the estimated retail price per point and estimated breakage. The estimated retail price per point is based on the actual historical retail prices of product purchased or service obtained through the redemption of reward points. The Company estimate breakage of reward points based on historical redemption rates. The Company continually evaluates its methodology and assumptions based on developments in retail price per point redeemed, redemption patterns and other factors. Changes in the retail price per point and redemption rates have the effect of either increasing or decreasing the contract liability through current period revenue by an amount estimated to represent the retail value of all points previously earned but not yet redeemed by loyalty program members as of the end of the reporting period.

Transactions Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The transactions revenues primarily consist of fees charged to merchants for participating in Z-City upon successful sales transaction and payment service taken place between the merchants and their customers online.

The Company earns transaction revenue from merchants when transactions are completed on certain retail marketplaces. Such revenue is generally determined as a percentage based on the value of merchandise or services being sold by the merchants. In connection with the transaction revenue, the Company offers to share the profit of the transaction ("agent commission") to the agents who has referred merchants to participating in Company's online marketplace platform and in Z-City. Transaction revenue is recognized, net of agent commission, in the consolidated statements of operations at the time when the underlying transaction is completed.

Agent Subscription Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

In order to attract more merchants to join the Company's online marketplace and in Z-City, the Company provides a right to the agent, an individual or a merchant, to join the Zagent program and assist the Company to develop more merchants to join its merchant network. The agent subscription revenues primarily consist of fees charged to the agents in exchange for the right by introducing merchants to join the Company's merchant network and to earn a future fixed percentage of commission fee upon completion of each sales transaction. As the agent subscription fee is non-refundable, agent subscription revenue is recognized in the consolidated statements of operations at the time when an agent completed the Zagent program training and the remittance of payment of the subscription fee.

Disaggregated information of revenues by products/services are as follows at a point in time:

	For the six months ended				
	December 31, 2021			December 31, 2020	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
Gift card or "E-voucher" revenue	\$	41,901,034	\$	-	
Health care products and computer products revenue		432,895		-	
Loyalty program revenue		327,607		-	
Transaction revenue		28,619		5,495	
Agent subscription revenue		40,499		58,507	
Total revenues	\$	42,730,654	\$	64,002	

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues sold mainly consists of the purchases of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code, and health care products which is directly attributable to the sales of product on the Company's online marketplace platform.

Advertising costs

Advertising costs amounted to approximately \$2,650,594 and \$251,344 for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Operating leases

A lease for which substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership remain with the lessor is classified by the lessee as an operating lease. All leases of the Company are currently classified as operating leases. The Company records the total expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Research and development

Research and development expenses include salaries and other compensation-related expenses to the Company's research and product development personnel, and related expenses for the Company's research and product development team.

Defined contribution plan

The full-time employees of the Company are entitled to the government mandated defined contribution plan. The Company is required to accrue and pay for these benefits based on certain percentages of the employees' respective salaries, subject to certain ceilings, in accordance with the relevant government regulations, and make cash contributions to the government mandated defined contribution plan. Total expenses for the plans were \$49,395 and \$12,868 for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The related contribution plans include:

- Social Security Organization ("SOSCO") 1.75% based on employee's monthly salary capped of RM 4,000;
- Employees Provident Fund ("EPF") 12% based on employee's monthly salary;
- Employment Insurance System ("EIS") 0.2% based on employee's monthly salary capped of RM 4,000;

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with U.S. GAAP for income taxes. The charge for taxation is based on the results for the fiscal year as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Current income taxes are provided for in accordance with the laws of the relevant taxing authorities.

An uncertain tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. No penalties and interest incurred related to underpayment of income tax for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The Company is incorporated in the State of Delaware and is required to pay franchise taxes to the State of Delaware on an annual basis.

The Company conducts much of its business activities in Malaysia and is subject to tax in its jurisdiction. As a result of its business activities, the Company will file separate tax returns that are subject to examination by the foreign tax authorities.

Comprehensive loss

Comprehensive loss consists of two components, net loss and other comprehensive loss. Other comprehensive loss refers to revenue, expenses, gains and losses that under GAAP are recorded as an element of stockholders' equity but are excluded from net income. Other comprehensive loss consists of a foreign currency translation adjustment resulting from the Company not using the U.S. dollar as its functional currencies.

Loss per share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share". ASC 260 requires companies to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as net income divided by the weighted average ordinary share outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of the potential ordinary shares (e.g., convertible securities, options and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential ordinary shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

For the six months ended December 31, 2021, a total of 1,412,502 contingent shares to be issued to the convertible note holders are excluded in the diluted EPS calculation due to its anti-diluted effect. For the six months ended December 31, 2020, there were no dilutive shares.

Convertible notes

The Company evaluates its convertible notes to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivatives. The result of this accounting treatment is that the fair value of the embedded derivative is recorded at fair value each reporting period and recorded as a liability. In the event that the fair value is recorded as a liability, the change in fair value is recorded in the statements of operations as other income or expense.

In circumstances where the embedded conversion option in a convertible instrument is required to be bifurcated and there are also other embedded derivative instruments in the convertible instrument that are required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument.

If the conversion features of conventional convertible debt provide for a rate of conversion that is below market value at issuance, this feature is characterized as a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"). A BCF is recorded by the Company as a debt discount pursuant to ASC Topic 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options." In those circumstances, the convertible debt is recorded net of the discount related to the BCF, and the Company amortizes the discount to interest expense, over the life of the debt.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required to measure fair value, of which the first two are considered observable and the third is considered unobservable:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair value for certain assets and liabilities such as cash, accounts receivable, inventories, other receivables and other current assets, prepayments, accounts payable, customers deposits, other payables and accrued liabilities have been determined to approximate carrying amounts due to the short maturities of these instruments. The Company believes that its bank loans and convertible notes approximates fair value based on current yields for debt instruments with similar terms.

Related parties

Parties, which can be a corporation or individual, are considered to be related if the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Companies are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Recent accounting pronouncements

The Company considers the applicability and impact of all accounting standards updates ("ASUs"). Management periodically reviews new accounting standards that are issued. Under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended (the "JOBS Act"), the Company meets the definition of an emerging growth company and has elected the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards, which delays the adoption of these accounting standards until they would apply to private companies.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase the transparency and comparability about leases among entities. The new guidance requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a corresponding lease asset for virtually all lease contracts. It also requires additional disclosures about leasing arrangements. ASU 2016-02 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption assuming the Company will remain an emerging growth company at that date. Early adoption is permitted. In September 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-13, which to clarify effective dates that public business entities and other entities were required to adopt ASC Topic 842 for annual reporting. A public business entity that otherwise would not meet the definition of a public business entity except for a requirement to include or the inclusion of its financial statements or financial information in another entity's filing with the SEC adopting ASC Topic 842 for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. ASU No. 2017-13 also amended that all components of a leveraged lease be recalculated from inception of the lease based on the revised after-tax cash flows arising from the change in the tax law, including revised tax rates. The difference between the amounts originally recorded and the recalculated amounts must be included in income of the year in which the tax law is enacted. The Company has not early adopted this update and it will become effective on July 1, 2022 after FASB delayed the effective date for emerging growth companies with ASU 2020-05. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-05, which is an update to ASU Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which introduced the expected credit losses methodology for the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost basis, replacing the previous incurred loss methodology. The amendments in Update 2016-13 added Topic 326, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses, and made several consequential amendments to the Codification. Update 2016-13 also modified the accounting for available-for-sale debt securities, which must be individually assessed for credit losses when fair value is less than the amortized cost basis, in accordance with Subtopic 326-30, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses—Available-for-Sale Debt Securities. The amendments in this Update address those stakeholders' concerns by providing an option to irrevocably elect the fair value option for certain financial assets previously measured at amortized cost basis. For those entities, the targeted transition relief will increase comparability of financial statement information by providing an option to align measurement methodologies for similar financial assets. Furthermore, the targeted transition relief also may reduce the costs for some entities to comply with the amendments in Update 2016-13 while still providing financial statement users with decision-useful information. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-10, which to update the effective date of ASU No. 2016-13 for private companies, not-for-profit organizations and certain smaller reporting companies applying for credit losses, leases, and hedging standard. The new effective date for these preparers is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. ASU 2019-05 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning July 1, 2023 as the Company is qualified as an emerging growth company. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2019-05 may

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes". The amendments in this Update simplify the accounting for income taxes by removing certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740. The amendments also improve consistent application of and simplify GAAP for other areas of Topic 740 by clarifying and amending existing guidance. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption of the amendments is permitted, including adoption in any interim period for (1) public business entities for periods for which financial statements have not yet been issued and (2) all other entities for periods for which financial statements have not yet been made available for issuance. An entity that elects to early adopt the amendments in an interim period should reflect any adjustments as of the beginning of the annual period that includes that interim period. Additionally, an entity that elects early adoption must adopt all the amendments in the same period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, "Debt – Debt Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)". The amendment in this Update is to address issues identified as a result of the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. For convertible instruments, the Board decided to reduce the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock. Limiting the accounting models results in fewer embedded conversion features being separately recognized from the host contract as compared with current GAAP. Convertible instruments that continue to be subject to separation models are (1) those with embedded conversion features that are not clearly and closely related to the host contract, that meet the definition of a derivative, and that do not qualify for a scope exception from derivative accounting and (2) convertible debt instruments issued with substantial premiums for which the premiums are recorded as paid-in capital. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities that meet the definition of a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filer, excluding entities eligible to be smaller reporting companies as defined by the SEC, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal year. The Company has not early adopted this update and it will become effective on July 1, 2024 as the Company is qualified as an emerging growth company. The Company d

In October 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-08, "Codification Improvements to Subtopic 310-20, Receivables—Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs". The amendments in this Update represent changes to clarify the Codification. The amendments make the Codification easier to understand and easier to apply by eliminating inconsistencies and providing clarifications. ASU 2020-08 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning January 1, 2021. Early adoption was permitted, including adoption in an interim period. All entities should apply the amendments in this Update on a prospective basis as of the beginning of the period of adoption for existing or newly purchased callable debt securities. These amendments do not change the effective dates for Update 2017-08. The adoption of this standard on July 1, 2021 did not have a material impact on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

In October 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-10, "Codification Improvements to Subtopic 205-10, presentation of financial statements". The amendments in this Update improve the codification by ensuring that all guidance that requires or provides an option for an entity to provide information in the notes to financial statements is codified in the disclosure section of the codification. That reduce the likelihood that the disclosure requirement would be missed. The amendments also clarify guidance so that an entity can apply the guidance more consistently. ASU 2020-10 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning January 1, 2022. Early application of the amendments is permitted for any annual or interim period for which financial statements are available to be issued. The amendments in this Update should be applied retrospectively. An entity should apply the amendments at the beginning of the period that includes the adoption date. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Except as mentioned above, the Company does not believe other recently issued but not yet effective accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's un audited condensed consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations and comprehensive loss and statements of cash flows.

Note 3 - Accounts receivable, net

	_	As of December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		As of June 30, 2021	
		(Unaudited)											
Accounts receivable	\$	159,566	\$	109,607									
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		(25,690)									
Total accounts receivable, net	\$	159,566	\$	83,917									

Movements of allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	 2021 Unaudited)	June 30, 2021		
Beginning balance	\$ 25,690	\$	-	
Addition	-		28,217	
Write-off / recovery	(25,433)		(2,388)	
Exchange rate effect	(257)		(138)	
Ending balance	\$ -	\$	25,690	

Note 4 - Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	Dece	As of December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		As of June 30, 2021
	(Un	audited)						
Gift card (or E-voucher)	\$	137,501	\$	392,764				
Health care products		31,717		-				
Total	\$	169,218	\$	392,764				

Note 5- Other receivable and other current assets, net

	As of December 31,	 As of June 30, 2021
	(Unaudited)	
Deposits (1)	\$ 11,916	\$ 11,648
Prepaid tax	2,496	2,452
Others	5,239	712
Total other receivable and other current assets	\$ 19,651	\$ 14,812
Allowance for doubtful account	-	-
Total other receivable and other current assets, net	\$ 19,651	\$ 14,812

(1)The balance of deposits mainly represented deposit made by the Company to third party service provider, and security deposit consist of rent and utilities. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Company did not record any allowance against doubtful receivables.

Note 6 - Prepayments

	As of December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	_	As of June 30, 2021
Deposits to suppliers		e e	170.206
Deposits to suppliers	\$ 105,625	Э	179,286

Note 7 - Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consist of the following:

	As of December 31, 2021		December 31, June 3	
	(U)	naudited)		
Computer and office equipment	\$	25,936	\$	17,273
Furniture & fixtures		1,389		1,397
Vehicle		92,948		93,555
Leasehold improvement		168,345		-
Subtotal		288,618		112,225
Less: accumulated depreciation		(21,501)		(9,577)
Total	\$	267,117	\$	102,648

Depreciation expense for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to \$11,942 and \$152, respectively.

Note 8 -Notes

Senior Note

On June 30, 2021 we issued a 12% Redeemable Senior Note in the principal amount of \$65,000 to Yong Kim Fong, a Malaysian citizen (the "Fong Note"). The Fong Note bears interest at 12.00% per annum and is due on the earlier of (x) the date on which our common stock is listed on Nasdaq and (y) July 1, 2024. The Fong Note is pre-payable in full, but not in part.

Convertible Notes

The Company evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815 Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). ASC 815 generally requires the analysis embedded terms and features that have characteristics of derivatives to be evaluated for bifurcation and separate accounting in instances where their economic risks and characteristics are not clearly and closely related to the risks of the host contract. None of the embedded terms required bifurcation and liability classification.

On November 13, 2020, the Company issue a convertible note, to an accredited investor, in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,123,600. Pursuant to the agreement, the note bear an interest rate of 13,33% per annum, payable (i) on December 31, 2020; (ii) during calendar year 2021, monthly on the last day of each month and (iii) during calendar years 2022 and 2023 until the Maturity Date, semiannually on each December 31 and December 31; provided that for calendar year 2023 the final interest payment date shall be the Maturity Date. The Company evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815, which generally requires the analysis embedded terms and features that have characteristics of derivatives to be evaluated for bifurcation and separate accounting in instances where their economic risks and characteristics are not clearly and closely related to the risks of the host contract. None of the embedded terms in the convertible notes required bifurcation and liability classification. However, the Company was required to determine if the debt contained a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"), which is based on the intrinsic value on the date of issuance. The Company evaluated the convertible notes for a beneficial conversion feature in accordance with ASC 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options". The Company determined that the conversion price (\$4.00) was below the market price (\$5.48) as per an enterprise per share value appraised from an independent third party, and the convertible notes contained a beneficial conversion feature. The Company recognized the intrinsic value of embedded conversion feature of \$0 and \$122,662 in the convertible notes as additional paid-in capital and reduced the carrying value of the convertible notes as a debt discount, will be accreted over the term of the term of the convertible notes from date of issuance to date of maturity using effective interest rate method. For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, amortization of debt discount amounted to \$252,007 a

In May, June, July, September, October, and December, 2021, the Company issue various batches of convertible notes to 10 accredited investors, in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,018,061. Pursuant to the agreement, the maturity date is 36 months after the issuance, provided that if an initial public offer ("IPO") listing is not successful, the accredited investors should be entitled to require the Company to redeem the convertible notes at the subscription/conversion of \$6.90 per share along with interest payable at the rate of 12% per annum. The Company also evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815 and determined none of the embedded terms in the convertible notes required bifurcation and liability classification. However, the Company was required to determine if the debt contained a BCF and determined that the conversion price (\$6.90) was above the market price (\$5.48) as per an enterprise per share value appraised from an independent third party, and the convertible notes do not contain a beneficial conversion feature. As a result, the Company record the proceeds received from these convertible notes as a liability in its entirely.

The Company has convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts as follows:

	conve	e value of ertible notes payable	Unamortized debt discounts	Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts
June 30, 2020 balance	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of convertible notes		5,733,961	(997,425)	4,736,536
Amortization of debt discounts		-	238,917	238,917
June 30, 2021 balance		5,733,961	(758,508)	4,975,453
Issuance of convertible notes		2,407,700		2,407,700
Amortization of debt discounts		-	252,007	252,007
December 31, 2021 balance (Unaudited)	\$	8,141,661	\$ (506,501)	\$ 7,635,160

For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, interest expenses related to the aforementioned convertible notes amounted to \$406,913 and 3,620, respectively.

Note 9 - Other payables and accrued liabilities

	Dec	As of December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2021		As of June 30, 2021
	(Ur	naudited)								
Accrued professional fees (i)	\$	570,739	\$	350,672						
Accrued promotion expenses (ii)		73,026		45,334						
Accrued payroll		87,192		76,282						
Accrued interest (iii)		343,684		70,223						
Others		3,405		1,088						
Total other payables and accrued liabilities	\$	1,078,046	\$	543,599						

(i) Accrued professional fees

The balance of accrued professional fees represented amount due to third parties service providers which include marketing consulting service, IT related professional service, audit fee, and consulting fee related to capital raising. In addition, the balance of accrued professional fees also consist of consulting fee which the Company agree to compensate the consultant by issuing 300,000 warrants exercisable for a period of 5 years at \$4.00 per share. The Company expects to issue the warrants to the consultant when the Company is trading on a senior exchange. The consulting fee is estimated to be \$428,084 for the six months ended December 31, 2021.

(ii) Accrued promotion expense

The balance of accrued promotion expense represented the balance of profit sharing payable to the Company's merchant and subscribed agents to promote business growth.

(ii) Accrued interest

The balance of accrued interest represented the balance of interest payable from convertible note aforementioned in Note 8.

Note 10- Related Party balances and transactions

Related party balances

Account receivable, a related party

Name of Related			As of December 31,		As of June 30,
Party	Relationship	Nature	2021		2021
•			(Unaudited)		_
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common shareholder	Sales of products	\$	- \$	10,317

Amount due from related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	As of December 31, 2021	As of June 30, 2021
			(Unaudited)	
Matrix Ideal Sdn Bhd*	Yu Weng Lok is a common shareholder	Advance due on demand	2,515	362
	Relative of Kok Pin "Darren" Tan is the shareholder of this			
Treasure Global, Inc (Cayman)*	Company	Advance due on demand	-	60,548
Total			\$ 2,515	\$ 60,910

^{*}As of date of this report, these receivables have been repaid by the related parties.

Account payable, related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	 As of cember 31, 2021 (naudited)	 As of June 30, 2021
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common		 	
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of inventories	\$ 2,600	\$ 745
Matrix Ideal Sdn Bhd	Yu Weng Lok is a common shareholder	Purchase of inventories	158,634	159,670
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common			
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of inventories	9,252	286
Total			\$ 170,486	\$ 160,701

Customer deposits, related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	<u>Nature</u>	As of December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)		As of June 30, 2021
		Deposit for I.T		nauditeu)	
The Evolutionary Zeal Sdn* Bhd	Shareholder of TGI	professional service	\$	76,347	\$ 76,846
j		Deposit for I.T		,	, in the second second
Click Development*	Shareholder of TGI	professional service		76,347	76,846
		Deposit for I.T			
VICOM Resources Sdn Bhd*	Shareholder of TGI	professional service		41,548	41,819
Total			\$	194,242	\$ 195,511

^{*}The Company expects to return the deposit of I.T professional service back to the related parties by the ended of June 2022 as the projects have been abandoned.

Amount due to related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	As of December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	 As of June 30, 2021
		Interest-free loan, due on		
Chong Chan "Sam" Teo	Shareholder of TGI	demand	\$ 208,477	\$ 209,839
		Interest-free loan, due on		
Kok Pin "Darren" Tan	Shareholder of TGI	demand	2,303,275	2,103,692
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi and Kok Pin "Darren" Tan are common	Interest-free loan, due on		
Cloudmaxx Sdn Bhd	shareholder	demand	-	289,303
		Interest-free loan, due on		
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common shareholder	demand	1,834,502	1,405,951
Total			\$ 4,346,254	\$ 4,008,785

Related party transaction

Revenue from a related party

				For the Six
			For the Six Months	Months
			Ended	Ended
			December 31,	December 31,
Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	2021	2020
			(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd*	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common shareholder	Other income	\$ 1,058	\$ 14,858

Purchase from related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2021		Months Ended Ended December 3		December 31,
	•		(Un	audited)		(Unaudited)	
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common shareholder	Purchase of products	\$	7,843	\$	1,465	
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common shareholder	Purchase of products		-		2,362	
Total			\$	7,843	\$	3,827	

Related party loan

On December 7, 2020, the Company obtained right of use of a vehicle through signing a trust of deed with Chan Chong "Sam" Teo, the Chief Executive Officer and a shareholder of TGI. In return, the Company is obligated to remit monthly installment auto loan payment related to this vehicle on behalf of the related party mentioned above. The total amount of loan that the Company is entitled to repay is approximately \$27,000 (RM 114,000). The auto loan bear 5.96% of interest rate per annum with 60 equal monthly installment payment due on the first of each month. As of December 31, 2021, such loan has an outstanding balance of \$22,469, of which \$16,909 due after 12 months period and classified as related party loan, non-current portion. The interest expense was \$710 during the six months ended December 31, 2021.

Note 11 - Stockholders' Deficiency

Common stock

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, TGI is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares having a par value of \$0.00001 per share. In October 2021, TGI increased its authorized shares to 170,000,000 shares as part of the Reorganization with GEM, consisting of 150,000,000 shares of common stock with \$0.00001 par value, and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock with \$0.00001 par value. The share capital increased of TGI presented herein is prepared on the basis as if the Reorganization became effective as of the beginning of the first period presented of shares capital of GEM.

Capital contributions

For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's shareholders made capital contributions of \$0 and \$240,754 to the Company, respectively,

Beneficial conversion feature from issuance of convertible note

On November 13, 2020, the Company issue a convertible note, to an accredited investor, in the aggregate principal amount of \$331,800. The Company determined that convertible notes contained a beneficial conversion feature. As a result, the Company recognized the fair value of embedded conversion feature of \$122,662 in the convertible notes as additional paid-in capital and reduced the carrying value of the convertible notes as a debt discount for the six months ended December 31, 2020.

Common stock issued for consulting service

In July 2021 the Company signed a capital market advisory agreement ("Agreement") with Exchange Listing, LLC ("Consultant"), to engage in advisory service in capital market advisory, corporate governance, and organizational meeting. The term of this Agreement shall commence on the execution date and shall continue until the later of six months or until the Company is trading on a senior exchange or otherwise extended by both parties. As of date of the filing of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statement, the Company extended the contract term until the Company is trading on a senior exchange which is expected to be one year from the contract's execution date (July 1, 2021). Upon execution of this agreement, the Company will issue 300,000 warrants to the Consultant or its designees exercisable for a period of five years at \$4.00 per share. The Company expects to issue the warrants to the Consultant when the Company is trading on a senior exchange.

In addition, the Company agrees to sell to the Consultant, or its designees 232,666 shares of the Company's common stock which equivalents to 2% of the Company's fully – diluted shares outstanding, at \$0.001 per share. As of date of the filing of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company has issued 232,666 shares of the Company's common stock the Consultant. The Company determined the fair value of the common stock issued to the Consultant by using the market price \$5.48 per share as per an enterprise per share value appraised from an independent third party. For the six months ended December 31, 2021, stock-based compensation in connection with the service period of these shares amounted to \$641,882.

Note 12 – Income taxes

The United States and foreign components of loss before income taxes were comprised of the following:

	 For the six months ended			
	 December 31,			
	2021	2020		
	 (Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
Tax jurisdictions from:				
- Local – United States	\$ (1,969,319)	\$ (908,884)		
- Foreign – Malaysia	(3,967,113)	(788,386)		
Loss before income tax	\$ (5,936,432)	\$ (1,697,270)		

The provision for income taxes consisted of the following:

	 For the six months ended December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)		r the six months ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)
Current:			
- Local	\$ 1,000	\$	\$1,000
- Foreign	-		<u>-</u>
Provision for income taxes	\$ 1,000	\$	\$1,000

United States of America

TGI was incorporated in the State of Delaware and is subject to the tax laws of the United States of America. As of December 31, 2021, the operations in the United States of America incurred \$5,526,645 of cumulative net operating losses which can be carried forward to offset future taxable income. The deferred tax valuation allowance as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were \$1,160,595 and \$747,038, respectively.

TGI also subject to controlled foreign corporations Subpart F income ("Subpart F") tax, which is a tax primarily on passive income from controlled foreign corporations with a tax rate of 35%. In addition, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act imposed a global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") tax, which is a tax on certain off-shore earnings at an effective rate of 10.5% for tax years (50% deduction of the current enacted tax rate of 21%) with a partial offset for 80% foreign tax credits. If the foreign tax rate is 13.125% or higher, there will be no U.S. corporate tax after the 80% foreign tax credits are applied.

For the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's foreign subsidiaries did not generate any income that are subject to Subpart F tax and GILTI tax.

Malaysia

GEM is governed by the income tax laws of Malaysia and the income tax provision in respect of operations in Malaysia is calculated at the applicable tax rates on the taxable income for the periods based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. Under the Income Tax Act of Malaysia, enterprises that incorporated in Malaysia are usually subject to a unified 24% enterprise income tax rate while preferential tax rates, tax holidays and even tax exemption may be granted on case-by-case basis. As of December 31, 2021, the operations in the Malaysia incurred \$8,409,971 of cumulative net operating losses which can be carried forward for a maximum period of seven consecutive years to offset future taxable income. The deferred tax valuation allowance as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were \$2,018,393 and \$1,066,286, respectively.

The following table sets forth the significant components of the aggregate deferred tax assets of the Company as of:

	 As of December 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	 As of June 30, 2021
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carry forwards in U.S.	\$ 323,659	\$ 747,038
Net operating loss carry forwards in Malaysia	2,765,431	1,066,286
Stock based compensation	89,898	-
Less: valuation allowance	(3,178,988)	(1,813,324)
Deferred tax assets	\$ _	\$ -

Uncertain tax positions

The Company evaluates each uncertain tax position (including the potential application of interest and penalties) based on the technical merits, and measure the unrecognized benefits associated with the tax positions. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions. The Company did not incur interest and penalties tax for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 13. Concentrations of risks

(a) Major customers

For the six months ended December 31, 2021, no customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total revenues. For the six months ended December 31, 2020, no customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total revenues.

As of December 31, 2021, two customers accounted for 50% and 50% of the total balance of accounts receivable, respectively. As of June 30, 2021, one customers accounted for 100% of the total balance of accounts receivable.

(b) Major vendors

For the six months ended December 31, 2021, one vendor accounted for approximately 92.5% of the Company's total purchases.

As of December 31, 2021, one vendors accounted for approximately 89.6% of the total balance of accounts payable. As of June 30, 2021, three vendors accounted for approximately 38.7%, 16.6% and 14.0% of the total balance of accounts payable, respectively.

(c) Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, \$1,582,371 and \$2,843,398 were deposited with financial institutions or fund received from customer being held in third party platform's fund account, respectively, \$1,413,166 and \$2,456,102 of these balances are not covered by deposit insurance. While management believes that these financial institutions are of high credit quality, it also continually monitors their credit worthiness.

Financial instruments that are potentially subject to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk in its account receivable is substantially mitigated by its ongoing credit evaluation process and relatively short collection terms. The Company does not generally require collateral from customers. The Company evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information. Historically, the Company did not have any bad debt on its account receivable.

(d) Exchange rate risk

The Company cannot guarantee that the current exchange rate will remain steady; therefore, there is a possibility that the Company could post the same amount of profit for two comparable periods and because of the fluctuating exchange rate actually post higher or lower profit depending on exchange rate of RM and HK\$ converted to US\$ on that date. The exchange rate could fluctuate depending on changes in political and economic environments without notice.

Note 14. Commitments and contingencies

Lease commitments

The Company's commitment for minimum lease payments under the remaining operating leases as of December 31, 2021 for the next five years is as follows:

The five-year maturity of the Company's operating lease liabilities is as follow:

	Twelve Months Ending December 31,	 Operating lease liabilities
2022		\$ 28,930
2023		28,930
2024		28,930
Total lease payments		\$ 86,790

Rent expense for the six months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$18,759 and \$12,577, respectively.

Contingencies

Legal

From time to time, the Company is party to certain legal proceedings, as well as certain asserted and un-asserted claims. Amounts accrued, as well as the total amount of reasonably possible losses with respect to such matters, individually and in the aggregate, are not deemed to be material to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

COVID-19

Since the declaration of the COVID-19 a pandemic on March 11, 2020, by the World Health Organization or WHO, Malaysia has been put through various stages of lockdowns such as (1) full movement control orders ("MCO"), under which, quarantines, travel restrictions, and the temporary closure of stores and facilities in Malaysia were made mandatory, (2) MCO were eased to a Conditional Movement Control Order ("CMCO") where most business sectors were allowed to operate under strict rules and Standard Operating Procedures mandated by the government of Malaysia and (3) CMCO were further relaxed to Recovery Movement Control Order ("RMCO"). On January 12, 2021, due to a resurgence of COVID-19 cases, the Malaysian government declared a state of emergency nationwide to combat COVID-19. Intermittent lockdowns were imposed in various states and districts in the country. February 2021 marked a significant month for Malaysia as all frontline staff of the country, which comprised those in healthcare, police, the Volunteers Department of Malaysia, the Fire and Rescue Department of Malaysia and civil defense sectors were vaccinated. On February 16, 2021, Prime Minister, Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin announced that a National COVID-19 Immunization Plan will be implemented for one year after February 2021, which 80% of the Malaysia population will be vaccinated to achieve herd immunization. On March 5, 2021, lockdowns in most part of the country was eased to a CMCO, nevertheless, COVID-19 cases in the country continue to rise. On May 12, 2021, Malaysia was again put under a full lockdown nationwide, until the earlier of (i) daily COVID-19 cases infection of the country fall below 4,000; (ii) intensive Unit Care, or ICU, wards start operating at a moderate level; or (iii) 10% of the Malaysian population is fully vaccinated. The country was administering over 400,000 doses of COVID-19 vaccines daily. On July 17, 2021, the full lockdown was slightly eased as 13.9% of the Malaysian population was fully vaccinated, with another 30% having received at least one dose of the vaccine. The COVID-19 situation in the country showed no sign of abating. Kuala Lumpur and Selangor remained the epicenter of the latest wave of infections. Total COVID-19 cases in the country surpassed the one million mark on July 25, 2021, and daily cases hit a record high of 24,599 on August 26, 2021. Despite the deteriorating COVID-19 state, the government lifted Kuala Lumpur from Enhanced Movement Control Order ("EMCO") ahead of schedule and ended the nationwide state of emergency on August 1, 2021. Parliament met for the first time this year on July 26, 2021. Malaysia pressed on with its National COVID-19 Immunization Plan, fast inoculating its residents. COVID-19 infection started to drop below the 10,000 mark daily, beginning October 3, 2021. Effective October 11, 2021, interstate and international travel restrictions were lifted for residents who had been fully vaccinated against COVID-19 as the country achieved its target of inoculating 90% of its adult population. The government is preparing to shift into an endemic COVID-19 phase where it will not impose wide lockdowns even if cases rise. As of March 12, 2022, over 79.0% of the country's population have been fully vaccinated.

Substantially all of the Company's revenues are concentrated in Malaysia. Consequently, the Company's results of operations will likely be adversely, and may be materially, affected, to the extent that the COVID-19 or any other epidemic harms the Malaysia and global economy in general. Any potential impact to the results will depend on, to a large extent, future developments and new information that may emerge regarding the duration and severity of the COVID-19 and the actions taken by government authorities and other entities to contain the COVID-19 or treat its impact, almost all of which are beyond the Company's control. Potential impacts include, but are not limited to, the following:

- temporary closure of offices, travel restrictions, financial impact of the Company's customers may be negatively affected, and could continue to negatively affect the demand for the Company's product;
- the Company may have to provide significant sales incentives to its customers during the outbreak, which may in turn materially adversely affect its financial condition and operating results; and
- the Company may experience a slow-down in hiring new personnel which may adversely impact on the Company's business operation.

Because of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 outbreak, the financial impact related to the outbreak of and response to the COVID-19 cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Loan from third party

On January 3, 2022, GEM Reward Sdn. Bhd. (100% owned subsidiary of the Company operating in Malaysia) entered into a loan agreement with a third party Tophill Holding Sdn. Bhd. for a credit line maximum principal amount of RM 20 million (approximately \$4.8 million). The loan is for working capital purposes, with an interest rate of 3.50% per annum payable on monthly basis from the drawdown Date. The Company shall repay the loan on demand, together with interest accrued thereon and may prepay the whole or part of the loan together with interest accrued thereon at any time without penalty. The loan agreement was amended on March 15, 2022 to automatically convert outstanding principal plus accrued and unpaid interest under the loan agreement on the closing date of the initial public offering at a conversion price that is equal to 80% of the initial public offering price and to terminate as of the closing date of the initial public offering. As of May 4, 2022, the Company withdrew RM 18.4 million (approximately \$4.4 million) from this credit line.



ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Treasure Global Inc.

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Treasure Global Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in stockholders' (deficiency) equity and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended June 30, 2021, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Explanatory Paragraph - Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring losses from operations, a working capital deficit and accumulated deficit at June 30, 2021. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties. If the Company is unable to successfully obtain the necessary additional financial support as specified in Note 2, there could be a material adverse effect on the Company.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Friedman LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2021

New York, New York January 25, 2022, except for Note 15 which is dated March 22, 2022

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TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	2,843,398	\$	372
Accounts receivable, net		83,917		87,990
Accounts receivable, related party		10,317		-
Amount due from related parties		60,910		80,834
Inventories		392,764		-
Other receivable and other current assets, net		14,812		465,692
Prepayments		179,286		156
Total current assets		3,585,404		635,044
OTHER ASSETS				
Property and equipment, net		102,648		333
Total other asset		102,648	_	333
Total other asset		102,048	_	333
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,688,052	\$	635,377
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Related party loan, current portion	\$	5,011	\$	-
Account payable	Ψ	73,389	Ψ	28,310
Account payable, related parties		160,701		11,469
Customer deposits		146,479		
Customer deposits, related parties		195,511		-
Contract liability		12,307		_
Other payables and accrued liabilities		543,599		78,659
Amount due to related parties		4,008,785		68,460
Income tax payables		2,000		27,826
Total current liabilities	_	5,147,782		214,724
		,		,
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Related party loan, non-current portion		20,070		-
Senior note		65,000		-
Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized discounts of \$758,508		4,975,453		-
Total non-current Liabilities		5,060,523		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,208,305		214,724
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				ŕ
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY				
Common stock, par value \$0.00001; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 10,315,585 shares issued and outstanding as of June				
30, 2021 and 2020		103		103
Additional paid-in capital		1,504,950		479,131
Accumulated deficit		(7,969,726)		(46,146)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(55,580)		(12,435)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY		(6,520,253)		420,653
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY	\$	2 600 052	\$	625 277
TOTAL ELIBERTIES AND STOCKHOLDERO (BETTCHENCI) EQUIT	Φ	3,688,052	Ф	635,377

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

		For the Years Ended June 30,		
		2021		2020
REVENUES	\$	14,020,353	\$	268,166
COST OF REVENUES		(13,880,408)		(225,173)
GROSS PROFIT		139,945		42,993
SELLING		(3,034,197)		(45,938)
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE		(4,265,052)		(52,639)
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT		(435,471)		(55,390)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		(7,734,720)		(153,967)
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(7,594,775)		(110,974)
OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME, NET				
Other income, net		75,270		-
Interest expense		(163,158)		-
Amortization of debt discount		(238,917)		-
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE, NET		(326,805)		
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(7,921,580)		(110,974)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		(2,000)		<u>-</u>
NET LOSS		(7,923,580)		(110,974)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS				
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(43,145)	_	(12,309)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	<u>\$</u>	(7,966,725)	\$	(123,283)
LOSS PER SHARE				
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.77)	\$	(0.01)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING				
Basic and diluted		10,312,585		10,312,585

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) EQUITY

								ACCUMULATED		TOTAL
	COMMON STOCK			ADDITIONAL		OTHER		STOCKHOLDER S'		
	Number of		Par		PAID IN	AC	CCUMULATED	COMPREHENSIVE	(DEFICIENCY)
	shares		value		CAPITAL		DEFICIT	LOSS		EQUITY
Balance as of June 30, 2019	10,312,585	\$	103	\$	139	\$	64,828	\$ (126)	\$	64,944
Capital contributions	-		-		478,992		-	-		478,992
Net loss	-		-		-		(110,974)	-		(110,974)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-		-		-		-	(12,309)		(12,309)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	10,312,585		103		479,131		(46,146)	(12,435)		420,653
Capital contributions	-		-		240,754		-	-		240,754
Beneficial conversion feature from issuance of										
convertible note	-		-		785,065		-	-		785,065
Net loss	-		-		-		(7,923,580)	-		(7,923,580)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-		-		-		-	(43,145)		(43,145)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	10,312,585	\$	103	\$	1,504,950	\$	(7,969,726)	\$ (55,580)	\$	(6,520,253)

TREASURE GLOBAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Ye	ears Ended June 30,
	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (7,923,5	580) \$ (110,974)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	9,6	527 3
Amortization of debt discount	238,9	
Provision for doubtful accounts	28,2	216 8,009
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivables	(21,2	287) 8,094
Accounts receivables, related party	(10,3	-72)
Inventories	(394,8	- 383)
Other receivable and other current assets, net	468,3	(481,836)
Prepayments	(180,0	91) (159)
Accounts payable	44,4	2,536
Accounts payable, related parties	149,6	11,670
Customer deposits	147,2	270 -
Customer deposits, related parties	196,5	- 566
Contract liability	12,3	
Other payables and accrued liabilities	464,0	
Income tax payables	(26,8	
Net cash used in operating activities	(6,797,6	_
1 tot taan abta in optiming attitude	(0,777,0	(105,501)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of equipment	(84,8	350) (342)
Net cash used in by investing activities	(84,8	
ivet cash used in by investing activities	(64,6	(342)
CACH ELONG EDON EDIANODIO ACTUATEG		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	240.5	450.000
Capital contributions	240,7	
Payments of related party loan	(2,4	
Proceed from issuance of senior note	65,0	
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes	5,521,6	
Proceeds from related parties	3,971,9	
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,796,9	905 493,865
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(71,3	(3,869)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,843,0	26 350
	, -,-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	3	372 22
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 2,843,3	398 \$ 372
Choir had Choir Equivalents, that of year	\$ 2,643,3	98 \$ 372
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION		
Income taxes paid	\$ 30,6	<u>571</u> \$
Interest paid	\$ 93,1	91 \$ -
SUPPLEMENTAL NON-CASH FLOWS INFORMATION		
Purchase of equipment through financing with related party	\$ 27,6	22 ¢
	<u></u>	
Beneficial conversion feature resulted from issuance of convertible note	\$ 785,0	065 \$ -

Note 1 - Nature of business and organization

Treasure Global Inc. ("TGI" or the "Company") is a holding company incorporated on March 20, 2020, under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company has no substantive operations other than holding all of the outstanding shares of Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("GEM"), which was established under the laws of the Malaysia on June 6, 2017, through a reverse recapitalization.

On March 11, 2021, TGI completed a reverse recapitalization ("Reorganization") under common control of its then existing shareholders, who collectively owned all of the equity interests of GEM prior to the Reorganization through a Share Swap Agreement. GEM is under common control of the same shareholders of TGI through a beneficial ownership agreement, which results in the consolidation of GEM and has been accounted for as a Reorganization of entities under common control at carrying value. Before and after the Reorganization, the Company, together with its subsidiaries, is effectively controlled by the same shareholders, and therefore the Reorganization is considered as a recapitalization of entities under common control in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805-50-25. The consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries have been accounted for at historical cost and prepared on the basis as if the aforementioned transactions had become effective as of the beginning of the first period presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with ASC 805-50-45-5.

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, GEM, engages in the payment processing industry and operate an online-to-offline ("O2O") e-commerce platform known as "ZCITY". The Company has extensive business interests in creating an innovative O2O e-commerce platform with an instant rebate and affiliate cashback program business model, focusing on providing a seamless payment solution and capitalizing on big data using artificial intelligence technology. The Company's proprietary product is an internet application (or "app") called "ZCITY App". ZCITY App drives user app download and transactions by providing instant rebate and cashback. The Company aims to transform and simplify a user's e-payment gateway experience by providing great deals, rewards and promotions with every use in an effort to make it Malaysia's top reward and payment gateway platform.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the activities of TGI and its wholly owned subsidiary, GEM.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Going concern

In assessing the Company's liquidity and substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern, the Company monitors and analyzes cash on-hand and operating expenditure commitments. The Company's liquidity needs are to meet working capital requirements and operating expense obligations. To date, the Company financed its operations primarily through cash flows from contribution from shareholders, issuance of convertible note and related parties loans.

The Company's management has considered whether there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern due to (1) loss from operations of approximately \$7.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2021, (2) accumulated deficit of approximately \$8.0 million as of June 30, 2021; (3) the working capital deficit of approximately \$1.6 million as of June 30, 2021; and (4) net operating cash outflow of approximately \$6.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2021. Based on the above considerations, the Company's management is of the opinion that it will probably not having sufficient funds to meet the Company's working capital requirements and debt obligations as they become due starting from one year from the date of this report. As a result, the Company's management has determined there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is trying to alleviate the going concern risk by the following sources:

- Obtaining other available sources of financing from Malaysia banks and other financial institutions;
- issuance of additional convertible notes;
- financial support from the Company's related parties and shareholders; and
- · obtaining funds through a future initial public offerings.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its sole subsidiary. All transactions and balances among the Company and its subsidiary have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Subsidiary is entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than one half of the voting power; or has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors, or to cast a majority of votes at the meeting of directors.

Enterprise wide disclosure

The Company's chief operating decision-makers (i.e., chief executive officer and his direct reports) review financial information presented on a consolidated basis, accompanied by disaggregated information about revenues by different revenues streams for purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance. There are no segment managers who are held accountable for operations, operating results and plans for levels or components below the consolidated unit level. Based on qualitative and quantitative criteria established by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 280, "Segment Reporting", the Company considers itself to be operating within one reportable segment.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements include allowance for doubtful accounts, allowance for inventories obsolescence, useful lives of property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, allowance for deferred tax assets, fair value of convertible note and uncertain tax position. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Foreign currency translation and transaction

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the applicable exchange rates at the balance sheet dates. The resulting exchange differences are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

The reporting currency of the Company is United States Dollars ("US\$") and the accompanying financial statements have been expressed in US\$. The Company's subsidiary in Malaysia conducts its businesses and maintains its books and record in the local currency, Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR" or "RM"), as its functional currency.

In general, for consolidation purposes, assets and liabilities of its subsidiaries whose functional currency is not US\$ are translated into US\$, in accordance with ASC Topic 830-30, "Translation of Financial Statement", using the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates prevailing during the period. The gains and losses resulting from translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiary are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within the statements of stockholders' equity. Cash flows are also translated at average translation rates for the periods, therefore, amounts reported on the statement of cash flows will not necessarily agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the consolidated balance sheets.

Translation of foreign currencies into US\$1 have been made at the following exchange rates for the respective periods:

	As o	ıf	
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Period-end MYR: US\$1 exchange rate	4.15	4.28	
		or the years ended June 30,	
	2021	2020	
Period-average MYR: US\$1 exchange rate	4.13	4.21	

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash is carried at cost and represent cash on hand, time deposits placed with banks or other financial institutions and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash equivalent consist of funds received from customer, which funds were held at the third party platform's fund account and which are unrestricted and immediately available for withdrawal and use.

Accounts receivable, net

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount less an allowance for any uncollectible accounts and do not bear interest, which are due after 30 days. Accounts receivable include money due from agent subscription and other professional service revenue. Management reviews the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts on an ongoing basis, using historical collection trends and aging of receivables. Management also periodically evaluates individual customer's financial condition, credit history, and the current economic conditions to make adjustments in the allowance when it is considered necessary. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company's management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded \$25,690 and \$0 of allowance for doubtful account, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company wrote off \$2,388 and \$0, respectively against the account receivable balance of due from agent subscription revenue.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, cost being determined on a first-in-first-out method. Costs include gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which are purchased from the Company's suppliers as merchandized goods or store credit. Management compares the cost of inventories with the net realizable value and if applicable, an allowance is made for writing down the inventory to its net realizable value, if lower than cost. On an ongoing basis, inventories are reviewed for potential write-down for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventories which equals the difference between the costs of inventories and the estimated net realizable value based upon forecasts for future demand and market conditions. When inventories are written-down to the lower of cost or net realizable value, it is not marked up subsequently based on changes in underlying facts and circumstances.

Other receivables and other current assets, net

Other receivables and other current assets primarily include refundable advance to third party service provider and other deposits. Management regularly reviews the aging of receivables and changes in payment trends and records allowances when management believes collection of amounts due are at risk. Accounts considered uncollectable are written off against allowances after exhaustive efforts at collection are made. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, no allowance for doubtful account was recorded. For the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company wrote off balance from other receivable of \$0 and \$8,009, respectively.

Prepayments

Prepayments and deposits are mainly cash deposited or advanced to suppliers for future inventory purchases. This amount is refundable and bears no interest. For any prepayments determined by management that such advances will not be in receipts of inventories, services, or refundable, the Company will recognize an allowance account to reserve such balances. Management reviews its prepayments on a regular basis to determine if the allowance is adequate, and adjusts the allowance when necessary. Delinquent account balances are written-off against allowance for doubtful accounts after management has determined that the likelihood of collection is not probable. The Company's management continues to evaluate the reasonableness of the valuation allowance policy and update it if necessary. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no allowance for the doubtful accounts.

Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets with no residual value. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Expected useful lives
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or otherwise retired are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to earnings as incurred, while additions, renewals and betterments, which are expected to extend the useful life of assets, are capitalized. The Company also re-evaluates the periods of depreciation to determine whether subsequent events and circumstances warrant revised estimates of useful lives.

Impairment for long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment with finite lives are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances (such as a significant adverse change to market conditions that will impact the future use of the assets) indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company assesses the recoverability of the assets based on the undiscounted future cash flows the assets are 75% expected to generate and recognize an impairment loss when estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset plus net proceeds expected from disposition of the asset, if any, are less than the carrying value of the asset. If an impairment is identified, the Company would reduce the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair value based on a discounted cash flows approach or, when available and appropriate, to comparable market values. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020 no impairment of long-lived assets was recognized.

Customer deposits

Customer deposits represent amounts advanced by customers on service order. Customer deposits are reduced when the related sale is recognized in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policy.

Revenue recognition

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606) for all periods presented. The core principle underlying the revenue recognition of this ASU allows the Company to recognize - revenue that represents the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in such exchange. This will require the Company to identify contractual performance obligations and determine whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time, based on when control of goods and services transfers to a customer.

To achieve that core principle, the Company applies five-step model to recognize revenue from customer contracts. The five-step model requires that the Company (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, including variable consideration to the extent that it is probable that a significant future reversal will not occur, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the respective performance obligations in the contract, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies the performance obligation.

The Company accounts for a contract with a customer when the contract is committed in writing, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance and consideration is probable of substantially collection.

Revenue recognition policies for each type of revenue stream are as follows:

Product Revenues

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The Company primarily sells discounted gift card from retailers and computer products through individual order directly through the Company's online marketplace platform and its mobile application ("Z-City"). The Company accounts for the revenue generated from its sales of gift card and computer products on a gross basis as the Company is acting as a principal in these transactions and is responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified goods, which the Company has control of the goods and has the ability to direct the use of goods to obtain substantially all the benefits. In making this determination, the Company also assesses whether it is primarily obligated in these transactions, is subject to inventory risk, has latitude in establishing prices, or has met several but not all of these indicators in accordance with ASC 606-10-55-36 through 40. The Company recognizes the sales of gift card and computer products revenue when the control of the specified goods is transferred to its customer. No refund or return policy is provided to the customer.

Loyalty Program

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The Company's Z-City reward loyalty program allows members to earn points on purchases that can be redeemed for rewards that include discounts on future purchases. When members purchase the Company's product or make purchase with the Company's participated vendor through Z-City, the Company allocate the transaction price between the product or service, and the reward points earned based on the relative stand-alone selling prices and expected point redemption. The portion allocated to the reward points is initially recorded as contract liability and subsequently recognized as revenue upon redemption or expiration.

The two primary estimates utilized to record the contract liability for reward points earned by members are the estimated retail price per point and estimated breakage. The estimated retail price per point is based on the actual historical retail prices of product purchased or service obtained through the redemption of reward points. The Company estimate breakage of reward points based on historical redemption rates. The Company continually evaluates its methodology and assumptions based on developments in retail price per point redeemed, redemption patterns and other factors. Changes in the retail price per point and redemption rates have the effect of either increasing or decreasing the contract liability through current period revenue by an amount estimated to represent the retail value of all points previously earned but not yet redeemed by loyalty program members as of the end of the reporting period.

Transactions Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The transactions revenues primarily consist of fees charged to merchants for participating in Z-City upon successful sales transaction and payment service taken place between the merchants and their customers online.

The Company earns transaction revenue from merchants when transactions are completed on certain retail marketplaces. Such revenue is generally determined as a percentage based on the value of merchandise or services being sold by the merchants. In connection with the transaction revenue, the Company offers to share the profit of the transaction ("agent commission") to the agents who has referred merchants to participating in Company's online marketplace platform and in Z-City. Transaction revenue is recognized, net of agent commission, in the consolidated statements of operations at the time when the underlying transaction is completed.

Agent Subscription Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

In order to attract more merchants to join the Company's online marketplace and in Z-City, the Company provides a right to the agent, an individual or a merchant, to join the Zagent program and assist the Company to develop more merchants to join its merchant network. The agent subscription revenues primarily consist of fees charged to the agents in exchange for the right by introducing merchants to join the Company's merchant network and to earn a future fixed percentage of commission fee upon completion of each sales transaction. As the agent subscription fee is non-refundable, agent subscription revenue is recognized in the consolidated statements of operations at the time when an agent completed the Zagent program training and the remittance of payment of the subscription fee.

IT Professional Service Revenue

- Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time

The Company also generates revenue from IT professional service revenue which included server assembling and IT consulting set up service where a separate contract is entered into with the customers, such services are normally completed within one day. The Company bears a single performance obligation in the transaction of providing IT professional service to the customer. The Company recognizes revenue upon completion of a service performed at a point in time when the single performance obligation is satisfied and the Company has the right to receive payment for the services rendered.

Disaggregated information of revenues by products/services are as follows at a point in time:

		For the years ended			
	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		
Gift card or "E-voucher" revenue	\$	13,448,430	\$		
Computer products revenue		350,455		-	
Loyalty program revenue		90,485		-	
Transaction revenue		30,562		-	
Agent subscription revenue		100,421		29,374	
IT professional service revenue		-		238,792	
Total revenues	\$	14,020,353	\$	268,166	

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues sold mainly consists of the purchases of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code which is directly attributable to the sales of the gift card or "E-voucher" pin code.

Advertising costs

Advertising costs amounted to approximately \$1,855,000 and \$36,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Operating leases

A lease for which substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership remain with the lessor is classified by the lessee as an operating lease. All leases of the Company are currently classified as operating leases. The Company records the total expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Research and development

Research and development expenses include salaries and other compensation-related expenses to the Company's research and product development personnel, and related expenses for the Company's research and product development team.

Defined contribution plan

The full-time employees of the Company are entitled to the government mandated defined contribution plan. The Company is required to accrue and pay for these benefits based on certain percentages of the employees' respective salaries, subject to certain ceilings, in accordance with the relevant government regulations, and make cash contributions to the government mandated defined contribution plan. Total expenses for the plans were \$65,025 and \$2,410 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The related contribution plans include:

- Social Security Organization ("SOSCO") 1.75% based on employee's monthly salary capped of RM 4,000;
- Employees Provident Fund ("EPF") 12% based on employee's monthly salary;
- Employment Insurance System ("EIS") 0.2% based on employee's monthly salary capped of RM 4,000;

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with U.S. GAAP for income taxes. The charge for taxation is based on the results for the fiscal year as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Current income taxes are provided for in accordance with the laws of the relevant taxing authorities.

An uncertain tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. No penalties and interest incurred related to underpayment of income tax for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Company is incorporated in the State of Delaware and is required to pay franchise taxes to the State of Delaware on an annual basis.

The Company conducts much of its business activities in Malaysia and is subject to tax in its jurisdiction. As a result of its business activities, the Company will file separate tax returns that are subject to examination by the foreign tax authorities.

Comprehensive loss

Comprehensive loss consists of two components, net loss and other comprehensive loss. Other comprehensive loss refers to revenue, expenses, gains and losses that under GAAP are recorded as an element of stockholders' equity but are excluded from net income. Other comprehensive loss consists of a foreign currency translation adjustment resulting from the Company not using the U.S. dollar as its functional currencies.

Loss per share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share". ASC 260 requires companies to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as net income divided by the weighted average ordinary share outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of the potential ordinary shares (e.g., convertible securities, options and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential ordinary shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, a total of 1,063,560 contingent shares to be issued to the convertible note holders are excluded in the diluted EPS calculation due to its anti-diluted effect. For the year ended June 30, 2020, there were no dilutive shares.

Convertible notes

The Company evaluates its convertible notes to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivatives. The result of this accounting treatment is that the fair value of the embedded derivative is recorded at fair value each reporting period and recorded as a liability. In the event that the fair value is recorded as a liability, the change in fair value is recorded in the statements of operations as other income or expense.

In circumstances where the embedded conversion option in a convertible instrument is required to be bifurcated and there are also other embedded derivative instruments in the convertible instrument that are required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument.

If the conversion features of conventional convertible debt provide for a rate of conversion that is below market value at issuance, this feature is characterized as a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"). A BCF is recorded by the Company as a debt discount pursuant to ASC Topic 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options." In those circumstances, the convertible debt is recorded net of the discount related to the BCF, and the Company amortizes the discount to interest expense, over the life of the debt.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required to measure fair value, of which the first two are considered observable and the third is considered unobservable:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair value for certain assets and liabilities such as cash, accounts receivable, inventories, other receivables and other current assets, prepayments, accounts payable, customers deposits, other payables and accrued liabilities have been determined to approximate carrying amounts due to the short maturities of these instruments. The Company believes that its bank loans and convertible notes approximates fair value based on current yields for debt instruments with similar terms.

Related parties

Parties, which can be a corporation or individual, are considered to be related if the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Companies are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Recent accounting pronouncements

The Company considers the applicability and impact of all accounting standards updates ("ASUs"). Management periodically reviews new accounting standards that are issued. Under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended (the "JOBS Act"), the Company meets the definition of an emerging growth company and has elected the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards, which delays the adoption of these accounting standards until they would apply to private companies.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase the transparency and comparability about leases among entities. The new guidance requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a corresponding lease asset for virtually all lease contracts. It also requires additional disclosures about leasing arrangements. ASU 2016-02 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption assuming the Company will remain an emerging growth company at that date. Early adoption is permitted. In September 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-13, which to clarify effective dates that public business entities and other entities were required to adopt ASC Topic 842 for annual reporting. A public business entity that otherwise would not meet the definition of a public business entity except for a requirement to include or the inclusion of its financial statements or financial information in another entity's filing with the SEC adopting ASC Topic 842 for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. ASU No. 2017-13 also amended that all components of a leveraged lease be recalculated from inception of the lease based on the revised after-tax cash flows arising from the change in the tax law, including revised tax rates. The difference between the amounts originally recorded and the recalculated amounts must be included in income of the year in which the tax law is enacted. The Company has not early adopted this update and it will become effective on July 1, 2022 after FASB delayed the effective date for emerging growth companies with ASU 2020-05. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-05, which is an update to ASU Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which introduced the expected credit losses methodology for the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost basis, replacing the previous incurred loss methodology. The amendments in Update 2016-13 added Topic 326, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses, and made several consequential amendments to the Codification. Update 2016-13 also modified the accounting for available-for-sale debt securities, which must be individually assessed for credit losses when fair value is less than the amortized cost basis, in accordance with Subtopic 326-30, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses—Available-for-Sale Debt Securities. The amendments in this Update address those stakeholders' concerns by providing an option to irrevocably elect the fair value option for certain financial assets previously measurement methodologies for similar financial assets. Furthermore, the targeted transition relief also may reduce the costs for some entities to comply with the amendments in Update 2016-13 while still providing financial statement users with decision-useful information. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-10, which to update the effective date of ASU No. 2016-13 for private companies, not-for-profit organizations and certain smaller reporting companies applying for credit losses, leases, and hedging standard. The new effective date for these preparers is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. ASU 2019-05 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning July 1, 2023 as the Company is qualified as an emerging growth company. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2019-05 may have on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes". The amendments in this Update simplify the accounting for income taxes by removing certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740. The amendments also improve consistent application of and simplify GAAP for other areas of Topic 740 by clarifying and amending existing guidance. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption of the amendments is permitted, including adoption in any interim period for (1) public business entities for periods for which financial statements have not yet been issued and (2) all other entities for periods for which financial statements have not yet been made available for issuance. An entity that elects to early adopt the amendments in an interim period should reflect any adjustments as of the beginning of the annual period that includes that interim period. Additionally, an entity that elects early adoption must adopt all the amendments in the same period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, "Debt – Debt Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)". The amendment in this Update is to address issues identified as a result of the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. For convertible instruments, the Board decided to reduce the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock. Limiting the accounting models results in fewer embedded conversion features being separately recognized from the host contract as compared with current GAAP. Convertible instruments that continue to be subject to separation models are (1) those with embedded conversion features that are not clearly and closely related to the host contract, that meet the definition of a derivative, and that do not qualify for a scope exception from derivative accounting and (2) convertible debt instruments issued with substantial premiums for which the premiums are recorded as paid-in capital. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities that meet the definition of a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filer, excluding entities eligible to be smaller reporting companies as defined by the SEC, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Board specified that an entity should adopt the guidance as of the beginning of its annual fiscal year. The Company has not early adopted this update and it will become effective on July 1, 2024 as the Company is qualifi

In October 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-08, "Codification Improvements to Subtopic 310-20, Receivables—Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs". The amendments in this Update represent changes to clarify the Codification. The amendments make the Codification easier to understand and easier to apply by eliminating inconsistencies and providing clarifications. ASU 2020-08 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning January 1, 2021. Early adoption was permitted, including adoption in an interim period. All entities should apply the amendments in this Update on a prospective basis as of the beginning of the period of adoption for existing or newly purchased callable debt securities. These amendments do not change the effective dates for Update 2017-08. The adoption of this standard on July 1, 2021 did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-10, "Codification Improvements to Subtopic 205-10, presentation of financial statements". The amendments in this Update improve the codification by ensuring that all guidance that requires or provides an option for an entity to provide information in the notes to financial statements is codified in the disclosure section of the codification. That reduce the likelihood that the disclosure requirement would be missed. The amendments also clarify guidance so that an entity can apply the guidance more consistently. ASU 2020-10 is effective for the Company for annual and interim reporting periods beginning January 1, 2022. Early application of the amendments is permitted for any annual or interim period for which financial statements are available to be issued. The amendments in this Update should be applied retrospectively. An entity should apply the amendments at the beginning of the period that includes the adoption date. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Except as mentioned above, the Company does not believe other recently issued but not yet effective accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations and comprehensive loss and statements of cash flows.

Note 3 - Accounts receivable, net

	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Accounts receivable	\$ 109,607	\$ 87,990
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(25,690)	-
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 83,917	\$ 87,990

Movements of allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Beginning balance	\$	- \$ -
Addition	28,21	7 -
Write-off	(2,38)	3) -
Exchange rate effect	(13)	-
Ending balance	\$ 25,69	\$ -

Note 4 - Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Gift card (or E-voucher)	\$ 392,764	\$ -

Note 5- Other receivable and other current assets, net

	As of June 30, 2021		As of June 30, 2020
Deposits (1)	\$ 11,648	\$	462,775
Prepaid tax	2,452		-
Others	712		2,917
Total other receivable and other current assets	\$ 14,812	\$	465,692
Allowance for doubtful account	-		-
Total other receivable and other current assets, net	\$ 14,812	\$	465,692

(1)The balance of deposits mainly represented deposit made by the Company to third party service provider, and security deposit consist of rent and utilities. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not record any allowance against doubtful receivables.

Note 6 - Prepayments

	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Deposits to suppliers	\$ 179,28	5 \$ 156

Note 7 - Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consist of the following:

	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Computer and office equipment	\$ 17,273	\$ 336
Furniture & fixtures	1,397	-
Vehicle	93,555	-
Subtotal	 112,225	336
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9,577)	(3)
Total	\$ 102,648	\$ 333

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted to \$9,627 and \$3, respectively.

Note 8 -Notes

Senior Note

On June 30, 2021 we issued a 12% Redeemable Senior Note in the principal amount of \$65,000 to Yong Kim Fong, a Malaysian citizen (the "Fong Note"). The Fong Note bears interest at 12.00% per annum and is due on the earlier of (x) the date on which our common stock is listed on Nasdaq and (y) July 1, 2024. The Fong Note is prepayable in full, but not in part.

Convertible Notes

The Company evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815 Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). ASC 815 generally requires the analysis embedded terms and features that have characteristics of derivatives to be evaluated for bifurcation and separate accounting in instances where their economic risks and characteristics are not clearly and closely related to the risks of the host contract. None of the embedded terms required bifurcation and liability classification.

On November 13, 2020, the Company issue a convertible note, to an accredited investor, in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,123,600. Pursuant to the agreement, the note bear an interest rate of 13.33% per annum, payable (i) on December 31, 2020; (ii) during calendar year 2021, monthly on the last day of each month and (iii) during calendar years 2022 and 2023 until the Maturity Date, semiannually on each June 30 and December 31; provided that for calendar year 2023 the final interest payment date shall be the Maturity Date. The Company evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815, which generally requires the analysis embedded terms and features that have characteristics of derivatives to be evaluated for bifurcation and separate accounting in instances where their economic risks and characteristics are not clearly and closely related to the risks of the host contract. None of the embedded terms in the convertible notes required bifurcation and liability classification. However, the Company was required to determine if the debt contained a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"), which is based on the intrinsic value on the date of issuance. The Company evaluated the convertible notes for a beneficial conversion feature in accordance with ASC 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options". The Company determined that the conversion price (\$4.00) was below the market price (\$5.48) as per an enterprise per share value appraised from an independent third party, and the convertible notes contained a beneficial conversion feature. The Company recognized the intrinsic value of embedded conversion feature of \$785,065 in the convertible notes as additional paid-in capital and reduced the carrying value of the convertible notes as a debt discount. In addition, notes issuance costs in connection with this note amounted \$212,360 and reduced the carrying value of the convertible notes as a debt discount. The carrying value, net of debt discount, will be accreted over the term of the convertible notes from date

In May and June 2021, the Company issue various batches of convertible notes to 6 accredited investors, in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,610,361. Pursuant to the agreement, the maturity date is 36 months after the issuance, provided that if an initial public offer ("IPO") listing is not successful, the accredited investors should be entitled to require the Company to redeem the convertible notes at the subscription/conversion of \$6.90 per share along with interest payable at the rate of 12% per annum. The Company also evaluated the convertible notes agreement under ASC 815 and determined none of the embedded terms in the convertible notes required bifurcation and liability classification. However, the Company was required to determine if the debt contained a BCF and determined that the conversion price (\$6.90) was above the market price (\$5.48) as per an enterprise per share value appraised from an independent third party, and the convertible notes do not contain a beneficial conversion feature. As a result, the Company record the proceeds received from these convertible notes as a liability in its entirely.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, interest expenses related to the aforementioned convertible notes amounted to \$163,414.

Note 9 - Other payables and accrued liabilities

	 As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020		
Accrued professional fees (i)	\$ 350,672	\$	70,407	
Accrued promotion expenses (ii)	45,334		-	
Accrued payroll	76,282		5,094	
Accrued interest (iii)	70,223		-	
Others	1,088		3,158	
Total other payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 543,599	\$	78,659	

(i) Accrued professional fees

The balance of accrued professional fees represented amount due to third parties service providers which include marketing consulting service, IT related professional service, audit fee, and consulting fee related to capital raising.

(ii) Accrued promotion expense

The balance of accrued promotion expense represented the balance of profit sharing payable to the Company's merchant and subscribed agents to promote business growth.

(ii) Accrued interest

The balance of accrued interest represented the balance of interest payable from convertible note aforementioned in Note 7.

Note 10- Related Party balances and transactions

Related party balances

Account receivable, related party

			As of		As of	•
			June 30,		June 3	0,
Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	2021		2020	
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common shareholder	Sales of products	\$	10,317	\$	-

Amount due from related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	Ju	as of ne 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi	Shareholder of TGI	Employee advance	\$	-	\$ 5,823
Matrix Ideal Sdn Bhd*	Yu Weng Lok is a common shareholder	Advance due on demand		362	16,343
	Relative of Kok Pin "Darren" Tan is the				
Treasure Global, Inc (Cayman)*	shareholder of this Company	Advance due on demand		60,548	58,668
Total			\$	60,910	\$ 80,834

^{*}As of date of this report, these receivables have been repaid by the related parties

Account payable, related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship Nature		As of June 30, 2021		As of June 30, 2020		
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common				'		
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of inventories	\$	745	\$	375	
	Yu Weng Lok is a common						
Matrix Ideal Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of inventories		159,670		-	
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common						
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of inventories		286		11,094	
Total			\$	160,701	\$	11,469	

Customer deposits, related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020	
The Evolutionary Zeal Sdn Bhd	Shareholder of TGI	Deposit for I.T professional service	\$ 76,846	\$	-
Click Development	Shareholder of TGI	Deposit for I.T professional service	76,846		-
VICOM Resources Sdn Bhd	Shareholder of TGI	Deposit for I.T professional service	41,819		-
Total			\$ 195,511	\$	_

Amount due to related parties

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	As of June 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2020
Chong Chan "Sam" Teo	Shareholder of TGI	Interest-free loan, due on demand	\$ 209,839	\$ 54,444
Kok Pin "Darren" Tan	Shareholder of TGI	Interest-free loan, due on demand	2,103,692	-
Ezyronic Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common shareholder	Operating expense paid on behalf of the Company	_	14,016
Cloudmaxx Sdn Bhd	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi and Kok Pin "Darren" Tan are common shareholder	Interest-free loan, due on demand	289,303	-
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Interest-free loan, due on demand	1,405,951	-
Total			\$ 4,008,785	\$ 68,460

Related party transaction

Revenue from related parties

			For the Year	For the Year
			Ended	Ended
Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common		 _	_
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd*	shareholder	Sales of products	\$ 67,595	\$ 15,872

Purchase from related parties

			F	or the Year Ended		For the Year Ended
Name of Related Party	Relationship	Nature	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is a common					
Ezytronic Sdn Bhd*	shareholder	Purchase of products	\$	19,269	\$	-
	Yu Weng Lok is a common					
Matrix Ideal Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of products		159,670		-
	Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi is the common					
World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd	shareholder	Purchase of products		-		221,307
Total			\$	178,939	\$	221,307

^{*}The major shareholder of the Click Internet Traffic Sdn Bhd "Click Internet" is also the major shareholder of Ezytronic Sdn Bhd which is a related party to the Company. Click Internet contributed \$222,643 of revenue to the Company in the year ended June 30, 2020. However, Click Internet does not have a direct related party relationship with the Company.

Related party loan

On December 7, 2020, the Company obtained right of use of a vehicle through signing a trust of deed with Chan Chong "Sam" Teo, the Chief Executive Officer and a shareholder of TGI. In return, the Company is obligated to remit monthly installment auto loan payment related to this vehicle on behalf of the related party mentioned above. The total amount of loan that the Company is entitled to repay is approximately \$27,000 (RM 114,000). The auto loan bear 5.96% of interest rate per annum with 60 equal monthly installment payment due on the first of each month. As of June 30, 2021, such loan has an outstanding balance of \$25,081, of which \$20,070 due after 12 months period and classified as related party loan, non-current portion. The interest expense was \$787 during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 11 - Stockholders' Equity

Common stock

As of June 30, 2021, TGI is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares having a par value of \$0.00001 per share. In October 2021, TGI increased its authorized shares to 170,000,000 shares as part of the Reorganization with GEM, consisting of 150,000,000 shares of common stock with \$0.00001 par value, and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock with \$0.00001 par value. The share capital increased of TGI presented herein is prepared on the basis as if the Reorganization became effective as of the beginning of the first period presented of shares capital of GEM.

In June 2017, the Company issued 10,312,585 shares of common stock and collectively received cash proceeds of \$242 in exchange of such of issuance.

Capital contributions

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company's shareholders made capital contributions of \$478,992 and \$240,754 to the Company, respectively.

Beneficial conversion feature from issuance of convertible note

On November 13, 2020, the Company issue a convertible note, to an accredited investor, in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,123,600. The Company determined that convertible notes contained a beneficial conversion feature. As a result, the Company recognized the fair value of embedded conversion feature of \$785,065 in the convertible notes as additional paid-in capital and reduced the carrying value of the convertible notes as a debt discount.

Note 12 - Income taxes

The United States and foreign components of loss before income taxes were comprised of the following:

	 For the years ended		
	 June 30,		
	2021 2020		
Tax jurisdictions from:			
- Local – United States	\$ (3,557,326)	\$ -	
- Foreign – Malaysia	(4,364,254)	(110,974)	
Loss before income tax	\$ (7,921,580)	\$ (110,974)	

The provision for income taxes consisted of the following:

	For the Year Ended For the Year June 30, 2021 June 30, 2	
Current:		
- Local	\$ 2,000	\$ -
- Foreign	-	-
Provision for income taxes	\$ 2,000	\$ -

The effective tax rate in the periods presented is the result of the mix of income earned in various tax jurisdictions that apply a broad range of income tax rates. The Company and its subsidiary that operate in various countries: United States, and Malaysia are subject to taxes in the jurisdictions in which they operate, as follows:

United States of America

TGI was incorporated in the State of Delaware and is subject to the tax laws of the United States of America. As of June 30, 2021, the operations in the United States of America incurred \$3,557,326 of cumulative net operating losses which can be carried forward to offset future taxable income. The deferred tax valuation allowance as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$747,038 and \$0, respectively.

TGI also subject to controlled foreign corporations Subpart F income ("Subpart F") tax, which is a tax primarily on passive income from controlled foreign corporations with a tax rate of 35%. In addition, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act imposed a global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") tax, which is a tax on certain off-shore earnings at an effective rate of 10.5% for tax years (50% deduction of the current enacted tax rate of 21%) with a partial offset for 80% foreign tax credits. If the foreign tax rate is 13.125% or higher, there will be no U.S. corporate tax after the 80% foreign tax credits are applied.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company's foreign subsidiaries did not generate any income that are subject to Subpart F tax and GILTI tax.

Malaysia

GEM is governed by the income tax laws of Malaysia and the income tax provision in respect of operations in Malaysia is calculated at the applicable tax rates on the taxable income for the periods based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. Under the Income Tax Act of Malaysia, enterprises that incorporated in Malaysia are usually subject to a unified 24% enterprise income tax rate while preferential tax rates, tax holidays and even tax exemption may be granted on case-by-case basis.

The following table reconciles the local (United States) statutory rates to the Company's effective tax rate for the periods indicated below:

	For the year	For the years ended		
	June 3	June 30,		
	2021	2020		
U.S. statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%		
Differential of Malaysia statutory tax rate	3.0%	(4.0)%		
Chang in valuation allowance	(24.0)%	(17.0)%		
Permanent difference	(0.1)%	-		
Effective tax rate	(0.1)%	-		

The following table sets forth the significant components of the aggregate deferred tax assets of the Company as of:

	As of June 30, 2021		As of June 30, 2020
Deferred tax assets:			
Beginning net operating loss	\$ 18,865	\$	-
Net operating loss carry forwards in U.S.	747,038		-
Net operating loss carry forwards in Malaysia	1,047,421		18,865
Less: valuation allowance	(1,813,324)	(18,865)
Deferred tax assets	\$ -	\$	

Uncertain tax positions

The Company evaluates each uncertain tax position (including the potential application of interest and penalties) based on the technical merits, and measure the unrecognized benefits associated with the tax positions. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions. The Company did not incur interest and penalties tax for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Note 13. Concentrations of risks

(a) Major customers

For the year ended June 30, 2021, no customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total revenues. For the year ended June 30, 2020, one customer accounted for approximately 83.0% of the Company's total revenues.

As of June 30, 2021, one customer accounted for 100% of the total balance of accounts receivable, respectively. As of June 30, 2020, one customer accounted for 98.0% of the total balance of accounts receivable.

(b) Major vendors

For the year ended June 30, 2021, one vendor accounted for approximately 86.2% of the Company's total purchases. For the year ended June 30, 2020, one vendor accounted for 100% of the Company's total purchases, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021, three vendors accounted for approximately 38.7%, 16.6% and 14.0% of the total balance of accounts payable, respectively. As of June 30, 2020, three vendors accounted for approximately 41.6%, 21.2% and 10.0% of the total balance of accounts payable, respectively.

(c) Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$2,843,398 and \$372 were deposited with financial institutions or fund received from customer being held in third party platform's fund account, respectively, \$2,456,102 and \$0 of these balances are not covered by deposit insurance. While management believes that these financial institutions are of high credit quality, it also continually monitors their credit worthiness.

Financial instruments that are potentially subject to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk in its account receivable is substantially mitigated by its ongoing credit evaluation process and relatively short collection terms. The Company does not generally require collateral from customers. The Company evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information. Historically, the Company did not have any bad debt on its account receivable.

(d) Exchange rate risk

The Company cannot guarantee that the current exchange rate will remain steady; therefore, there is a possibility that the Company could post the same amount of profit for two comparable periods and because of the fluctuating exchange rate actually post higher or lower profit depending on exchange rate of RM and HK\$ converted to US\$ on that date. The exchange rate could fluctuate depending on changes in political and economic environments without notice.

Note 14. Commitments and contingencies

Lease commitments

The Company's commitment for minimum lease payments under the remaining operating leases as of June 30, 2021 for the next five years is as follows:

The five-year maturity of the Company's operating lease liabilities is as follow:

Twelve Months Ending June 30,	Operating lease liabilities
2022	\$ 28,930
2023	14,465
Total lease payments	\$ 43,395

Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$25,895 and \$463, respectively.

Contingencies

Legal

From time to time, the Company is party to certain legal proceedings, as well as certain asserted and un-asserted claims. Amounts accrued, as well as the total amount of reasonably possible losses with respect to such matters, individually and in the aggregate, are not deemed to be material to the consolidated financial statements.

COVID-19

Since the declaration of the COVID-19 a pandemic on March 11, 2020, by the World Health Organization or WHO, Malaysia has been put through various stages of lockdowns such as (1) full movement control orders ("MCO"), under which, quarantines, travel restrictions, and the temporary closure of stores and facilities in Malaysia were made mandatory, (2) MCO were eased to a Conditional Movement Control Order ("CMCO") where most business sectors were allowed to operate under strict rules and Standard Operating Procedures mandated by the government of Malaysia and (3) CMCO were further relaxed to Recovery Movement Control Order ("RMCO"). On January 12, 2021, due to a resurgence of COVID-19 cases, the Malaysian government declared a state of emergency nationwide to combat COVID-19. Intermittent lockdowns were imposed in various states and districts in the country. February 2021 marked a significant month for Malaysia as all frontline staff of the country, which comprised those in healthcare, police, the Volunteers Department of Malaysia, the Fire and Rescue Department of Malaysia and civil defense sectors were vaccinated. On February 16, 2021, Prime Minister, Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin announced that a National COVID-19 Immunization Plan will be implemented for one year after February 2021, which 80% of the Malaysia population will be vaccinated to achieve herd immunization. On March 5, 2021, lockdowns in most part of the country was eased to a CMCO, nevertheless, COVID-19 cases in the country continue to rise. On May 12, 2021, Malaysia was again put under a full lockdown nationwide, until the earlier of (i) daily COVID-19 cases infection of the country fall below 4,000; (ii) intensive Unit Care, or ICU, wards start operating at a moderate level; or (iii) 10% of the Malaysian population is fully vaccinated. The country was administering over 400,000 doses of COVID-19 vaccines daily. On July 17, 2021, the full lockdown was slightly eased as 13.9% of the Malaysian population was fully vaccinated, with another 30% having received at least one dose of the vaccine. The COVID-19 situation in the country showed no sign of abating. Kuala Lumpur and Selangor remained the epicenter of the latest wave of infections. Total COVID-19 cases in the country surpassed the one million mark on July 25, 2021, and daily cases hit a record high of 24,599 on August 26, 2021. Despite the deteriorating COVID-19 state, the government lifted Kuala Lumpur from Enhanced Movement Control Order ("EMCO") ahead of schedule and ended the nationwide state of emergency on August 1, 2021. Parliament met for the first time this year on July 26, 2021. Malaysia pressed on with its National COVID-19 Immunization Plan, fast inoculating its residents. COVID-19 infection started to drop below the 10,000 mark daily, beginning October 3, 2021. Effective October 11, 2021, interstate and international travel restrictions were lifted for residents who had been fully vaccinated against COVID-19 as the country achieved its target of inoculating 90% of its adult population. The government is preparing to shift into an endemic COVID-19 phase where it will not impose wide lockdowns even if cases rise. As of January 6, 2022, over 78.0% of the country's population have been fully vaccinated.

Substantially all of the Company's revenues are concentrated in Malaysia. Consequently, the Company's results of operations will likely be adversely, and may be materially, affected, to the extent that the COVID-19 or any other epidemic harms the Malaysia and global economy in general. Any potential impact to the results will depend on, to a large extent, future developments and new information that may emerge regarding the duration and severity of the COVID-19 and the actions taken by government authorities and other entities to contain the COVID-19 or treat its impact, almost all of which are beyond the Company's control. Potential impacts include, but are not limited to, the following:

- temporary closure of offices, travel restrictions, financial impact of the Company's customers may be negatively affected, and could continue to negatively affect the demand for the Company's product;
- the Company may have to provide significant sales incentives to its customers during the outbreak, which may in turn materially adversely affect its financial condition and operating results; and
- the Company may experience a slow-down in hiring new personnel which may adversely impact on the Company's business operation.

Because of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 outbreak, the financial impact related to the outbreak of and response to the COVID-19 cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated all events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2021 up through the date the Company issued these consolidated financial statements on March 22, 2022.

Loan from third party

On January 3, 2022, GEM Reward Sdn. Bhd. (100% owned subsidiary of the Company operating in Malaysia) entered into a loan agreement with a third party Tophill Holding Sdn. Bhd. for a credit line maximum principal amount of RM 20 million (approximately \$4.8 million). The loan is for working capital purposes, with an interest rate of 3.50% per annum payable on monthly basis from the drawdown Date. The Company shall repay the loan on demand, together with interest accrued thereon and may prepay the whole or part of the loan together with interest accrued thereon at any time without penalty. The loan agreement was amended on March 15, 2022 to automatically convert outstanding principal plus accrued and unpaid interest under the loan agreement on the closing date of the initial public offering at a conversion price that is equal to 80% of the initial public offering price and to terminate as of the closing date of the initial public offering. As of March 22, 2022, the Company withdrew RM 6.2 million (approximately \$1.5 million) from this credit line.

Convertible Redeemable Notes

On July 29, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$236,462.52 to Kainan Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company (the "Kainan Note 2"). The Kainan Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,270 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Kainan Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Kainan Note 2 is prepayable at any time.

On September 22, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$240,442.41 to Chuah Su Mei, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Chuah Note"). The Chuah Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,847 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Chuah Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Chuah Note is prepayable at any time.

On October 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,235.66 to Click Development Berhad, a Malaysian company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Click Note"). The Click Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,425 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Click Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Click Note is prepayable at any time.

On November 4, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,555.15 to Whitney Tan Ann Bee, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Whitney Bee Note"). The Whitney Bee Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,472 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Whitney Bee Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Whitney Bee Note is prepayable at any time.

On November 4, 2021 we issued a Redeemable Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$1,013,106.38 to Repro Solution Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Repro Note 2"). The Repro Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 146,827 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Repro Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Repro Note 2 is prepayable at any time.

On November 5, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$108,590.73 to World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "World Cloud Note". The World Cloud Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 15,738 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The World Cloud Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The World Cloud Note is prepayable at any time. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 50% of the equity of World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd.

On January 3, 2022 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$568,308.87 to Cloudmaxx Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company (the "Cloudmaxx Note"). The Cloudmaxx Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 82,363 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Cloudmaxx Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 30% of the equity of Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd.

Capital Market Advisory Agreement

In July 2021 the Company signed a capital market advisory agreement with Exchange Listing, LLC ("Consultant"), to engage in advisory service in capital market advisory, corporate governance, and organizational meeting. Upon execution of this agreement, the Company will issue 300,000 warrants to the Consultant or its designees execrable for a period of five years at \$4.00 per share. In addition, the Company agrees to sell to the Consultant, or its designees, at \$0.001 per share, the number of shares of Company common stock equal to 2% of the Company's fully – diluted shares outstanding.

Through and including, 2022, (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in the Common Stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This delivery requirement is in addition to a dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to an unsold allotment or subscription.

3,000,000 Shares



PROSPECTUS

EF HUTTON division of Benchmark Investments, LLC

Part II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table indicates the expenses to be incurred in connection with the offering described in this registration statement, other than underwriting discounts and commissions, all of which will be paid by us. All amounts are estimated except the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., or FINRA filing.

	Amount
Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee	\$ 2,812
FINRA filing fee	5,050
NASDAQ listing fee	50,000
Accountants' fees and expenses	356,000
Legal fees and expenses	14,688
Printing and engraving expenses	10,500
Miscellaneous	150,950
Total expenses	\$ 590,000

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Section 102 of the General Company Law of the State of Delaware ("DGCL") permits a Company to eliminate the personal liability of directors of a Company to the Company or its stockholders for monetary damages for a breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the director breached his duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit. Our charter provides that no director of the Company shall be personally liable to it or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director, notwithstanding any provision of law imposing such liability, except to the extent that the DGCL prohibits the elimination or limitation of liability of directors for breaches of fiduciary duty.

Section 145 of the DGCL provides that a Company has the power to indemnify a director, officer, employee, or agent of the Company, or a person serving at the request of the Company for another Company, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise in related capacities against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with an action, suit or proceeding to which he was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, ending or completed action, suit or proceeding by reason of such position, if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and, in any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful, except that, in the case of actions brought by or in the right of the Company, no indemnification shall be made with respect to any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Company unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery or other adjudicating court determines that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

If a claim is not paid in full by the Company, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against the Company to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, if successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting such claim. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where any undertaking required by the Bylaws has been tendered to the Company) that the claimant has not met the standards of conduct which make it permissible under the DGCL for the Company to indemnify the claimant for the amount claimed, but the burden of proving such defense shall be on the Company. Neither the failure of the Company (including its Board, legal counsel, or its stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the DGCL, nor an actual determination by the Company (including its Board, legal counsel, or its stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or proceeding in advance of the final disposition of such action or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by the person indemnified to repay such payment if it is ultimately determined that such person is not entitled to indemnification.]

In any underwriting agreement we enter into in connection with the sale of common stock being registered hereby, the underwriters will agree to indemnify, under certain conditions, us, our directors, our officers and persons who control us within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, against certain liabilities

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

Since the Company's incorporation on March 20, 2020, the registrant has granted or issued the following securities of the registrant that were not registered under the Securities Act, as amended.

(a) Issuance of Capital Stock.

On July 1, 2020 the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of its common stock to Kok Pin "Darren" Tan, our former Chief Executive Officer, who has subsequently transferred his shares to 16 persons and entities and holds less than 5% of the Company's common stock

On July 1, 2021 the Company issued 232,666 shares of its common stock to Exchange Listing LLC pursuant to a consulting agreement.

On October 27, 2021 the Company issued 312,585 shares of its common stock to three individuals pursuant to a Share Swap Agreement, as amended in consideration for all of the equity of Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.

The issuance of the capital stock listed above was deemed exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder in that the issuance of securities were made to an accredited investor and did not involve a public offering. The recipient of such securities represented its intention to acquire the securities for investment purposes only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof.

(b) Warrants.

On July 1, 2021, we issued a five-year warrant to purchase 300,000 shares of our common stock to Exchange Listing, LLC pursuant to a consulting agreement dated July 1, 2021 between us and Exchange Listing, LLC. The warrant exercise price of \$4.00 per share.

The issuance of the warrants listed above were deemed exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder in that the issuance of securities were made to an accredited investor and did not involve a public offering. The recipient of such securities represented its intention to acquire the securities for investment purposes only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof.

(c) Option Grants.

None.

The option described above were deemed exempt from registration in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder in that the issuance of securities were made to an accredited investor and did not involve a public offering. The recipients of such securities represented its intention to acquire the securities for investment purposes only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof.

(d) Issuance of Notes.

On November 13, 2020 we issued a 13.33% Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$2,123,600 to Space Capital Berhad, a Malaysian public company (the "Space Capital Note"). The Space Capital Note bears interest at 13.33% per annum and is due on October 30, 2023. The Space Capital Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 530,900 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Space Capital Note is prepayable in full, but not in part.

On May 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$1,149,000.00 to Kainan Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company (the "Kainan Note"). The Kainan Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 166,522 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Kainan Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Kainan Note is prepayable at any time.

On May 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$1,400,000.00 to V Capital Kronos Berhad, a Malaysian public company and a more than 10% stockholder of the Company (the "V Capital Note"). The V Capital Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 202,899 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The V Capital Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The V Capital Note is prepayable at any time. Voon Him "Victor" Hoo, our Chairman and Managing Director is the majority shareholder of V Capital Kronos Berhad.

On June 18, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$251,768.63 to Vinet Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Vinet Note"). The Vinet Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 36,488 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Vinet Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Vinet Note is prepayable at any time.

On June 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$772,713.20 to Repro Solution Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Repro Note"). The Repro Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 111,988 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Repro Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Repro Note is prepayable at any time.

On June 30, 2021 we issued a 12% Redeemable Senior Note in the principal amount of \$65,000.00 to Yong Kim Fong, a Malaysian citizen (the "Fong Note"). The Fong Note bears interest at 12.00% per annum and is due on the earlier of (x) the date on which our common stock is listed on Nasdaq and (y) July 1, 2024. The Fong Note is prepayable in full, but not in part.

On July 10, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$36,879.00 to Tan Ann Bee, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Bee Note"). The Bee Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 5,344 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Bee Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Bee Note is prepayable at any time. On June 30, 2021, the Securities Purchase Agreement related to the Bee Note was executed and on such date the Company received \$36,879.00 for the purchase of the Bee Note.

On July 29, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$236,462.52 to Kainan Resources Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company (the "Kainan Note 2"). The Kainan Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,270 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Kainan Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Kainan Note 2 is prepayable at any time.

On September 22, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$240,442.41 to Chuah Su Mei, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Chuah Note"). The Chuah Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 34,847 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Chuah Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Chuah Note is prepayable at any time.

On October 20, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,235.66 to Click Development Berhad, a Malaysian company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Click Note"). The Click Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,425 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Click Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Click Note is prepayable at any time.

On November 4, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$120,555.15 to Whitney Tan Ann Bee, an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Whitney Bee Note"). The Whitney Bee Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 17,472 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Whitney Bee Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Whitney Bee Note is prepayable at any time.

On November 4, 2021 we issued a Redeemable Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$1,013,106.38 to Repro Solution Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private limited company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "Repro Note 2"). The Repro Note 2 is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 146,827 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Repro Note 2 is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The Repro Note 2 is prepayable at any time.

On November 5, 2021 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$108,590.73 to World Cloud Ventures Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company and an existing stockholder of the Company (the "World Cloud Note". The World Cloud Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 15,738 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The World Cloud Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. The World Cloud Note is prepayable at any time. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 50% of the equity of World Cloud Ventures Sdn. Bhd.

On January 3, 2022 we issued a Convertible Redeemable Note in the principal amount of \$568,308.87 to Cloudmaxx Sdn Bhd, a Malaysian private company (the "Cloudmaxx Note"). The Cloudmaxx Note is convertible by the Company in full, but not in part, into 82,363 shares of our common stock and such conversion is mandatory upon the listing of our shares of common stock on Nasdaq. The Cloudmaxx Note is due on the third anniversary of the issuance date and does not bear interest unless it has not been converted by the third anniversary of its issuance date, in which case it shall bear interest from the time of issuance at 12% per annum. Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi, a Vice President of the Company owns 30% of the equity of Cloudmaxx Sdn. Bhd.

We entered into a Loan Agreement (the "Tophill Loan Agreement") dated January 3, 2022 and amended on March 15, 2022 with Tophill Holding Sdn. Bhd ("Tophill"), pursuant to which Tophill provided us with a revolving loan facility to borrow up to RM 20,000,000 (approximately \$4,800,000) at 3.5% per annum, which is payable on demand. On March 15, 2022 the agreement was amended to provide that (i) all principal and accrued and unpaid interest outstanding under the Tophill Loan Agreement on the closing of our initial public offering will automatically be converted into shares of our common stock at a conversion price that is equal to 80% of the initial public offering price and (ii) the Tophill Loan Agreement terminates on the closing date of our initial public offering. As of May 4, 2022, the Company withdrew RM 10,900,000 (approximately \$2,600,000) from this facility.

The notes and loan described above was deemed exempt from registration in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder in that the issuance of securities were made to an accredited investor and did not involve a public offering. The recipients of such securities represented its intention to acquire the securities for investment purposes only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) Exhibits: Reference is made to the Exhibit Index following the signature pages hereto, which Exhibit Index is hereby incorporated into this Item.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement
3.1*	Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant
3.2*	Bylaws of the Registrant
3.3*	Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant
<u>4.1</u>	Form of Underwriter Warrant (included in Exhibit 1.1)
<u>5.1</u>	Opinion of Counsel to Registrant
10.1*	Beneficial Shareholding Agreement dated June 5, 2017 among Kok Pin "Darren" Tan and two individuals.
10.2*	Beneficial Shareholding Agreement dated November 10, 2020 between Kok Pin "Darren" Tan and Chong Chan "Sam" Teo.
10.3*	Share Swap Agreement dated March 11, 2021 between the Registrant and certain individuals
10.4*	Amendment to Share Swap Agreement dated March 11, 2021 among the Registrant and certain individuals
10.5*	Form of Common Stock Securities Purchase Agreement
<u>10.6*</u>	Form of Convertible Promissory Note issued pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement
<u>10.7*</u>	Investment Agreement dated November 1, 2020 between the Registrant and Space Capital Berhad
10.8*	13.33% Convertible Redeemable Note issued by the Registrant on November 13, 2020 to Space Capital Behard in the principal amount of \$2,123,600
10.9*	Collaboration Agreement dated March 21, 2022 between GEM Reward SDN BHD and TNG Digital SDN BHD
<u>10.10*</u>	Business Partner Agreement dated February 8, 2022 between Public Bank and Gem Reward Sdn Bhd
10.11*	Agreement dated August 6, 2021 between iPay88 (M) Sdn. Bhd. and Gem Reward Sdn Bhd.
10.12*	Partnership Agreement dated as of December 16, 2021 between Gem Reward Sdn Bhd and Digi Telecommunications Sdn Bhd
10.13*	Collection Services Agreement dated as of August 11, 2021 between ATX Distribution Sdn Bhd and Gem Reward Sdn Bhd
<u>10.14*</u>	Service Provider Agreement effective January 1, 2022 between Coup Marketing Asia Pacific Sdn. Bhd. d/b/a Pay's Gift and Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.
10.15*	Reseller Agreement dated April 12, 2021 between MOL Accessportal Sdn. Bhd. d/b/a Razer Gold and Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.
<u>10.16*</u>	Merchant Services Agreement dated August 17, 2021 between Morganfield's and Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.
10.17*	Merchant Services Agreement dated August 17, 2021 between The Alley and Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.
10.18*	Merchant Services Agreement dated August 17, 2021 between Hui Lau Shan and Gem Reward Sdn. Bhd.
10.19*	Employment Agreement dated July 1, 2020 between Chong Chan "Sam" Teo and the Registrant
10.20*	Employment Agreement dated October 15, 2020 between Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan and the Registrant
10.21*	Employment Agreement dated March 1, 2021 between Su Huay "Sue" Chuah and the Registrant
10.22*	Employment Agreement dated June 1, 2021 between Voon Him "Victor" Hoo and the Registrant
10.23*	Employment Agreement dated June 16, 2021 between Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah and the Registrant
10.24*	Consulting Agreement dated July 1, 2021 between Exchange Listing, LLC and the Registrant
21.1*	List of Subsidiaries of the Registrant
23.1	Consent of Friedman LLP dated April 18, 2022
<u>23.2</u>	Consent of Counsel to Registrant (included in Exhibit 5.1)
24.1*	Power of Attorney (included on signature page)
<u>107</u>	Fee Table

^{*}Previously filed.

(b) Financial Statement Schedules: All schedules are omitted because the required information is inapplicable or the information is presented in the financial statements and the related notes.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
- (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act");
- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and

- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement; provided, however, that paragraphs (1)(i), (1)(ii) and (1)(iii) above do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission by the registrant pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in the registration statement, or is contained in a form of prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) that is part of the registration statement.
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser:
- (A) Each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and
- (B) Each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.
- (5) That for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
- (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
- (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
- (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to any charter provision, by law or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in the City of New York, State of New York, on May 4, 2022.

TREASURE GLOBAL INC

By: Chong Chan "Sam" Teo

Chong Chan "Sam" Teo

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name	Position	Date
/s/ Chong Chan "Sam" Teo Chong Chan "Sam" Teo	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	May 4, 2022
/s/ Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan	Chief Operating Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	May 4, 2022
/s/ Voon Him "Victor" Hoo Voon Him "Victor" Hoo	Chairman of the Board and Managing Director	May 4, 2022
/s/ Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks	_Director	May 4, 2022
/s/ Marco Baccanello Marco Baccanello	Director	May 4, 2022
/s/ Jeremy Roberts Jeremy Roberts	Director	May 4, 2022
	II-9	

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

between

TREASURE GLOBAL INC

and

EF HUTTON,

division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, as Representative of the several Underwriters named on <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto

TREASURE GLOBAL INC

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

New York, New York [●], 2022

EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC as Representative of the several Underwriters named on <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto 590 Madison Avenue, 39th Floor New York, NY 10022

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, Treasure Global Inc, a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Delaware (the 'Company'), hereby confirms its agreement (this "Agreement") with EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC (hereinafter referred to as the 'Representative'), and with the other underwriters named on Schedule 1 hereto for which the Representative is acting as representative (the Representative and such other underwriters being collectively called the 'Underwriters' or, individually, an "Underwriter") as follows:

Purchase and Sale of Shares.

1.1 <u>Firm Shares.</u>

1.1.1. Nature and Purchase of Firm Shares.

- (i) On the basis of the representations and warranties herein contained, but subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, the Company agrees to issue and sell to the several Underwriters, an aggregate of [●] shares ("Firm Shares") of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share (the "Common Stock").
- (ii) The Underwriters, severally and not jointly, agree to purchase from the Company the number of Firm Shares set forth opposite their respective names on <u>Schedule 1</u> attached hereto and made a part hereof at a purchase price of \$[•] per Firm Share ([•]% of the per Firm Share public offering price). The Firm Shares are to be offered initially to the public at the offering price set forth on the cover page of the Prospectus (as defined in <u>Section 2.1.1</u> hereof).

1.1.2. Firm Shares Payment and Delivery.

- (i) Delivery and payment for the Firm Shares shall be made at 10:00 a.m., Eastern time, on the second (2nd) Business Day following the effective date (the "Effective Date") of the Registration Statement (as defined in Section 2.1.1 below) (or the third (3rd) Business Day following the Effective Date if the Registration Statement is declared effective after 4:01 p.m., Eastern time) or at such earlier time as shall be agreed upon by the Representative and the Company, at the offices of Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP, 101 Constitution Avenue, NW, Suite 900, Washington, D.C. 20001 ("Representative Counsel"), or at such other place (or remotely by facsimile or other electronic transmission) as shall be agreed upon by the Representative and the Company. The hour and date of delivery and payment for the Firm Shares is called the "Closing Date."
- (ii) Payment for the Firm Shares shall be made on the Closing Date by wire transfer in Federal (same day) funds, payable to the order of the Company upon delivery of the certificates (in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriters) representing the Firm Shares (or through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC")) for the account of the Underwriters. The Firm Shares shall be registered in such name or names and in such authorized denominations as the Representative may request in writing at least two (2) full Business Days prior to the Closing Date. The Company shall not be obligated to sell or deliver the Firm Shares except upon tender of payment by the Representative for all of the Firm Shares. The term "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions are authorized or obligated by law to close in New York, New York; provided that banks shall not be deemed to be authorized or obligated to be closed due to a "shelter in place," "non-essential employee" or similar closure of physical branch locations at the direction of any governmental authority if such banks' electronic funds transfer systems (including for wire transfers) are open for use by customers on such day.

1.2 Over-allotment Option.

- 1.2.1. Option Shares. For the purposes of covering any over-allotments in connection with the distribution and sale of the Firm Shares, the Company hereby grants to the Underwriters an option to purchase up to [•] additional shares of Common Stock, representing fifteen percent (15%) of the Firm Shares sold in the offering (the "Option Shares"), from the Company (the "Over-allotment Option"). The purchase price to be paid per Option Share shall be equal to the price per Firm Share set forth in Section 1.1.1 hereof. The Firm Shares and the Option Shares are hereinafter referred to together as the "Public Securities." The offering and sale of the Public Securities is herein referred to as the "Offering."
- 1.2.2. Exercise of Option. The Over-allotment Option granted pursuant to Section 1.2.1 hereof may be exercised by the Representative as to all (at any time) or any part (from time to time) of the Option Shares within forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date. The Underwriters shall not be under any obligation to purchase any Option Shares prior to the exercise of the Over-allotment Option. The Over-allotment Option granted hereby may be exercised by the giving of oral notice to the Company from the Representative, which must be confirmed in writing by overnight mail or facsimile or other electronic transmission setting forth the number of Option Shares to be purchased and the date and time for delivery of and payment for the Option Shares (the "Option Closing Date"), which shall not be later than five (5) full Business Days after the date of the notice or such other time as shall be agreed upon by the Company and the Representative, at the offices of Representative Counsel or at such other place (including remotely by facsimile or other electronic transmission) as shall be agreed upon by the Company and the Representative. If such delivery and payment for the Option Shares does not occur on the Closing Date, the Option Closing Date will be as set forth in the notice. Upon exercise of the Over-allotment Option with respect to all or any portion of the Option Shares, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, (i) the Company shall become obligated to sell to the Underwriters the number of Option Shares specified in such notice and (ii) each of the Underwriters, acting severally and not jointly, shall purchase that portion of the total number of Option Shares then being purchased as set forth on Schedule 1 opposite the name of such Underwriters bears to the total number of Firm Shares (except as otherwise agreed to by the Underwriters).
- 1.2.3. Option Shares Payment and Delivery. Payment for the Option Shares shall be made on the Option Closing Date by wire transfer in Federal (same day) funds, payable to the order of the Company upon delivery to the Representative of certificates (in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriters) representing the Option Shares (or through the facilities of DTC) for the account of the Underwriters. The Option Shares shall be registered in such name or names and in such authorized denominations as the Representative may request in writing at least two (2) full Business Days prior to the Option Closing Date. The Company shall not be obligated to sell or deliver the Option Shares except upon tender of payment by the Representative for applicable Option Shares.

1.3 Representative's Warrants.

1.3.1. Purchase Warrants. The Company hereby agrees to issue and sell to the Representative (and/or its designees) on the Closing Date, and the Option Closing Date, if applicable, a warrant ("Representative's Warrant") for the purchase of an aggregate of [•] shares of Common Stock, representing five percent (5.0%) of the Public Securities sold on such date, for an aggregate purchase price of \$[•]. The Representative's Warrant agreement, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Representative's Warrant Agreement"), shall be exercisable, in whole or in part, commencing on a date which is six (6) months after the Effective Date and expiring on the five-year anniversary of the Effective Date at an initial exercise price per share of Common Stock of \$[•], which is equal to one hundred twenty-five percent (125.0%) of the initial public offering price of the Firm Shares. The Representative's Warrant and the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise thereof are hereinafter referred to together as the "Representative's Securities." The Representative understands and agrees that there are significant restrictions pursuant to FINRA Rule 5110 against transferring the Representative's Warrant and the underlying shares of Common Stock during the one hundred eighty (180) day period after the Effective Date and by a sceptance thereof shall agree that it will not sell, transfer, assign, pledge or hypothecate the Representative's Warrant, or any portion thereof, or be the subject of any hedging, short sale, derivative, put or call transaction that would result in the effective economic disposition of such securities for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date to anyone other than (i) an Underwriter or a selected dealer in connection with the Offering, or (ii) a bona fide officer or partner of the Representative or of any such Underwriter or selected dealer; and only if any such transferee agrees to the foregoing lock-up restrictions.

- 1.3.2. <u>Delivery.</u> Delivery of the Representative's Warrant Agreement shall be made on the Closing Date and shall be issued in the name or names and in such authorized denominations as the Representative may request.
- 2. <u>Representations and Warranties of the Company.</u> The Company represents and warrants to the Underwriters as of the Applicable Time (as defined below), as of the Closing Date and as of the Option Closing Date, if any, as follows:

2.1 Filing of Registration Statement.

2.1.1. Pursuant to the Securities Act. The Company has filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the 'Commission') a registration statement, and an amendment or amendments thereto, on Form S-1 (File No. 333-264364), including any related prospectus or prospectuses, for the registration of the Public Securities and the Representative's Securities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), which registration statement and amendment or amendments have been prepared by the Company in all material respects in conformity with the requirements of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission under the Securities Act Regulations.") and will contain all material statements that are required to be stated therein in accordance with the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations. Except as the context may otherwise require, such registration statement, as amended, on file with the Commission at the time the registration statement became effective (including the Preliminary Prospectus included in the registration statement, schedules, exhibits and all other documents filed as a part thereof or incorporated therein and all information deemed to be a part thereof as of the Effective Date pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 430A of the Securities Act Regulations (the "Rule 430A Information")), is referred to herein as the "Registration Statement." If the Company files any registration statement pursuant to Rule 462(b) of the Securities Act Regulations, then after such filing, the term "Registration Statement" shall include such registration statement filed pursuant to Rule 462(b). The Registration Statement has been declared effective by the Commission on the date hereof.

Each prospectus used prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, and each prospectus that omitted the Rule 430A Information that was used after such effectiveness and prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, is herein called a "Preliminary Prospectus." The Preliminary Prospectus, subject to completion, dated April 18, 2022, that was included in the Registration Statement immediately prior to the Applicable Time is hereinafter called the "Pricing Prospectus." The final prospectus in the form first furnished to the Underwriters for use in the Offering is hereinafter called the "Prospectus." Any reference to the "most recent Preliminary Prospectus" shall be deemed to refer to the latest Preliminary Prospectus included in the Registration Statement.

"Applicable Time" means [●] p.m., Eastern time, on the date of this Agreement.

"Issuer Free Writing Prospectus" means any "issuer free writing prospectus," as defined in Rule 433 of the Securities Act Regulations ('Rule 433'), including without limitation any "free writing prospectus" (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act Regulations) relating to the Public Securities that is (i) required to be filed with the Commission by the Company, (ii) a "road show that is a written communication" within the meaning of Rule 433(d)(8)(i), whether or not required to be filed with the Commission, or (iii) exempt from filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d)(5)(i) because it contains a description of the Public Securities or of the Offering that does not reflect the final terms, in each case in the form filed or required to be filed with the Commission or, if not required to be filed, in the form retained in the Company's records pursuant to Rule 433(g).

"Issuer General Use Free Writing Prospectus" means any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that is intended for general distribution to prospective investors (other than a "bona fide electronic road show," as defined in Rule 433 (the "Bona Fide Electronic Road Show")), as evidenced by its being specified in Schedule 2-B hereto.

"Issuer Limited Use Free Writing Prospectus" means any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus that is not an Issuer General Use Free Writing Prospectus.

"Pricing Disclosure Package" means any Issuer General Use Free Writing Prospectus issued at or prior to the Applicable Time, the Pricing Prospectus and the information included on Schedule 2-A hereto, all considered together.

- 2.1.2. Pursuant to the Exchange Act. The Company has filed with the Commission a Form 8-A (File No. 000-[•]) providing for the registration pursuant to Section 12(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), of the Common Stock. The registration of the shares of Common Stock under the Exchange Act has been declared effective by the Commission on or prior to the date hereof. The Company has taken no action designed to, or likely to have the effect of, terminating the registration of the shares of Common Stock under the Exchange Act, nor has the Company received any notification that the Commission is contemplating terminating such registration.
- 2.2 <u>Stock Exchange Listing.</u> The shares of Common Stock have been approved for listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market (the **Exchange**"), subject only to official notice of issuance, and the Company has taken no action designed to, or likely to have the effect of, delisting the shares of Common Stock from the Exchange, nor has the Company received any notification that the Exchange is contemplating terminating such listing except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- 2.3 No Stop Orders, etc. Neither the Commission nor, to the Company's knowledge, any state regulatory authority has issued any order preventing or suspending the use of the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus or has instituted or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened to institute, any proceedings with respect to such an order. The Company has complied with each request (if any) from the Commission for additional information.

2.4 <u>Disclosures in Registration Statement.</u>

2.4.1. Compliance with Securities Act and 10b-5 Representation.

- (i) Each of the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, at the time it became effective, complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations. Each Preliminary Prospectus, including the prospectus filed as part of the Registration Statement as originally filed or as part of any amendment or supplement thereto, and the Prospectus, at the time each was filed with the Commission, complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations. Each Preliminary Prospectus delivered to the Underwriters for use in connection with this Offering and the Prospectus was or will be identical to the electronically transmitted copies thereof filed with the Commission pursuant to the Commission's EDGAR filing system ("EDGAR"), except to the extent permitted by Regulation S-T promulgated under the Securities Act ('Regulation S-T").
- (ii) Neither the Registration Statement nor any amendment thereto, at its effective time, as of the Applicable Time, at the Closing Date or at any Option Closing Date (if any), contained, contains or will contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted, omits or will omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- (iii) The Pricing Disclosure Package, as of the Applicable Time, at the Closing Date and at any Option Closing Date (if any), did not, does not and will not include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and each Issuer Limited Use Free Writing Prospectus hereto does not conflict in any material respect with the information contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, and each such Issuer Limited Use Free Writing Prospectus, as supplemented by and taken together with the Pricing Prospectus as of the Applicable Time, did not include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to statements made or statements omitted in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company with respect to the Underwriters by the Representative expressly for use in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto. The parties acknowledge and agree that such information provided by or on behalf of any Underwriter consists solely of the following disclosure contained in the "Underwriting" section of the Prospectus: (i) the table showing the number of securities to be purchased by each Underwriter, (ii) the third full paragraph, (iii) the second, third and fourth sentences of the first paragraph under the heading "Underwriting Discount" and (iv) the sub-sections titled "Other Relationships," "Electronic Distribution," "Price Stabilization, Short Positions" and "Affiliations" (the "Underwriters' Information").

- (iv) Neither the Prospectus nor any amendment or supplement thereto (including any prospectus wrapper), as of its issue date, at the time of any filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b), at the Closing Date or at any Option Closing Date, included, includes or will include an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted, omits or will omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to the Underwriters' Information.
- Disclosure of Agreements. The agreements and documents described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus conform in all material respects to the descriptions thereof contained therein and there are no agreements or other documents required by the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations to be described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus or to be filed with the Commission as exhibits to the Registration Statement, that have not been so described or filed. Each agreement or other instrument (however characterized or described) to which the Company is a party or by which it is or may be bound or affected and (i) that is referred to in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus or (ii) is material to the Company's business, has been duly authorized and validly executed by the Company, is in full force and effect in all material respects and is enforceable against the Company and, to the Company's knowledge, the other parties thereto, in accordance with its terms, except (x) as such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, (y) as enforceability of any indemnification or contribution provision may be limited under the federal and state securities laws, and (z) that the remedy of specific performance and injunctive and other forms of equitable relief may be subject to the equitable defenses and to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefor may be brought. None of such agreements or instruments has been assigned by the Company, and neither the Company nor, to the Company's knowledge, any other party is in default thereunder and, to the Company's knowledge, no event has occurred that, with the lapse of time or the giving of notice, or both, would constitute a default thereunder except for such defaults that would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change (as defined in Section 2.5.1 below). To the best of the Company's knowledge, performance by the Company of the material provisions of such agreements or instruments will not result in a violation of any existing applicable law, rule, regulation, judgment, order or decree of any governmental or regulatory agency, authority, body, entity or court, domestic or foreign, having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its assets or businesses (each, a "Governmental Entity"), including, without limitation, those relating to environmental laws and regulations, that, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably by expected to result in a Material Adverse Change as defined in Section 2.5.1 below
- 2.4.3. <u>Prior Securities Transactions.</u> No securities of the Company have been sold by the Company or by or on behalf of, or for the benefit of, any person or persons controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Company, except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Preliminary Prospectus.
- 2.4.4. <u>Regulations</u>. The disclosures in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus concerning the effects of federal, state, local and all foreign laws, rules and regulations relating to the Offering and the Company's business as currently conducted or contemplated are correct and complete in all material respects and no other such laws, rules or regulations are required to be disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus which are not so disclosed.
- 2.4.5. No Other Distribution of Offering Materials. The Company has not, directly or indirectly, distributed and will not distribute any offering material in connection with the Offering other than any Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, the Prospectus and other materials, if any, permitted under the Securities Act and consistent with Section 3.2 below.

2.5 Changes After Dates in Registration Statement.

- 2.5.1. No Material Adverse Change. Since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, except as otherwise specifically stated therein: (i) there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the Company or its Subsidiaries (as defined below) taken as a whole, nor to the Company's knowledge any change or development that, singularly or in the aggregate, would involve a material adverse change or a prospective material adverse change, in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations, business, assets or prospects of the Company or its Subsidiaries taken as a whole (a "Material Adverse Change"); (ii) there have been no material transactions entered into by the Company or its Subsidiaries, other than as contemplated pursuant to this Agreement; and (iii) no executive officer or director of the Company has resigned from any position with the Company.
- 2.5.2. <u>Recent Securities Transactions, etc.</u> Subsequent to the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, and except as may otherwise be indicated or contemplated herein or disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company has not: (i) issued any securities or incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, for borrowed money; or (ii) declared or paid any dividend or made any other distribution on or in respect to its Common Stock.
- 2.6 <u>Disclosures in Commission Filings</u>. None of the Company's filings with, or other documents furnished to, the Commission contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The Company has made all filings with the Commission required under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder (the "Exchange Act Regulations").
- 2 . 7 <u>Independent Accountants.</u> To the knowledge of the Company, Friedman LLP (the "Auditor"), whose report is filed with the Commission as part of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, is an independent registered public accounting firm as required by the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. The Auditor has not, during the periods covered by the financial statements included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, provided to the Company any non-audit services, as such term is used in Section 10A(g) of the Exchange Act.
- Financial Statements, etc. The financial statements, including the notes thereto and supporting schedules included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing 2. 8 Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, fairly present in all material respects the financial position and the results of operations of the Company at the dates and for the periods stated therein; and such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), consistently applied throughout the periods involved (provided that unaudited interim financial statements are subject to year-end audit adjustments that are not expected to be material in the aggregate and do not contain all footnotes required by GAAP); and the supporting schedules, if any, included in the Registration Statement present fairly in all material respects the information required to be stated therein. Except as included therein, no historical or pro forma financial statements are required to be included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus under the Securities Act or the Securities Act Regulations. The as adjusted financial information and the related notes, if any, included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus have been properly compiled and prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations and present fairly in all material respects the information shown therein, and the assumptions used in the preparation thereof are reasonable and the adjustments used therein are appropriate to give effect to the transactions and circumstances referred to therein. All disclosures contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus regarding "non-GAAP financial measures" (as such term is defined by the rules and regulations of the Commission), if any, comply with Regulation G of the Exchange Act and Item 10 of Regulation S-K of the Securities Act, to the extent applicable. Each of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus discloses all material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons that may have a material current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, capital resources or significant components of revenues or expenses. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (a) since the date of the last balance sheet included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including each entity disclosed or described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus as being a subsidiary of the Company (each, a "Subsidiary" and, collectively, the "Subsidiaries"), has incurred any material liabilities or obligations, direct or contingent, or entered into any material transactions other than in the ordinary course of business, (b) the Company has not declared or paid any dividends or made any distribution of any kind with respect to its Common Stock, (c) there has not been any change in the capital stock of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or, other than in the ordinary course of business, any grants under any stock compensation plan and (d) there has not been any material adverse change in the Company's long-term or short-term debt. The Company represents that it has no direct or indirect subsidiaries other than those listed in Exhibit 21.1 to the Registration Statement.

2 . 9 <u>Authorized Capital; Options, etc.</u> The Company had, at the date or dates indicated in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the duly authorized, issued and outstanding capitalization as set forth therein. Based on the assumptions stated in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company will have on the Closing Date the adjusted capitalization set forth therein. Except as set forth in, or contemplated by, the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, on the Effective Date, as of the Applicable Time and on the Closing Date and any Option Closing Date, there will be no stock options, warrants or other rights to purchase or otherwise acquire any authorized, but unissued shares of Common Stock of the Company or any security convertible or exercisable into shares of Common Stock of the Company, or any contracts or commitments to issue or sell shares of Common Stock or any such options, warrants, rights or convertible securities.

2.10 Valid Issuance of Securities, etc.

- 2.10.1. Outstanding Securities. All issued and outstanding securities of the Company issued prior to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement have been duly authorized and validly issued and are fully paid and non-assessable; the holders thereof have no contractual rights of rescission or the ability to force the Company to repurchase such securities with respect thereto, and are not subject to personal liability by reason of being such holders; and none of such securities were issued in violation of the preemptive rights, rights of first refusal or rights of participation of any holders of any security of the Company or similar contractual rights granted by the Company. The authorized shares of Common Stock conform in all material respects to all statements relating thereto contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. The offers and sales of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, options, warrants and other rights to purchase or exchange such securities for shares of the Common Stock were at all relevant times either registered under the Securities Act and the applicable state securities or "blue sky" laws or, based in part on the representations and warranties of the purchasers of such shares of Common Stock, exempt from such registration requirements. The description of the Company's stock option, stock bonus and other stock plans or arrangements, and the options or other rights granted thereunder, as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, accurately and fairly present, in all material respects, the information required to be shown with respect to such plans, arrangements, options and rights.
- 2.10.2. Securities Sold Pursuant to this Agreement. The Public Securities and Representative's Securities have been duly authorized for issuance and sale and, when issued and paid for, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable; the holders thereof are not and will not be subject to personal liability by reason of being such holders; the Public Securities and Representative's Securities has been duly and validly taken. The Public Securities and Representative's Securities conform in all material respects to all statements with respect thereto contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. All corporate action required to be taken for the authorization, issuance and sale of the Representative's Warrant has been duly and validly taken; the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Representative's Warrant have been duly and validly taken; the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Representative's Warrant have been duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable; the holders thereof are not and will not be subject to personal liability by reason of being such holders; and such shares of Common Stock are not and will not be subject to the preemptive rights of any holders of any security of the Company or similar contractual rights granted by the Company.

- 2.11 <u>Registration Rights of Third Parties.</u> Except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, no holders of any securities of the Company or any options, warrants, rights or other securities exercisable for or convertible or exchangeable into securities of the Company have the right to require the Company to register any such securities of the Company under the Securities Act or to include any such securities in the Registration Statement or any other registration statement to be filed by the Company.
- 2.12 <u>Validity and Binding Effect of Agreements</u>. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Representative's Warrant Agreement have been duly and validly authorized by the Company, and, when executed and delivered, will constitute, the valid and binding agreements of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their respective terms, except in each case: (i) as such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally; (ii) as enforceability of any indemnification or contribution provision may be limited under the federal and state securities laws; and (iii) that the remedy of specific performance and injunctive and other forms of equitable relief may be subject to the equitable defenses and to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefor may be brought.
- 2.13 No Conflicts, etc. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the Representative's Warrant Agreement and all ancillary documents, the consummation by the Company of the transactions herein and therein contemplated and the compliance by the Company with the terms hereof and thereof do not and will not, with or without the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both: (i) result in a breach of, or conflict with, in any material respect any of the terms and provisions of, or constitute a material default under, or result in the creation, modification, termination or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of the Company pursuant to the terms of any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or any other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or as to which any property of the Company is a party; (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation (as the same have been amended or restated from time to time, the "Charter") or the bylaws of the Company (the "Bylaws"); or (iii) violate any existing applicable law, rule, regulation, judgment, order or decree of any Governmental Entity as of the date hereof.
- 2.14 No Defaults; Violations. Except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, no material default exists in the due performance and observance of any term, covenant or condition of any material license, contract, indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, note, loan or credit agreement, or any other agreement or instrument evidencing an obligation for borrowed money, or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which the Company may be bound or to which any of the properties or assets of the Company is subject. The Company is not (i) in violation of any term or provision of its Charter or Bylaws, or (ii) in violation of any franchise, license, permit, applicable law, rule, regulation, judgment or decree of any Governmental Entity, except for such violations that would not be reasonably expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

2.15 Corporate Power; Licenses; Consents.

2.15.1. <u>Conduct of Business</u>. Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company has all requisite corporate power and authority, and has all necessary consents, authorizations, approvals, licenses, certificates, clearances, permits and orders and supplements and amendments thereto (collectively, "Authorizations") of and from all Governmental Entities that it needs as of the date hereof to conduct its business purpose as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, except for such Authorizations, the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.

- 2.15.2. <u>Transactions Contemplated Herein.</u> The Company has all corporate power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Representative's Warrant Agreement and to carry out the provisions and conditions hereof and thereof, and all Authorizations required in connection therewith have been obtained. No Authorization of, and no filing with, any Governmental Entity, the Exchange or another body is required for the valid issuance, sale and delivery of the Public Securities and the Representative's Securities and the consummation of the transactions and agreements contemplated by this Agreement and the Representative's Warrant Agreement and as contemplated by the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, except with respect to applicable federal and state securities or blue-sky laws and the rules and regulations of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA").
- 2 . 1 6 <u>D&O Questionnaires</u>. To the Company's knowledge, all information contained in the questionnaires (the 'Questionnaires') completed by each of the Company's directors, officers and owners of five percent (5%) or more of its outstanding shares of Common Stock prior to the Offering as supplemented by all information concerning the Company's directors, officers and owners of five percent (5%) or more of its outstanding shares of Common Stock as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus provided to the Underwriters, is true and correct in all material respects and the Company has not become aware of any information which would cause the information disclosed in the Questionnaires to become materially inaccurate and incorrect.
- 2.17 <u>Litigation; Governmental Proceedings</u>. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry, arbitration, investigation, litigation or governmental proceeding pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against, or involving the Company or, to the Company's knowledge, any executive officer or director which has not been disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, or in connection with the Company's listing application for the listing of the Public Securities on the Exchange, and is required to be disclosed therein.
- 2.18 Good Standing. The Company has been duly incorporated and is validly existing as a corporation and is in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware as of the date hereof, and is duly qualified to do business and is in good standing as a foreign corporation in each other jurisdiction in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of business requires such qualification, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing, singularly or in the aggregate, would not have or reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.
- 2.19 <u>Insurance</u>. The Company carries or is entitled to the benefits of insurance (including, without limitation, as to directors and officers insurance coverage), with reputable insurers, in such amounts and covering such risks which the Company believes are adequate, and all such insurance is in full force and effect. The Company has no reason to believe that it will not be able (i) to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such policies expire or (ii) to obtain comparable coverage from similar institutions as may be necessary or appropriate to conduct its business as now conducted and at a cost that would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

2.20 <u>Transactions Affecting Disclosure to FINRA.</u>

- 2.20.1. <u>Finder's Fees</u>. Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no claims, payments, arrangements, agreements or understandings relating to the payment of a finder's, consulting or origination fee by the Company or any Insider with respect to the sale of the Public Securities hereunder or any other arrangements, agreements or understandings of the Company or, to the Company's knowledge, any of its stockholders that may affect the Underwriters' compensation, as determined by FINRA.
- 2.20.2. <u>Payments Within Twelve (12) Months</u>. Except as disclosed in writing to the Representative or as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company has not made any direct or indirect payments in connection with the Offering (in cash, securities or otherwise) to: (i) any person, as a finder's fee, consulting fee or otherwise, in consideration of such person raising capital for the Company or introducing to the Company persons who raised or provided capital to the Company; (ii) any FINRA member; or (iii) any person or entity that has any direct or indirect affiliation or association with any FINRA member, within the twelve (12) months prior to the Effective Date, other than the payment to the Underwriters as provided hereunder in connection with the Offering.

- 2.20.3. <u>Use of Proceeds.</u> None of the net proceeds of the Offering will be paid by the Company to any participating FINRA member or its affiliates, except as specifically authorized herein.
- 2.20.4. <u>FINRA Affiliation</u>. There is no (i) officer or director of the Company, (ii) to the Company's knowledge, beneficial owner of ten percent (10%) or more of any class of the Company's securities or (iii) to the Company's knowledge, beneficial owner of the Company's unregistered equity securities who acquired any equity securities of the Company during the one hundred eighty (180)-day period immediately preceding the filing of the Registration Statement that is an affiliate or associated person of a FINRA member participating in the Offering (as determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of FINRA).
- 2.20.5. <u>Information.</u> All information provided by the Company in its FINRA questionnaires to Representative Counsel specifically for use by Representative Counsel in connection with its Public Offering System filings (and related disclosure) with FINRA is true, correct and complete in all material respects.
- 2.21 <u>Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.</u> None of the Company and its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company and its Subsidiaries or any other person acting on behalf of the Company and its Subsidiaries, has, directly or indirectly, given or agreed to give any money, gift or similar benefit (other than legal price concessions to customers in the ordinary course of business) to any customer, supplier, employee or agent of a customer or supplier, or official or employee of any Governmental Entity (domestic or foreign) or any political party or candidate for office (domestic or foreign) or other person who was, is, or may be in a position to help or hinder the business of the Company (or assist it in connection with any actual or proposed transaction) that (i) might subject the Company to any damage or penalty in any civil, criminal or governmental litigation or proceeding, (ii) if not given in the past, might have had a Material Adverse Change or (iii) if not continued in the future, might adversely affect the assets, business, operations or prospects of the Company. The Company has taken reasonable steps to ensure that its accounting controls and procedures are sufficient to cause the Company to comply in all material respects with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended.
- 2.22 Compliance with OFAC. None of the Company and its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company and its Subsidiaries or any other person acting on behalf of the Company and its Subsidiaries, is currently subject to any U.S. sanctions administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("OFAC"), and the Company will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the Offering hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity, for the purpose of financing the activities of any person currently subject to any U.S. sanctions administered by OFAC.
- 2.23 Money Laundering Laws. The operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance in all material respects with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements of the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended, the money laundering statutes of all applicable jurisdictions, the rules and regulations thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any Governmental Entity (collectively, the "Money Laundering Laws"); and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any Governmental Entity involving the Company with respect to the Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened.
- 2.24 Officers' Certificate. Any certificate signed by any duly authorized officer of the Company and delivered to the Representative or to Representative Counsel on the Closing Date or the Option Closing Date shall be deemed a representation and warranty by the Company to the Underwriters as to the matters covered thereby.
- 2.25 <u>Lock-Up Agreements</u>. Schedule 3 hereto contains a complete and accurate list of the Company's officers, directors and each owner of five percent (5%) or more of the Company's outstanding shares of Common Stock (or securities convertible or exercisable into shares of Common Stock) (collectively, the "**Lock-Up Parties**"). The Company has caused each of the Lock-Up Parties to deliver to the Representative an executed Lock-Up Agreement, in a form substantially similar to that attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> (the "Lock-Up Agreement"), prior to the execution of this Agreement.

- 2.26 <u>Subsidiaries</u>. All direct and indirect Subsidiaries of the Company are duly organized and in good standing under the laws of the place of organization or incorporation, and each Subsidiary is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of business requires such qualification, except where the failure to qualify would not have a material adverse effect on the assets, business or operations of the Company taken as a whole. The Company's ownership and control of each Subsidiary is as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- 2.27 <u>Related Party Transactions</u>. There are no business relationships or related party transactions involving the Company or any other person required to be described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus that have not been described as required.
- 2.28 <u>Board of Directors.</u> The Board of Directors of the Company is comprised of the persons set forth under the heading of the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus captioned "Management." The qualifications of the persons serving as board members and the overall composition of the board comply with the Exchange Act, the Exchange Act Regulations, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules promulgated thereunder (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act") applicable to the Company and the listing rules of the Exchange. At least one member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert," as such term is defined under Regulation S-K and the listing rules of the Exchange. In addition, at least a majority of the persons serving on the Board of Directors qualify as "independent," as defined under the listing rules of the Exchange.

2.29 <u>Sarbanes-Oxley Compliance</u>.

- 2.29.1. <u>Disclosure Controls</u>. The Company has developed and currently maintains disclosure controls and procedures that will comply in all material respects with Rule 13a-15 or 15d-15 under the Exchange Act Regulations, and such controls and procedures are effective to ensure that all material information concerning the Company will be made known on a timely basis to the individuals responsible for the preparation of the Company's Exchange Act filings and other public disclosure documents.
- 2.29.2. <u>Compliance</u>. The Company is and at the Applicable Time and on the Closing Date will be, in material compliance with the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act applicable to it, and has implemented or will implement such programs and has taken reasonable steps to ensure the Company's future compliance (not later than the relevant statutory and regulatory deadlines therefor) with all of the material provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- 2.30 Accounting Controls. The Company and its Subsidiaries maintain systems of "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined under Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act Regulations) that comply in all material respects with the requirements of the Exchange Act and have been designed by, or under the supervision of, their respective principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP, including, but not limited to, internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP and to maintain asset accountability; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company is not aware of any material weaknesses in its internal controls. The Company's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company have been advised of: (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are known to the Company's management and that have adversely affected or are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (ii) any fraud known to the Company's management, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the

- 2.31 No Investment Company Status. The Company is not and, after giving effect to the Offering and the application of the proceeds thereof as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, will not be, required to register as an "investment company," as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
- 2.32 No Labor Disputes. No labor dispute with the employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the Company, is imminent. The Company is not aware that any key employee or significant group of employees of the Company plans to terminate employment with the Company.
- Intellectual Property Rights. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries own or possess or has valid rights to use all patents, patent applications, trademarks, service marks, trade names, trademark registrations, service mark registrations, copyrights, licenses, inventions, trade secrets and similar rights ("Intellectual Property Rights") described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and necessary for the conduct of the business of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries as currently carried on and as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. To the knowledge of the Company, no action or use by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries necessary for the conduct of its business as currently carried on and as described in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus will involve or give rise to any infringement of, or license or similar fees for, any Intellectual Property Rights of others. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any notice alleging any such infringement, fee or conflict with asserted Intellectual Property Rights of others. Except as would not reasonably be expected to result, individually or in the aggregate, in a Material Adverse Change (A) to the knowledge of the Company, there is no infringement, misappropriation or violation by third parties of any of the Intellectual Property Rights owned by the Company; (B) there is no pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by others challenging the rights of the Company in or to any such Intellectual Property Rights, and the Company is unaware of any facts which would form a reasonable basis for any such claim, that would, individually or in the aggregate, together with any other claims in this Section 2.33, reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change; (C) the Intellectual Property Rights owned by the Company and, to the knowledge of the Company, the Intellectual Property Rights licensed to the Company have not been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part, and there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by others challenging the validity or scope of any such Intellectual Property Rights, and the Company is unaware of any facts which would form a reasonable basis for any such claim that would, individually or in the aggregate, together with any other claims in this Section 2.33, reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change; (D) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by others that the Company infringes, misappropriates or otherwise violates any Intellectual Property Rights or other proprietary rights of others, the Company has not received any written notice of such claim and the Company is unaware of any other facts which would form a reasonable basis for any such claim that would, individually or in the aggregate, together with any other claims referred to in this Section 2.33, reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change; and (E) to the Company's knowledge, no employee of the Company is in or has ever been in violation in any material respect of any term of any employment contract, patent disclosure agreement, invention assignment agreement, non-competition agreement, non-solicitation agreement, nondisclosure agreement or any restrictive covenant to or with a former employer where the basis of such violation relates to such employee's employment with the Company, or actions undertaken by the employee while employed with the Company and could reasonably be expected to result, individually or in the aggregate, in a Material Adverse Change. To the Company's knowledge, all material technical information developed by and belonging to the Company which has not been patented has been kept confidential. The Company is not a party to or bound by any options, licenses or agreements with respect to the Intellectual Property Rights of any other person or entity that are required to be set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and are not described therein. The Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus contain in all material respects the same description of the matters set forth in the preceding sentence. None of the technology employed by the Company has been obtained or is knowingly being used by the Company in violation of any contractual obligation binding on the Company or, to the Company's knowledge, any of its officers, directors or employees, or otherwise in violation of the rights of any persons.

- 2.34 Taxes. Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries has filed all returns (as hereinafter defined) required to be filed with taxing authorities prior to the date hereof or has duly obtained extensions of time for the filing thereof. Each of the Company and its Subsidiaries has paid all taxes (as hereinafter defined) shown as due on such returns that were filed and has paid all taxes imposed on or assessed against the Company or such respective Subsidiary. The provisions for taxes payable, if any, shown on the financial statements filed with or as part of the Registration Statement are sufficient for all accrued and unpaid taxes, whether or not disputed, and for all periods to and including the dates of such consolidated financial statements. Except as disclosed in writing to the Underwriters, (i) no issues have been raised (and are currently pending) by any taxing authority in connection with any of the returns or taxes asserted as due from the Company or its Subsidiaries and (ii) no waivers of statutes of limitation with respect to the returns or collection of taxes have been given by or requested from the Company or its Subsidiaries. There are no tax liens against the assets, properties or business of the Company or its Subsidiaries. The term "taxes" means all federal, state, local, foreign and other net income, gross income, gross receipts, sales, use, ad valorem, transfer, franchise, profits, license, lease, service, service use, withholding, payroll, employment, excise, severance, stamp, occupation, premium, property, windfall profits, customs, duties or other taxes, fees, assessments or charges of any kind whatever, together with any interest and any penalties, additions to tax or additional amounts with respect thereto. The term "returns" means all returns, declarations, reports, statements and other documents required to be filed in respect to taxes.
- 2.35 <u>ERISA Compliance</u>. The Company and any "employee benefit plan" (as defined under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the regulations and published interpretations thereunder (collectively, "ERISA")) established or maintained by the Company or its "ERISA Affiliates" (as defined below) are in compliance in all material respects with ERISA. "ERISA Affiliate" means, with respect to the Company, any member of any group of organizations described in Sections 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations and published interpretations thereunder (the "Code") of which the Company is a member. No "reportable event" (as defined under ERISA) has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur with respect to any "employee benefit plan" established or maintained by the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates. No "employee benefit plan" established or maintained by the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates, if such "employee benefit plan" were terminated, would have any "amount of unfunded benefit liabilities" (as defined under ERISA). Neither the Company nor any of its ERISA Affiliates has incurred or reasonably expects to incur any material liability under (i) Title IV of ERISA with respect to termination of, or withdrawal from, any "employee benefit plan" or (ii) Sections 412, 4971, 4975 or 4980B of the Code. Each "employee benefit plan" established or maintained by the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code is so qualified and, to the knowledge of the Company, nothing has occurred, whether by action or failure to act, which would cause the loss of such qualification.
- 2.36 Compliance with Laws. Each of the Company and each Subsidiary: (A) is and at all times has been in compliance with all statutes, rules or regulations applicable to the business of the Company as currently conducted ("Applicable Laws"), except as could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change; (B) has not received any warning letter, untitled letter or other correspondence or notice from any Governmental Entity alleging or asserting noncompliance with any Applicable Laws or any Authorizations; (C) possesses all material Authorizations and such Authorizations are valid and in full force and effect and are not in material violation of any term of any such Authorizations; (D) has not received notice of any claim, action, suit, proceeding, hearing, enforcement, investigation, arbitration or other action from any Governmental Entity or third party alleging that any activity conducted by the Company is in violation of any Applicable Laws or Authorizations and has no knowledge that any such Governmental Entity or third party is considering any such claim, litigation, arbitration, action, suit, investigation or proceeding; (E) has not received notice that any Governmental Entity has taken, is taking or intends to take action to limit, suspend, modify or revoke any Authorizations and has no knowledge that any such Governmental Entity has taken, is taking or intends to take action to limit, suspend, modify or revoke any Authorizations and has no knowledge that any such Governmental Entity is considering such action; and (F) has filed, obtained, maintained or submitted all material reports, documents, forms, notices, applications, records, claims, submissions and supplements or amendments were complete and correct in all material respects on the date filed (or were corrected or supplemented by a subsequent submission).

- 2.37 <u>Emerging Growth Company.</u> From the time of the initial submission of the Registration Statement to the Commission (or, if earlier, the first date on which the Company engaged directly in or through any person authorized to act on its behalf in any Testing-the-Waters Communication) through the date hereof, the Company has been and is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act (an "Emerging Growth Company"). "Testing-the-Waters Communication" means any oral or written communication with potential investors undertaken in reliance on Section 5(d) of the Securities Act. The Company has not (i) alone engaged in any Testing-the-Waters Communications, other than Testing-the-Waters Communications with the written consent of the Representative and with entities that are qualified institutional buyers within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act or institutions that are accredited investors within the meaning of Rule 501 under the Securities Act and (ii) authorized anyone other than the Representative to engage in Testing-the-Waters Communications. The Company confirms that the Representative has been authorized to act on its behalf in undertaking Testing-the-Waters Communications.
- Environmental Laws. The Company is in compliance with all foreign, federal, state and local rules, laws and regulations relating to the use, treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous or toxic substances or waste and protection of health and safety or the environment which are applicable to their businesses ("Environmental Laws"), except where the failure to comply would not, singularly or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Change. There has been no storage, generation, transportation, handling, treatment, disposal, discharge, emission or other release of any kind of toxic or other wastes or other hazardous substances by, due to, or caused by the Company (or, to the Company's knowledge, any other entity for whose acts or omissions the Company is or may otherwise be liable) upon any of the property now or previously owned or leased by the Company, or upon any other property, in violation of any law, statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, order, judgment, decree or permit or which would, under any law, statute, ordinance, rule (including rule of common law), regulation, order, judgment, decree or permit, give rise to any liability, except for any violation or liability which would not have, singularly or in the aggregate with all such violations and liabilities, a Material Adverse Change; and there has been no disposal, discharge, emission or other release of any kind onto such property or into the environment surrounding such property of any toxic or other wastes or other hazardous substances with respect to which the Company has knowledge, except for any such disposal, discharge, emission or other release of any kind which would not have, singularly or in the aggregate with all such discharges and other releases, a Material Adverse Change. In the ordinary course of business, the Company conducts periodic reviews of the effect of Environmental Laws on its business and assets, in the course of which they identify and evaluate associated costs and liabilities (including, without limitation, any capita
- 2.39 <u>Title to Property.</u> Except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company and its Subsidiaries have good and marketable title in fee simple to, or have valid rights to lease or otherwise use, all items of real or personal property which are material to the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, security interests, claims and defects that do not, singly or in the aggregate, materially affect the value of such property and do not interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property by the Company or its Subsidiaries; and all of the leases and subleases material to the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries, considered as one enterprise, and under which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries holds properties described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, are in full force and effect, and neither the Company nor any Subsidiary has received any notice of any material claim of any sort that has been asserted by anyone adverse to the rights of the Company or any Subsidiary under any of the leases or subleases mentioned above, or affecting or questioning the rights of the Company or any Subsidiary to the continued possession of the leased or subleased premises under any such lease or sublease.
- 2.40 <u>Contracts Affecting Capital</u>. There are no transactions, arrangements or other relationships between and/or among the Company, any of its affiliates (as such term is defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act Regulations) and any unconsolidated entity, including, but not limited to, any structured finance, special purpose or limited purpose entity that could reasonably be expected to materially affect the Company's or its Subsidiaries' liquidity or the availability of or requirements for their capital resources required to be described or incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus which have not been described or incorporated by reference as required.

- 2.41 <u>Loans to Directors or Officers</u>. There are no outstanding loans, advances (except normal advances for business expenses in the ordinary course of business) or guarantees or indebtedness by the Company or its Subsidiaries to or for the benefit of any of the officers or directors of the Company, its Subsidiaries, or any of their respective family members, except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- 2.42 <u>Ineligible Issuer.</u> At the time of filing the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, at the Effective Date and at the time of any amendment thereto, at the earliest time thereafter that the Company or another offering participant made a bona fide offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) of the Securities Act Regulations) of the Public Securities and at the Effective Date, the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined in Rule 405, without taking account of any determination by the Commission pursuant to Rule 405 that it is not necessary that the Company be considered an ineligible issuer.
- 2.43 <u>Smaller Reporting Company.</u> As of the time of filing of the Registration Statement, the Company was a "smaller reporting company," as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act Regulations.
- 2.44 <u>Industry Data.</u> The statistical and market-related data included in each of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus are based on or derived from sources that the Company reasonably and in good faith believes are reliable and accurate or represent the Company's good faith estimates that are made on the basis of data derived from such sources.
- 2.45 [Electronic Road Show. The Company has made available a Bona Fide Electronic Road Show in compliance with Rule 433(d)(8)(ii) of the Securities Act Regulations such that no filing of any "road show" (as defined in Rule 433(h) of the Securities Act Regulations) is required in connection with the Offering.]
- 2.46 <u>Margin Securities</u>. The Company owns no "margin securities" as that term is defined in Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "**Federal Reserve Board**"), and none of the proceeds of Offering will be used, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any margin security, for the purpose of reducing or retiring any indebtedness which was originally incurred to purchase or carry any margin security or for any other purpose which might cause any of the shares of Common Stock to be considered a "purpose credit" within the meanings of Regulation T, U or X of the Federal Reserve Board.
- 2.47 <u>Dividends and Distributions.</u> Except as disclosed in the Pricing Disclosure Package, Registration Statement and the Prospectus, no Subsidiary of the Company is currently prohibited or restricted, directly or indirectly, from paying any dividends to the Company, from making any other distribution on such Subsidiary's capital stock, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances to such Subsidiary from the Company or from transferring any of such Subsidiary's property or assets to the Company or any other Subsidiary of the Company.
- 2.48 <u>Forward-Looking Statements.</u> No forward-looking statement (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act) contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus has been made or reaffirmed without a reasonable basis or has been disclosed other than in good faith.
- 2.49 Exchange Act Reports. The Company has filed in a timely manner all reports required to be filed pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(e), 14 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding twelve (12) months (except to the extent that Section 15(d) requires reports to be filed pursuant to Sections 13(d) and 13(g) of the Exchange Act, which shall be governed by the next clause of this sentence), if any; and the Company has filed in a timely manner all reports required to be filed pursuant to Sections 13(d) and 13(g) of the Exchange Act, if any, except where the failure to timely file could not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a Material Adverse Change.
- 2.50 <u>Integration</u>. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries, nor any person acting on its or their behalf has, directly or indirectly, made any offers or sales of any security or solicited any offers to buy any security, under circumstances that would cause the Offering to be integrated with prior offerings by the Company for purposes of the Securities Act that would require the registration of any such securities under the Securities Act.

- 2.51 <u>Confidentiality and Non-Competitions</u>. To the Company's knowledge, no director, officer, key employee or consultant of the Company or any Subsidiary is subject to any confidentiality, non-disclosure, non-competition agreement or non-solicitation agreement with any employer (other than the Company) or prior employer that could materially affect his or her ability to be and act in his or her respective capacity of the Company or such Subsidiary or be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.
- 2.52 <u>Corporate Records.</u> The minute books of the Company have been made available to the Representative and Representative Counsel and such books (i) contain minutes of all material meetings and actions of the Board of Directors (including each board committee) and stockholders of the Company and (ii) reflect all material transactions referred to in such minutes.
- 2.53 <u>Diligence Materials</u>. The Company has provided to the Representative and Representative Counsel all materials required or necessary to respond in all material respects to the diligence request submitted to the Company or Company Counsel by the Representative.
- 2.54 <u>Stabilization.</u> Neither the Company nor, to its knowledge, any of its employees, directors or stockholders (without the consent of the Representative) has taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that has constituted or that might reasonably be expected to cause or result in, under Regulation M of the Exchange Act, or otherwise, stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Public Securities.
- 3. <u>Covenants of the Company</u>. The Company covenants and agrees as follows:
- 3.1 <u>Amendments to Registration Statement.</u> The Company shall deliver to the Representative, prior to filing, any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or Prospectus proposed to be filed after the Effective Date and not file any such amendment or supplement to which the Representative shall reasonably object in writing.

3.2 Federal Securities Laws.

3.2.1. Compliance. The Company, subject to Section 3.2.2, shall comply in all material respects with the requirements of Rule 430A of the Securities Act Regulations, and will notify the Representative promptly, and confirm the notice in writing, (i) when any post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement shall become effective or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus shall have been filed; (ii) of its receipt of any comments from the Commission; (iii) of any request by the Commission for any amendment to the Registration Statement or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus or for additional information; (iv) of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any post-effective amendment or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus, or of the suspension of the qualification of the Public Securities and Representative's Securities for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, or of the initiation or threatening of any proceedings for any of such purposes or of any examination pursuant to Section 8(d) or 8(e) of the Securities Act concerning the Registration Statement and (v) if the Company becomes the subject of a proceeding under Section 8A of the Securities Act in connection with the Offering of the Public Securities and Representative's Securities. The Company shall effect all filings required under Rule 424(b) of the Securities Act Regulations, in the manner and within the time period required by Rule 424(b) (without reliance on Rule 424(b)(8)), and shall take such steps as it deems necessary to ascertain promptly whether the form of prospectus transmitted for filing under Rule 424(b) was received for filing by the Commission and, in the event that it was not, it will promptly file such prospectus. The Company shall use its best efforts to prevent the issuance of any stop order, prevention or suspension and, if any such order is issued, to obtain the lifting thereof at the earli

- Continued Compliance. The Company shall comply in all material respects with the Securities Act, the Securities Act Regulations, the Exchange Act and the Exchange Act Regulations so as to permit the completion of the distribution of the Public Securities as contemplated in this Agreement and in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus. If at any time when a prospectus relating to the Public Securities is (or, but for the exception afforded by Rule 172 of the Securities Act Regulations ("Rule 172"), would be) required by the Securities Act to be delivered in connection with sales of the Public Securities, any event shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which it is necessary, in the opinion of Representative Counsel or Company Counsel, to (i) amend the Registration Statement in order that the Registration Statement will not include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; (ii) amend or supplement the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus in order that the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus, as the case may be, will not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading in the light of the circumstances existing at the time it is delivered to a purchaser or (iii) amend the Registration Statement or amend or supplement the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus, as the case may be, in order to comply with the requirements of the Securities Act or the Securities Act Regulations, the Company will promptly (A) give the Representative notice of such event, (B) prepare any amendment or supplement as may be necessary to correct such statement or omission or to make the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus comply with such requirements and, a reasonable amount of time prior to any proposed filing or use, furnish the Representative with copies of any such amendment or supplement and (C) file with the Commission any such amendment or supplement; provided that the Company shall not file or use any such amendment or supplement to which the Representative or Representative Counsel shall reasonably object. The Company will furnish to the Underwriters such number of copies of such amendment or supplement as the Underwriters may reasonably request. The Company has given the Representative notice of any filings made pursuant to the Exchange Act or the Exchange Act Regulations within two (2) Business Days prior to the Applicable Time. The Company shall give the Representative notice of its intention to make any such filing from the Applicable Time until the later of the Closing Date and the exercise in full or expiration of the Over-allotment Option specified in Section 1.2 hereof and will furnish the Representative with copies of the related document(s) a reasonable amount of time prior to such proposed filing, as the case may be, and will not file or use any such document to which the Representative or Representative Counsel shall reasonably object.
- 3.2.3. <u>Exchange Act Registration</u>. For a period of five (5) years after the date of this Agreement, (i) the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to maintain the registration of the shares of Common Stock under the Exchange Act, and (ii) the Company shall not deregister any of the Common Stock under the Exchange Act without the prior written consent of the Representative.
- 3.2.4. Free Writing Prospectuses. The Company agrees that, unless it obtains the prior written consent of the Representative, it shall not make any offer relating to the Public Securities that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or that would otherwise constitute a "free writing prospectus," or a portion thereof, required to be filed by the Company with the Commission or retained by the Company under Rule 433; provided that the Representative shall be deemed to have consented to each Issuer General Use Free Writing Prospectus set forth in Schedule 2-B. The Company represents that it has treated or agrees that it will treat each such free writing prospectus consented to, or deemed consented to, by the Representative as an "issuer free writing prospectus," as defined in Rule 433, and that it has complied and will comply with the applicable requirements of Rule 433 with respect thereto, including timely filing with the Commission where required, legending and record keeping. If at any time following issuance of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus there occurred or occurs an event or development as a result of which such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus conflicted or would conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement or included or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or would omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing at that subsequent time, not misleading, the Company will promptly notify the Representative and will promptly amend or supplement, at its own expense, such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus to eliminate or correct such conflict, untrue statement or omission.
- 3 . 2 . 4 . Testing-the-Waters Communications. If at any time following the distribution of any Testing-the-Waters Communication that is a written communication within the meaning of Rule 405 of the Securities Act Regulations (a "Written Testing-the-Waters Communication") there occurred or occurs an event or development as a result of which such Written Testing-the-Waters Communication included or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or would omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing at that subsequent time, not misleading, the Company shall promptly notify the Representative and shall promptly amend or supplement, at its own expense, such Written Testing-the-Waters Communication to eliminate or correct such untrue statement or omission

- 3 . 3 Delivery to the Underwriters of Registration Statements. The Company has delivered or made available or shall deliver or make available to the Representative and Representative Counsel, without charge, signed copies of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto (including exhibits filed therewith) and signed copies of all consents and certificates of experts, and will also deliver to each Underwriter, without charge, a conformed copy of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto (without exhibits) upon receipt of a written request therefor from such Underwriter. The copies of the Registration Statement and each amendment thereto furnished to the Underwriters will be identical to the electronically transmitted copies thereof filed with the Commission pursuant to EDGAR, except to the extent permitted by Regulation S-T.
- 3.4 <u>Delivery to the Underwriters of Prospectuses.</u> The Company has delivered or made available or will deliver or make available to each Underwriter, without charge, as many copies of each Preliminary Prospectus as such Underwriter reasonably requested, and the Company hereby consents to the use of such copies for purposes permitted by the Securities Act. The Company will furnish to each Underwriter, without charge, during the period when a prospectus relating to the Public Securities is (or, but for the exception afforded by Rule 172, would be) required to be delivered under the Securities Act, such number of copies of the Prospectus (as amended or supplemented) as such Underwriter may reasonably request. The Prospectus and any amendments or supplements thereto furnished to the Underwriters will be identical to the electronically transmitted copies thereof filed with the Commission pursuant to EDGAR, except to the extent permitted by Regulation S-T.
- Effectiveness and Events Requiring Notice to the Representative. The Company shall use its best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to remain effective with a current prospectus for at least nine (9) months after the Applicable Time, and shall notify the Representative promptly and confirm the notice in writing: (i) of the effectiveness of the Registration Statement and any amendment thereto; (ii) of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order or of the initiation, or the threatening, of any proceeding for that purpose; (iii) of the issuance by any state securities commission of any proceedings for the suspension of the qualification of the Public Securities for offering or sale in any jurisdiction or of the initiation, or the threatening, of any proceeding for that purpose; (iv) of the mailing and delivery to the Commission for filing of any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or Prospectus; (v) of the receipt of any comments or request for any additional information from the Commission; and (vi) of the happening of any event during the period described in this Section 3.5 that, in the judgment of the Company, makes any statement of a material fact made in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus untrue or that requires the making of any changes in (a) the Registration Statement in order to make the statements therein not misleading or (b) in the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. If the Commission or any state securities commission shall enter a stop order or suspend such qualification at any time, the Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain promptly the lifting of such order.
- 3.6 Review of Financial Statements. For a period of three (3) years after the date of this Agreement, the Company, at its expense, shall cause its regularly engaged independent registered public accounting firm to review (but not audit) the Company's financial statements for each of the three fiscal quarters immediately preceding the announcement of any quarterly financial information.
- 3.7 <u>Listing.</u> The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to maintain the listing of the shares of Common Stock (including the Firm Shares and the Option Shares) on the Exchange for at least three (3) years from the date of this Agreement.
- 3 . 8 <u>Financial Public Relations Firm</u> As of the Effective Date, the Company shall have retained a financial public relations firm reasonably acceptable to the Representative and the Company, which shall initially be [●], which firm shall be experienced in assisting issuers in initial public offerings of securities and in their relations with their security holders, and shall retain such firm or another firm reasonably acceptable to the Representative for a period of not less than two (2) years after the Effective Date
 - 3.9 Reports to the Representative.

- 3.9.1. Periodic Reports, etc. For a period of three (3) years after the date of this Agreement, the Company shall furnish or make available to the Representative copies of such financial statements and other periodic and special reports as the Company from time to time furnishes generally to holders of any class of its securities and also promptly furnish to the Representative: (i) a copy of each periodic report the Company shall be required to file with the Commission under the Exchange Act and the Exchange Act Regulations; (ii) a copy of every press release and every news item and article with respect to the Company or its affairs which was released by the Company; (iii) a copy of each Form 8-K prepared and filed by the Company; (iv) a copy of each registration statement filed by the Company under the Securities Act; (v) a copy of each report or other communication furnished to stockholders; and (vi) such additional documents and information with respect to the Company and the affairs of any future subsidiaries of the Company as the Representative may from time to time reasonably request. Documents filed with the Commission pursuant to its EDGAR system shall be deemed to have been delivered to the Representative pursuant to this Section 3.9.1.
- 3.9.2. <u>Transfer Agent; Transfer Sheets.</u> For a period of three (3) years after the date of this Agreement, the Company shall retain a transfer agent and registrar acceptable to the Representative (the "**Transfer Agent**") and shall furnish to the Representative at the Company's sole cost and expense such transfer sheets of the Company's securities as the Representative may reasonably request, including the daily and monthly consolidated transfer sheets of the Transfer Agent and DTC. Vstock Transfer, LLC is acceptable to the Representative to act as Transfer Agent for the shares of Common Stock.
 - 3.9.3 [Reserved].
- 3.9.4. <u>Trading Reports.</u> For a period of three (3) years after the date of this Agreement, during such time as the Public Securities are listed on the Exchange, the Company shall provide to the Representative, at the Company's expense, such reports published by the Exchange relating to price trading of the Public Securities, as the Representative shall reasonably request.

3.10 Payment of Expenses.

General Expenses Related to the Offering. The Company hereby agrees to pay on each of the Closing Date and the Option Closing Date, if any, to the extent not paid at the Closing Date, all expenses incident to the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Agreement, including, but not limited to: (a) all filing fees and communication expenses relating to the registration of the shares of Common Stock to be sold in the Offering (including the Option Shares) with the Commission; (b) all Public Offering System filing fees associated with the review of the Offering by FINRA; (c) all fees and expenses relating to the listing of such Public Securities on the Exchange and such other stock exchanges as the Company and the Representative together determine, including any fees charged by DTC; (d) all fees, expenses and disbursements relating to background checks of the Company's officers and directors; (e) all fees, expenses and disbursements relating to the registration, qualification or exemption of the Public Securities under the securities laws of such states or foreign jurisdictions as the Representative may reasonably designate; (f) the costs of all mailing and printing of the underwriting documents (including, without limitation, the Underwriting Agreement, any Blue Sky Surveys and, if appropriate, any Agreement Among Underwriters, Selected Dealers' Agreement, Underwriters' Questionnaire and Power of Attorney), Registration Statements, Prospectuses and all amendments, supplements and exhibits thereto and as many preliminary and final Prospectuses as the Representative may reasonably deem necessary; (g) the costs and expenses of a public relations firm; (h) the costs of preparing, printing and delivering certificates representing the Public Securities; (i) fees and expenses of the transfer agent for the shares of Common Stock; (j) stock transfer and/or stamp taxes, if any, payable upon the transfer of securities from the Company to the Underwriters; (k) the costs associated with one set of bound volumes of the public offering materials as well as commemorative mementos and lucite tombstones, each of which the Company or its designee shall provide within a reasonable time after the Closing Date in such quantities as the Representative may reasonably request; (1) the fees and expenses of the Company's accountants; (m) the fees and expenses of the Company's legal counsel and other agents and representatives; (n) the fees and expenses of Representative Counsel; (o) the cost associated with the Underwriters' use of Ipreo's book-building, prospectus tracking and compliance software for the Offering, and (p) the Underwriters' actual accountable "road show" expenses for the Offering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company's obligations to pay or reimburse to, or pay on behalf of, the Representative for any expenses as set forth in the preceding sentence shall not exceed \$150,000.00 in the aggregate, including but not limited to the legal fees and road show expenses as described therein. The Representative may deduct from the net proceeds of the Offering payable to the Company on the Closing Date, or the Option Closing Date, if any, the expenses set forth herein to be paid by the Company to the Underwriters, less the Advance (as such term is defined in Section 8.2 hereof).

- 3.10.2. <u>Non-accountable Expenses</u>. The Company further agrees that, in addition to the expenses payable pursuant to <u>Section 3.10.1</u>, on the Closing Date it shall pay to the Representative, by deduction from the net proceeds of the Offering contemplated herein, a non-accountable expense allowance equal to one percent (1.0%) of the gross proceeds received by the Company from the sale of the Public Securities, *provided*, *however*, that in the event the Offering is terminated, the Company agrees to reimburse the Underwriters pursuant to <u>Section 8.3</u> hereof.
- 3.11 Application of Net Proceeds. The Company shall apply the net proceeds from the Offering received by it in a manner consistent with the application thereof described under the caption "Use of Proceeds" in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- 3.12 <u>Delivery of Earnings Statements to Security Holders</u> The Company shall make generally available to its security holders as soon as practicable, but not later than the first day of the fifteenth (15th) full calendar month following the date of this Agreement, an earnings statement (which need not be certified by an independent registered public accounting firm unless required by the Securities Act or the Securities Act Regulations, but which shall satisfy the provisions of Rule 158(a) under Section 11(a) of the Securities Act) covering a period of at least twelve (12) consecutive months beginning after the date of this Agreement.
- 3.13 <u>Stabilization.</u> Neither the Company nor, to its knowledge, any of its employees, directors or stockholders has taken or shall take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that has constituted or that might reasonably be expected to cause or result in, under Regulation M of the Exchange Act, or otherwise, stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Public Securities.
- 3.14 <u>Internal Controls.</u> The Company shall maintain a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurances that: (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary in order to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and to maintain accountability for assets; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.
- 3.15 Accountants. As of the date of this Agreement, the Company has retained an independent registered public accounting firm, as required by the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, reasonably acceptable to the Representative, and the Company shall continue to retain a nationally recognized independent registered public accounting firm for a period of at least three (3) years after the date of this Agreement. The Representative acknowledges that the Auditor is acceptable to the Representative.
- 3.16 FINRA. For a period of sixty (60) days from the later of the Closing Date or the Option Closing Date, the Company shall advise the Representative (who shall make an appropriate filing with FINRA) if it is or becomes aware that (i) any officer or director of the Company, (ii) any beneficial owner of ten percent (10%) or more of any class of the Company's securities or (iii) any beneficial owner of the Company's unregistered equity securities which were acquired during the one hundred eighty (180) days immediately preceding the filing of the Registration Statement is or becomes an affiliate or associated person of a FINRA member participating in the Offering (as determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of FINRA).
- 3.17 <u>No Fiduciary Duties.</u> The Company acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters' responsibility to the Company is solely contractual in nature and that none of the Underwriters or their affiliates or any selling agent shall be deemed to be acting in a fiduciary capacity, or otherwise owes any fiduciary duty to the Company or any of its affiliates in connection with the Offering and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
 - 3.18 Company Lock-Up Agreements.

3.18.1. Restriction on Sales of Common Stock. The Company, on behalf of itself and any successor entity, agrees that, without the prior written consent of the Representative, it will not, for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of this Agreement (the "Lock-Up Period"), (i) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Common Stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock of the Company; provided, however, that this clause (i) shall not apply to the issuance of any shares of Common Stock, options or warrants in connection with (a) any acquisition of a business that the Company currently has agreed to purchase or with which the Company is currently in discussions to purchase, (b) the issuance of Common Stock to any employees, consultants or other third parties for services rendered, or (c) grants pursuant to any employee incentive plan; (ii) file or cause to be filed any registration statement with the Company; or (iii) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of common Stock of the Company, whether any such transaction described in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above is to be settled by delivery of shares of Common Stock of the Company or such other securities, in cash or otherwise.

The restrictions contained in this Section 3.18.1 shall not apply to (i) the shares of Common Stock to be sold hereunder (including shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of the Representative's Warrant), (ii) the issuance by the Company of shares of Common Stock upon the exercise of an outstanding stock option or warrant or the conversion of a security outstanding on the date hereof, of which the Representative has been advised in writing, (iii) the issuance by the Company of any security under any equity compensation plan of the Company or (iv) any issuance of securities disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus; provided that, prior to the issuance of any such stock options or shares of Common Stock of the Company that are vested or vest during the Lock-Up Period, each recipient thereof shall sign and deliver a Lock-Up Agreement.

- 3.19 [Release of D&O Lock-up Period.] If the Representative, in its sole discretion, agrees to release or waive the restrictions set forth in the Lock-Up Agreements described in Section 2.25 hereof for an officer or director of the Company and provides the Company with notice of the impending release or waiver at least three (3) Business Days before the effective date of the release or waiver, the Company agrees to announce the impending release or waiver by a press release substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto through a major news service at least two (2) Business Days before the effective date of the release or waiver.].
- 3.20 <u>Blue Sky Qualifications</u>. The Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts, in cooperation with the Underwriters, if necessary, to qualify the Public Securities for offering and sale under the applicable securities laws of such states and other jurisdictions (domestic or foreign) as the Representative may designate and to maintain such qualifications in effect so long as required to complete the distribution of the Public Securities; *provided*, *however*, that the Company shall not be obligated to file any general consent to service of process or to qualify as a foreign corporation or as a dealer in securities in any jurisdiction in which it is not so qualified or to subject itself to taxation in respect of doing business in any jurisdiction in which it is not otherwise so subject.
- 3.21 Reporting Requirements. The Company, during the period when a prospectus relating to the Public Securities is (or, but for the exception afforded by Rule 172, would be) required to be delivered under the Securities Act, will file all documents required to be filed with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act within the time periods required by the Exchange Act and Exchange Act Regulations. Additionally, the Company shall report the use of proceeds from the issuance of the Public Securities as may be required under Rule 463 under the Securities Act Regulations.
- 3.22 <u>Emerging Growth Company Status</u>. The Company shall promptly notify the Representative if the Company ceases to be an Emerging Growth Company at any time prior to the later of (i) completion of the distribution of the Public Securities within the meaning of the Securities Act and (ii) fifteen (15) days following the completion of the Lock-Up Period.

- 3.23 <u>Press Releases.</u> Prior to the Closing Date and any Option Closing Date, the Company shall not issue any press release or other communication directly or indirectly or hold any press conference with respect to the Company, its condition, financial or otherwise, or earnings, business affairs or business prospects (except for routine oral marketing communications in the ordinary course of business and consistent with the past practices of the Company and of which the Representative is notified), without the prior written consent of the Representative, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, unless in the judgment of the Company and its counsel, and after notification to the Representative, such press release or communication is required by law.
- 3.24 <u>Sarbanes-Oxley</u>. The Company shall at all times comply in all material respects with all applicable provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in effect from time to time.
- 3.25 <u>IRS Forms.</u> If requested by the Representative, the Company shall deliver to each Underwriter (or its agent), prior to or at the Closing Date, a properly completed and executed Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Form W-9 or an IRS Form W-8, as appropriate, together with all required attachments to such form.
- 3.26 "Key Man" Life Insurance. The Company shall procure and shall during the twelve (12)-month period following the Effective Date continue to maintain "key man" life insurance (in reasonable amounts agreed to by the Representative and with the Company as the sole beneficiary thereof) with an insurer rated at least AA or better in the most recent edition of "Best's Life Reports" on the life of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- 4. <u>Conditions of Underwriters' Obligations</u>. The obligations of the Underwriters to purchase and pay for the Public Securities, as provided herein, shall be subject to (i) the continuing accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company as of the date hereof and as of each of the Closing Date and the Option Closing Date, if any; (ii) the accuracy of the statements of officers of the Company made pursuant to the provisions hereof; (iii) the performance by the Company of its obligations hereunder; and (iv) the following conditions:

4.1 Regulatory Matters.

- 4.1.1. Effectiveness of Registration Statement; Rule 430A Information. The Registration Statement has become effective not later than 5:30 p.m., Eastern time, on the date of this Agreement or such later date and time as shall be consented to in writing by the Representative, and, at each of the Closing Date and any Option Closing Date, no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any post-effective amendment thereto shall have been issued under the Securities Act, no order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus shall have been issued and no proceedings for any of those purposes shall have been instituted or are pending or, to the Company's knowledge, contemplated by the Commission. The Company has complied with each request (if any) from the Commission for additional information. A prospectus containing the Rule 430A Information shall have been filed with the Commission in the manner and within the time frame required by Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act Regulations (without reliance on Rule 424(b)(8)) or a post-effective amendment providing such information shall have been filed with, and declared effective by, the Commission in accordance with the requirements of Rule 430A under the Securities Act Regulations.
- 4.1.2. <u>FINRA Clearance</u>. On or before the date of this Agreement, the Representative shall have received clearance from FINRA as to the amount of compensation allowable or payable to the Underwriters as described in the Registration Statement.
- 4.1.3. <u>Exchange Clearance</u>. On the Closing Date, the Firm Shares shall have been approved for listing on the Exchange, subject only to official notice of issuance. On the first Option Closing Date (if any), the Option Shares shall have been approved for listing on the Exchange, subject only to official notice of issuance.

4.2 <u>Company Counsel Matters</u>.

4.2.1. <u>Closing Date Opinion of Counsel</u>. On the Closing Date, the Representative shall have received the favorable opinion and written statement providing certain "10b-5" negative assurances of Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP ("Company Counsel"), counsel to the Company, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representative, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative.

4.2.2. Option Closing Date Opinion of Counsel. On the Option Closing Date, if any, the Representative shall have received the favorable opinion of counsel listed in Section 4.2.1, dated the Option Closing Date, addressed to the Representative and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, confirming as of the Option Closing Date, the statements made by such counsel in its opinion delivered on the Closing Date.

4.3 <u>Comfort Letters</u>.

- 4.3.1. <u>Cold Comfort Letter</u>. At the time this Agreement is executed the Representative shall have received a cold comfort letter from the Auditor containing statements and information of the type customarily included in accountants' comfort letters with respect to the financial statements and certain financial information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, addressed to the Representative and in form and substance satisfactory in all respects to the Representative and to Representative Counsel from the Auditor, dated as of the date of this Agreement.
- 4.3.2. <u>Bring-down Comfort Letter</u>. At each of the Closing Date and the Option Closing Date, if any, the Representative shall have received from the Auditor a letter, dated as of the Closing Date or the Option Closing Date, as applicable, to the effect that the Auditor reaffirms the statements made in the letter furnished pursuant to <u>Section 4.3.1</u>, except that the specified date referred to shall be a date not more than three (3) Business Days prior to the Closing Date or the Option Closing Date, as applicable.

4.4 Officers' Certificates.

- 4.4.1. Officers' Certificate. The Company shall have furnished to the Representative a certificate, dated the Closing Date and any Option Closing Date (if such date is other than the Closing Date), of its Chief Executive Officer or President and its Chief Financial Officer stating on behalf of the Company and not in an individual capacity that (i) such officers have carefully examined the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and the Prospectus and, in their opinion, the Registration Statement and each amendment thereto after the Effective Date, as of the Applicable Time and as of the Closing Date (or any Option Closing Date) did not include any untrue statement of a material fact and did not omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and the Pricing Disclosure Package, as of the Applicable Time and as of the Closing Date (or any Option Closing Date if such date is other than the Closing Date), the Prospectus and each amendment or supplement thereto after the Effective Date, as of the respective date thereof and as of the Closing Date, did not include any untrue statement of a material fact and did not omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, (ii) since the effective date of the Registration Statement, no event has occurred which should have been set forth in a supplement or amendment to the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus, (iii) to the best of their knowledge after reasonable investigation, as of the Closing Date (or any Option Closing Date if such date is other than the Closing Date), the representations and warranties of the Company in this Agreement are true and correct and the Company has complied with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be p
- 4.4.2. <u>Secretary's Certificate</u>. At each of the Closing Date and the Option Closing Date, if any, the Representative shall have received a certificate of the Company signed by the Secretary of the Company, dated the Closing Date or the Option Closing Date, as the case may be, respectively, certifying on behalf of the Company and not in an individual capacity: (i) that each of the Charter and Bylaws is true and complete, has not been modified and is in full force and effect; (ii) that the resolutions of the Company's Board of Directors relating to the Offering are in full force and effect and have not been modified; and (iii) as to the incumbency of the officers of the Company. The documents referred to in such certificate shall be attached to such certificate.

- 4.5 No Material Changes. Prior to and on each of the Closing Date and each Option Closing Date, if any: (i) there shall have been no Material Adverse Change in the condition or prospects or the business activities, financial or otherwise, of the Company from the latest dates as of which such condition is set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; (ii) no action, suit or proceeding, at law or in equity, shall have been pending or threatened against the Company or any Insider before or by any court or federal or state commission, board or other administrative agency wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding may reasonably be expected to cause a Material Adverse Change, except as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; (iii) no stop order shall have been instituted or threatened by the Commission; and (iv) the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and any amendments or supplements thereto shall contain all material statements which are required to be stated therein in accordance with the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations, and shall conform in all material respects to the requirements of the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations, and neither the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package nor the Prospectus nor any amendment or supplement thereto shall contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- 4.6 No Material Misstatement or Omission. The Underwriters shall not have discovered and disclosed to the Company on or prior to the Closing Date and any Option Closing Date that the Registration Statement or any amendment or supplement thereto contains an untrue statement of a fact which, in the opinion of Representative Counsel, is material or omits to state any fact which, in the opinion of such counsel, is material and is required to be stated therein or is necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or that the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or the Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto contains an untrue statement of fact which, in the opinion of Representative Counsel, is material and is necessary in order to make the statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- 4.7 <u>Corporate Proceedings</u>. All corporate proceedings and other legal matters incident to the authorization, form and validity of each of this Agreement, the Public Securities, the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, if any, and the Prospectus and all other legal matters relating to this Agreement, the Representative's Warrant Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby shall be reasonably satisfactory in all material respects to Representative Counsel, and the Company shall have furnished to such counsel all documents and information that they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

4.8 <u>Delivery of Agreements</u>.

- 4.8.1. <u>Lock-Up Agreements</u>. On or before the date of this Agreement, the Company shall have delivered to the Representative executed copies of the Lock-Up Agreements from each of the persons listed in <u>Schedule 3</u> hereto.
- 4.8.2. <u>Representative's Warrant Agreement.</u> On the Closing Date, the Company shall have delivered to the Representative an executed copy of the Representative's Warrant Agreement.
- 4.9 Additional Documents. At the Closing Date and at each Option Closing Date (if any) Representative Counsel shall have been furnished with such documents and opinions as they may require for the purpose of enabling Representative Counsel to deliver an opinion to the Underwriters, or in order to evidence the accuracy of any of the representations or warranties, or the fulfillment of any of the conditions, herein contained; and all proceedings taken by the Company in connection with the issuance and sale of the Public Securities and the Representative's Securities as herein contemplated shall be satisfactory in form and substance to the Representative and Representative Counsel.
 - 4.10 [Reserved].

Indemnification.

5.1 <u>Indemnification of the Underwriters</u>.

General. The Company shall indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter, its affiliates and each of its and their respective directors, officers, members, employees, representatives, partners, shareholders, affiliates, counsel and agents and each person, if any, who controls any such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act (collectively the "Underwriter Indemnified Parties," and each an "Underwriter Indemnified Party"), against any and all loss, liability, claim, damage and expense whatsoever (including but not limited to any and all legal or other expenses reasonably incurred in investigating, preparing or defending against any litigation, commenced or threatened, or any claim whatsoever, whether arising out of any action between any of the Underwriter Indemnified Parties and the Company or between any of the Underwriter Indemnified Parties and any third party, or otherwise) to which they or any of them may become subject under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or any other statute or at common law or otherwise or under the laws of foreign countries, arising out of or based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in (i) the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus (as from time to time each may be amended and supplemented); (ii) any materials or information provided to investors by, or with the approval of, the Company in connection with the marketing of the Offering, including any "road show" or investor presentations made to investors by the Company (whether in person or electronically); or (iii) any application or other document or written communication (in this Section 5, collectively called "application") executed by the Company or based upon written information furnished by the Company in any jurisdiction in order to qualify the Public Securities and Representative's Securities under the securities laws thereof or filed with the Commission, any state securities commission or agency, the Exchange or any other national securities exchange; or the omission or alleged omission therefrom of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, unless such statement or omission was made in reliance upon, and in conformity with, the Underwriters' Information. With respect to any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in the Pricing Disclosure Package, the indemnity agreement contained in this Section 5.1.1 shall not inure to the benefit of any Underwriter Indemnified Party to the extent that any loss, liability, claim, damage or expense of such Underwriter Indemnified Party results from the fact that a copy of the Prospectus was not given or sent to the person asserting any such loss, liability, claim or damage at or prior to the written confirmation of sale of the Public Securities to such person as required by the Securities Act and the Securities Act Regulations, and if the untrue statement or omission has been corrected in the Prospectus, unless such failure to deliver the Prospectus was a result of non-compliance by the Company with its obligations under Section 3.3 hereof.

5.1.2. Procedure. If any action is brought against an Underwriter Indemnified Party in respect of which indemnity may be sought against the Company pursuant to Section 5.1.1, such Underwriter Indemnified Party shall promptly notify the Company in writing of the institution of such action and the Company shall be entitled to participate therein and, to the extent that it wishes, jointly with any other similarly notified indemnifying party, to assume the defense of such action, including the employment and fees of counsel (subject to the reasonable approval of such Underwriter Indemnified Party) and payment of actual expenses. Such Underwriter Indemnified Party shall have the right to employ its or their own counsel in any such case, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Underwriter Indemnified Party unless (i) the employment of such counsel at the expense of the Company shall have been authorized in writing by the Company in connection with the defense of such action, or (ii) the Company shall not have employed counsel to have charge of the defense of such action, or (iii) such indemnified party or parties shall have been advised by its counsel that there may be defenses available to it or them which are different from or additional to those available to the Company (in which case the Company shall not have the right to direct the defense of such action on behalf of the indemnified party or parties), in any of which events the reasonable fees and expenses of nor more than one additional firm of attorneys selected by the Underwriter Indemnified Party shall assume the defense of such action as provided above, the Company shall have the right to approve the terms of any settlement of such action, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

5.2 <u>Indemnification of the Company.</u> Each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, shall indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors, its officers who signed the Registration Statement and persons who control the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act against any and all loss, liability, claim, damage and expense described in the foregoing indemnity from the Company to the several Underwriters, as incurred, but only with respect to such losses, liabilities, claims, damages and expenses (or actions in respect thereof) which arise out of or are based upon untrue statements or omissions made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Disclosure Package or Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto or in any application, in reliance upon, and in strict conformity with, the Underwriters' Information. In case any action shall be brought against the Company or any other person so indemnified based on any Preliminary Prospectus, the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto or any application, and in respect of which indemnified shall have the rights and duties given to the Company, and the Company and each other person so indemnified shall have the rights and duties given to the several Underwriters by the provisions of Section 5.1.2. The Company agrees promptly to notify the Representative of the commencement of any litigation or proceedings against the Company or any of its officers, directors or any person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, in connection with the issuance and sale of the Public Securities or in connection with the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus.

5.3 Contribution.

Contribution Rights. If the indemnification provided for in this Section 5 shall for any reason be unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under Section 5.1 or 5.2 in respect of any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, (i) in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and each of the Underwriters, on the other hand, from the Offering, or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, with respect to the statements or omissions that resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, with respect to such Offering shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total proceeds from the Offering purchased under this Agreement (before deducting expenses) received by the Company bear to the total underwriting discount and commissions received by the Underwriters in connection with the Offering, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus. The relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters, on the other, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company, on the one hand, or the Underwriters, on the other, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such untrue statement, omission, act or failure to act; provided that the parties hereto agree that the written information furnished to the Company through the Representative by or on behalf of any Underwriter for use in any Preliminary Prospectus, any Registration Statement or the Prospectus, or in any amendment or supplement thereto, consists solely of the Underwriters' Information. The Company and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contributions pursuant to this Section 5.3.1 were to be determined by pro rata allocation or by any other method of allocation that does not take into account the equitable considerations referred to herein. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the loss, claim, damage, expense, liability, action, investigation or proceeding referred to above in this Section 5.3.1 shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this Section 5.3.1, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating, preparing to defend or defending against or appearing as a third party witness in respect of, or otherwise incurred in connection with, any such loss, claim, damage, expense, liability, action, investigation or proceeding. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 5.3.1 no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the total discount and commission received by such Underwriter in connection with the Offering less the amount of any damages which such Underwriter has otherwise paid or becomes liable to pay by reason of any untrue or alleged untrue statement, omission or alleged omission, act or alleged act or failure to act or alleged failure to act. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

5.3.2. Contribution Procedure. Within fifteen (15) days after receipt by any party to this Agreement (or its representative) of notice of the commencement of any action, suit or proceeding, such party will, if a claim for contribution in respect thereof is to be made against another party ("contributing party"), notify the contributing party of the commencement thereof, but the failure to so notify the contributing party will not relieve it from any liability which it may have to any other party other than for contribution hereunder. In case any such action, suit or proceeding is brought against any party, and such party notifies a contributing party or its representative of the commencement thereof within the aforesaid fifteen (15) days, the contributing party will be entitled to participate therein with the notifying party and any other contributing party similarly notified. Any such contributing party shall not be liable to any party seeking contribution on account of any settlement of any claim, action or proceeding affected by such party seeking contribution without the written consent of such contributing party. The contribution provisions contained in this Section 5.3.2 are intended to supersede, to the extent permitted by law, any right to contribution under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or otherwise available. The Underwriters' obligations to contribute as provided in this Section 5.3 are several and in proportion to their respective underwriting obligation, and not joint.

6. Default by an Underwriter.

- 6.1 <u>Default Not Exceeding 10% of Firm Shares or Option Shares</u> If any Underwriter or Underwriters shall default in its or their obligations to purchase the Firm Shares or the Option Shares, if the Over-allotment Option is exercised hereunder, and if the number of the Firm Shares or Option Shares with respect to which such default relates does not exceed in the aggregate ten percent (10%) of the number of Firm Shares or Option Shares that all Underwriters have agreed to purchase hereunder, then such Firm Shares or Option Shares to which the default relates shall be purchased by the non-defaulting Underwriters in proportion to their respective commitments hereunder.
- 6.2 Default Exceeding 10% of Firm Shares or Option Shares. In the event that the default addressed in Section 6.1 relates to more than ten percent (10%) of the Firm Shares or Option Shares, the Representative may in its discretion arrange for itself or for another party or parties to purchase such Firm Shares or Option Shares to which such default relates on the terms contained herein. If, within one (1) Business Day after such default relating to more than ten percent (10%) of the Firm Shares or Option Shares, the Representative does not arrange for the purchase of such Firm Shares or Option Shares, then the Company shall be entitled to a further period of one (1) Business Day within which to procure another party or parties satisfactory to the Representative to purchase said Firm Shares or Option Shares on such terms. In the event that neither the Representative nor the Company arrange for the purchase of the Firm Shares or Option Shares to which a default relates as provided in this Section 6, this Agreement will automatically be terminated by the Representative or the Company without liability on the part of the Company (except as provided in Section 3.10 and 5 hereof); provided, however, that if such default occurs with respect to the Option Shares, this Agreement will not terminate as to the Firm Shares; and provided, further, that nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter of its liability, if any, to the other Underwriters and to the Company for damages occasioned by its default hereunder.
- 6.3 <u>Postponement of Closing Date.</u> In the event that the Firm Shares or Option Shares to which the default relates are to be purchased by the non-defaulting Underwriters, or are to be purchased by another party or parties as aforesaid, the Representative or the Company shall have the right to postpone the Closing Date or Option Closing Date for a reasonable period, but not in any event exceeding five (5) Business Days, in order to effect whatever changes may thereby be made necessary in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus or in any other documents and arrangements, and the Company agrees to file promptly any amendment to the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus that in the opinion of Representative Counsel may thereby be made necessary. The term "Underwriter" as used in this Agreement shall include any party substituted under this <u>Section 6</u> with like effect as if it had originally been a party to this Agreement with respect to such Firm Shares or Option Shares.

Additional Covenants.

- 7 . 1 <u>Board Composition and Board Designations.</u> The Company shall ensure that: (i) the qualifications of the persons serving as members of the Board of Directors and the overall composition of the Board of Directors comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Exchange Act and the listing rules of the Exchange or any other national securities exchange, as the case may be, in the event the Company seeks to have its Public Securities listed on another exchange or quoted on an automated quotation system, and (ii) if applicable, at least one member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert," as such term is defined under Regulation S-K and the listing rules of the Exchange.
- 7 . 2 <u>Prohibition on Press Releases and Public Announcements</u> The Company shall not issue press releases or engage in any other publicity, without the Representative's prior written consent, for a period ending at 5:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the first (1 st) Business Day following the fortieth (40th) day after the Closing Date, other than normal and customary releases issued in the ordinary course of the Company's business.
- Right of First Refusal. Provided that the Firm Shares are sold in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Representative shall have an irrevocable right of first refusal (the "Right of First Refusal"), for a period of twelve (12) months after the date the Offering is completed, to act as investment banker, book-runner and/or placement agent, at the Representative's sole discretion, for each and every future public offering for capital raising purposes registered with Commission, including all equity linked financings (each, a "Subject Transaction"), during such twelve (12) month period, of the Company, or any successor to or subsidiary of the Company, on terms and conditions customary for such Subject Transactions. For the avoidance of any doubt, the Company shall not retain, engage or solicit any additional investment banker, book-runner, financial advisor, underwriter and/or placement agent in a Subject Transaction during the twelve (12) month period referred to above without the express written consent of the Representative. The Company shall notify the Representative of its intention to pursue a Subject Transaction, including the material terms thereof, by providing written notice thereof by electronic mail or overnight courier service addressed to the Representative. If the Representative declines the terms of such Subject Transaction or fails to exercise its Right of First Refusal with respect to any Subject Transaction, within five (5) Business Days after the mailing of such written notice, then the Representative shall have no further claim or right with respect to the Subject Transaction, provided that any such election by the Representative shall not adversely affect the Representative's Right of First Refusal with respect to any Subject Transaction during the twelve (12) month period agreed to above. The terms and conditions of any such engagements shall be set forth in separate agreements and may be subject to, among other things, satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Representati

8. <u>Effective Date of this Agreement and Termination Thereof.</u>

- 8.1 <u>Effective Date</u>. This Agreement shall become effective when both the Company and the Representative have executed the same and delivered counterparts of such signatures to the other party.
- 8.2 Termination. The Representative shall have the right to terminate this Agreement at any time prior to any Closing Date, (i) if any domestic or international event or act or occurrence has materially disrupted, or in the Representative's opinion will in the immediate future materially disrupt, general securities markets in the United States; or (ii) if trading on the New York Stock Exchange or The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC shall have been suspended or materially limited, or minimum or maximum prices for trading shall have been fixed, or maximum ranges for prices for securities shall have been required by FINRA or by order of the Commission or any other government authority having jurisdiction; or (iii) if the United States shall have become involved in a new war or an increase in major hostilities; or (iv) if a banking moratorium has been declared by a New York State or federal authority; or (v) if a moratorium on foreign exchange trading has been declared which materially adversely impacts the United States securities markets; or (vi) if the Company shall have sustained a material loss by fire, flood, accident, hurricane, earthquake, theft, sabotage or other calamity or malicious act which, whether or not such loss shall have been insured, will, in the Representative's opinion, make it inadvisable to proceed with the delivery of the Firm Shares or Option Shares; or (vii) if the Company is in material breach of any of its representations, warranties or covenants hereunder; or (viii) if the Representative shall have become aware after the date hereof of a Material Adverse Change, or an adverse material change in general market conditions as in the Representative's judgment would make it impracticable to proceed with the offering, sale and/or delivery of the Public Securities or to enforce contracts made by the Underwriters for the sale of the Public Securities.

8.3 Expenses. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, except in the case of a default by the Underwriters, pursuant to Section 6.2 above, in the event that this Agreement shall not be carried out for any reason whatsoever, within the time specified herein or any extensions thereof pursuant to the terms herein, the Company shall be obligated to pay to the Underwriters their actual and accountable out-of-pocket expenses related to the transactions contemplated herein then due and payable (including the reasonable fees and disbursements of Representative Counsel not to exceed \$50,000) up to \$50,000, inclusive of the \$25,000 advance for accountable expenses previously paid by the Company to the Representative (the "Advance") and upon demand the Company shall pay the full amount thereof to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters; provided, however, that such expense cap in no way limits or impairs the indemnification and contribution provisions of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any advance received by the Representative will be reimbursed to the Company to the extent not actually incurred in compliance with FINRA Rule 5110(g)(4)(A).

- 8 . 4 <u>Survival of Indemnification</u>. Notwithstanding any contrary provision contained in this Agreement, any election hereunder or any termination of this Agreement, and whether or not this Agreement is otherwise carried out, the provisions of <u>Section 5</u> shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be in any way affected by, such election or termination or failure to carry out the terms of this Agreement or any part hereof.
- 8.5 Representations, Warranties, Agreements to Survive. All representations, warranties and agreements contained in this Agreement or in certificates of officers of the Company submitted pursuant hereto, shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of (i) any investigation made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or its affiliates or selling agents, any person controlling any Underwriter, its officers or directors or any person controlling the Company or (ii) delivery of and payment for the Public Securities

Miscellaneous.

9.1 Notices. All communications hereunder, except as herein otherwise specifically provided, shall be in writing and shall be mailed (registered or certified mail, return receipt requested), personally delivered or sent by facsimile transmission and confirmed and shall be deemed given when so delivered or faxed and confirmed or if mailed, two (2) days after such mailing.

If to the Representative:

EF Hutton 590 Madison Avenue, 39th Floor New York, NY 10022 Attn: Joseph T. Rallo

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP 101 Constitution Avenue, NW, Suite 899 Washington, D.C. 20001 Attn: Andrew M. Tucker, Esq. Fax No.: (202) 689-2860

If to the Company:

Treasure Global Inc 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739 New York, NY 1001 Attn: Chong Chan "Sam" Teo with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP 55 West 39th Street, 18th Floor New York, NY 10018 Attn: Ross D. Carmel, Esq.

- 9 . 2 <u>Headings</u>. The headings contained herein are for the sole purpose of convenience of reference, and shall not in any way limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement.
 - 9.3 <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may only be amended by a written instrument executed by each of the parties hereto.
- 9.4 Entire Agreement. This Agreement (together with the other agreements and documents being delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement) constitutes the entire agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings of the parties, oral and written, with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- 9.5 <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Representative, the Underwriters, the Company and the controlling persons, directors and officers referred to in <u>Section 5</u> hereof, and their respective successors, legal representatives, heirs and assigns, and no other person shall have or be construed to have any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of or by virtue of this Agreement or any provisions herein contained. The term "successors and assigns" shall not include a purchaser, in its capacity as such, of securities from any of the Underwriters.
- 9.6 Governing Law; Consent to Jurisdiction; Trial by Jury. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof. The Company hereby agrees that any action, proceeding or claim against it arising out of, or relating in any way to this Agreement shall be brought and enforced in the New York Supreme Court, County of New York, or in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction, which jurisdiction shall be exclusive. The Company hereby waives any objection to such exclusive jurisdiction and that such courts represent an inconvenient forum. Any such process or summons to be served upon the Company may be served by transmitting a copy thereof by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to it at the address set forth in Section 9.1 hereof. Such mailing shall be deemed personal service and shall be legal and binding upon the Company in any action, proceeding or claim. The Company agrees that the prevailing party(ies) in any such action shall be entitled to recover from the other party(ies) all of its reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses relating to such action or proceeding and/or incurred in connection with the preparation therefor. The Company (on its behalf and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, on behalf of its stockholders and affiliates) and each of the Underwriters hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 9.7 <u>Execution in Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, and by the different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement, and shall become effective when one or more counterparts has been signed by each of the parties hereto and delivered to each of the other parties hereto. Delivery of a signed counterpart of this Agreement by facsimile or email/pdf transmission shall constitute valid and sufficient delivery thereof.
- 9.8 Waiver, etc. The failure of any of the parties hereto to at any time enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement shall not be deemed or construed to be a waiver of any such provision, nor to in any way effect the validity of this Agreement or any provision hereof or the right of any of the parties hereto to thereafter enforce each and every provision of this Agreement. No waiver of any breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be effective unless set forth in a written instrument executed by the party or parties against whom or which enforcement of such waiver is sought; and no waiver of any such breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment shall be construed or deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment.

[Signature Page Follows]

If the foregoing correctly sets forth the understanding between the Underwriters and the Company, please so indicate in the space provided below for that purpose, whereupon this letter shall constitute a binding agreement between us.						
	Very truly yours,					
	TREASURE GLOBAL INC					
	By: Name: Chong Chan "Sam" Teo					
	Title: Chief Executive Officer					
Confirmed as of the date first written above mentioned, on behalf of itself and as Representative of the several Underwriters named on <u>Schedule 1</u> hereto:						
EF HUTTON, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC						
By: Name: Title:	_					
[Signature Page] Treasure Global Inc – Underwriting Agreement						

SCHEDULE 1

		Number of Option Shares to be Purchased if
Underwriter	Total Number of Firm Shares to be Purchased	the Over- Allotment Option is Fully Exercised
EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC	[•]	[•]
TOTAL	[•]	[•]

SCHEDULE 2-A Pricing Information

Number of Firm Shares: [•]

Number of Option Shares: [•]

Public Offering Price per Firm Share: \$[•]

Public Offering Price per Option Share: \$[•]

Underwriting Discount per Firm Share: \$[•]

Underwriting Discount per Option Share: \$[•]

Proceeds to Company per Firm Share (before expenses): \$[•]

Proceeds to Company per Option Share (before expenses): \$[•]

Underwriting Non-accountable expense allowance per Firm Share: \$[•]

SCHEDULE 2-B

Issuer General Use Free Writing Prospectuses

[None.]

SCHEDULE 3

List of Lock-Up Parties

- Chong Chan "Sam" Teo
 Voon Him "Victor" Hoo
 Su Chen "Chanell" Chuah
 Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan

- Yee Fei "Jaylvin" Chan
 Su Huay "Sue" Chuah
 Chen Hoe "Samuel" Sam
 Jau Long "Jerry" Ooi
 Joseph R. "Bobby" Banks
 Marco Baccanello
 Jeremy Roberts
 V Capital Kronos Berhard
 The Evolutionary Zeal Sdn Bhd

EXHIBIT A

Form of Representative's Warrant Agreement

THE REGISTERED HOLDER OF THIS PURCHASE WARRANT BY ITS ACCEPTANCE HEREOF, AGREES THAT IT WILL NOT SELL, TRANSFER OR ASSIGN THIS PURCHASE WARRANT EXCEPT AS HEREIN PROVIDED AND THE REGISTERED HOLDER OF THIS PURCHASE WARRANT AGREES THAT IT WILL NOT SELL, TRANSFER, ASSIGN, PLEDGE OR HYPOTHECATE THIS PURCHASE WARRANT FOR A PERIOD OF ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS FOLLOWING THE EFFECTIVE DATE (DEFINED BELOW) TO ANYONE OTHER THAN (I) EF HUTTON, DIVISION OF BENCHMARK INVESTMENTS, LLC, OR AN UNDERWRITER OR A SELECTED DEALER IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OR (II) A BONA FIDE OFFICER OR PARTNER OF EF HUTTON, DIVISION OF BENCHMARK INVESTMENTS, LLC, OR OF ANY SUCH UNDERWRITER OR SELECTED DEALER.

THIS PURCHASE WARRANT IS NOT EXERCISABLE PRIOR TO [●], 2022 [DATE THAT IS SIX (6) MONTHS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE OFFERING]. VOID AFTER 5:00 P.M., EASTERN TIME, [●], 2027 [DATE THAT IS FIVE (5) YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE OFFERING].

COMMON STOCK PURCHASE WARRANT

For the Purchase of [____] Shares of Common Stock of TREASURE GLOBAL INC

1. Purchase Warrant. THIS CERTIFIES THAT, in consideration of funds duly paid by or on behalf of EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC ('Holder'')
as registered owner of this Purchase Warrant, Treasure Global Inc, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), Holder is entitled, at any time or from time to time from [•], 202.
[DATE THAT IS SIX (6) MONTHS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE OFFERING] (the "Commencement Date"), and at or before 5:00 p.m., Eastern time, [•]
2027 [DATE THAT IS FIVE (5) YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE OFFERING] (the "Expiration Date"), but not thereafter, to subscribe for, purchase and
receive, in whole or in part, up to [] shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.00001 per share (the "Shares"), subject to adjustment as provided in Section of Section 10 to 10 t
hereof. If the Expiration Date is a day on which banking institutions are authorized by law to close, then this Purchase Warrant may be exercised on the next succeeding day
which is not such a day in accordance with the terms herein. During the period ending on the Expiration Date, the Company agrees not to take any action that would terminat
this Purchase Warrant. This Purchase Warrant is initially exercisable at \$[•] [125% OF THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE OF THE FIRM SHARES SOLD IN THE
OFFERING] per Share; provided, however, that upon the occurrence of any of the events specified in Section 6 hereof, the rights granted by this Purchase Warrant, including the
exercise price per Share and the number of Shares to be received upon such exercise, shall be adjusted as therein specified. The term "Exercise Price" shall mean the initia
exercise price or the adjusted exercise price, depending on the context. The term "Effective Date" shall mean [•], 2022, the date on which the Registration Statement on Form
S-1 (File No. 333-264364) of the Company was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

2. <u>Exercise</u>.

- 2 . 1 <u>Exercise Form.</u> In order to exercise this Purchase Warrant, the exercise form attached hereto must be duly executed and completed and delivered to the Company, together with this Purchase Warrant and payment of the Exercise Price for the Shares being purchased payable in cash by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account designated by the Company or by certified check or official bank check. If the subscription rights represented hereby shall not be exercised at or before 5:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the Expiration Date, this Purchase Warrant shall become and be void without further force or effect, and all rights represented hereby shall cease and expire.
- 2.2 <u>Cashless Exercise</u>. If at any time after the Commencement Date there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the resale of the Shares by the Holder, then in lieu of exercising this Purchase Warrant by payment of cash or check payable to the order of the Company pursuant to <u>Section 2.1</u> above, Holder may elect to receive the number of Shares equal to the value of this Purchase Warrant (or the portion thereof being exercised), by surrender of this Purchase Warrant to the Company, together with the exercise form attached hereto, in which event the Company shall issue to Holder, Shares in accordance with the following formula:

 $X = \frac{Y(A-B)}{A}$

Where,

X = The number of Shares to be issued to Holder;

Y = The number of Shares for which the Purchase Warrant is being exercised;

A = The fair market value of one Share; and

B = The Exercise Price.

For purposes of this Section 2.2, the fair market value of a Share is defined as follows:

- (i) if the Company's common stock is traded on a securities exchange, the value shall be deemed to be the closing price on such exchange prior to the exercise form being submitted in connection with the exercise of the Purchase Warrant; or
- (ii) if the Company's common stock is actively traded over-the-counter, the value shall be deemed to be the closing bid price prior to the exercise form being submitted in connection with the exercise of the Purchase Warrant; if there is no active public market, the value shall be the fair market value thereof, as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors.
- 2.3 <u>Legend</u>. Each certificate for the securities purchased under this Purchase Warrant shall bear a legend as follows unless such securities have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"):

"THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR APPLICABLE STATE LAW. NEITHER THE SECURITIES NOR ANY INTEREST THEREIN MAY BE OFFERED FOR SALE, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE LAW WHICH, IN THE OPINION OF COUNSEL TO THE COMPANY, IS AVAILABLE."

Transfer.

3.1 General Restrictions. The registered Holder of this Purchase Warrant agrees by his, her or its acceptance hereof, that such Holder will not: (a) sell, transfer, assign, pledge or hypothecate this Purchase Warrant for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date to anyone other than: (i) EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC ("EF Hutton"), or an underwriter or a selected dealer participating in the Offering, or (ii) a bona fide officer or partner of EF Hutton or of any such underwriter or selected dealer, in each case in accordance with FINRA Conduct Rule 5110(e)(1), or (b) for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days following the Effective Date, cause this Purchase Warrant or the securities issuable hereunder to be the subject of any hedging, short sale, derivative, put or call transaction that would result in the effective economic disposition of this Purchase Warrant or the securities hereunder, except as provided for in FINRA Rule 5110(e)(2). On and after one hundred eighty (180) days after the Effective Date, transfers to others may be made subject to compliance with or exemptions from applicable securities laws. In order to make any permitted assignment, the Holder must deliver to the Company the assignment form attached hereto duly executed and completed, together with the Purchase Warrant and payment of all transfer taxes, if any, payable in connection therewith. The Company shall within five (5) business days transfer this Purchase Warrant on the books of the Company ashall execute and deliver a new Purchase Warrant or Purchase Warrants of like tenor to the appropriate assignment.

3.2 <u>Restrictions Imposed by the Securities Act</u>. The securities evidenced by this Purchase Warrant shall not be transferred unless and until: (i) the Company has received the opinion of counsel for the Holder that the securities may be transferred pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, the availability of which is established to the reasonable satisfaction of the Company (the Company hereby agreeing that the opinion of Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP shall be deemed satisfactory evidence of the availability of an exemption), or (ii) a registration statement or a post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement relating to the offer and sale of such securities has been filed by the Company and declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") and compliance with applicable state securities law has been established.

4 <u>Registration Rights</u>.

4.1 <u>Demand Registration</u>.

- 4.1.1 Grant of Right. The Company, upon written demand (a "Demand Notice") of the Holders of at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the Purchase Warrants and/or the underlying Shares, agrees to register, on one occasion, all or any portion of the Shares underlying the Purchase Warrants (collectively, the "Registrable Securities"). On such occasion, the Company will file a registration statement with the Commission covering the Registrable Securities within sixty (60) days after receipt of a Demand Notice and use its reasonable best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective promptly thereafter, subject to compliance with review by the Commission; provided, however, that the Company shall not be required to comply with a Demand Notice if the Company has filed a registration statement with respect to which the Holder is entitled to piggyback registration rights pursuant to Section 4.2 hereof and either: (i) the Holder has elected to participate in the offering covered by such registration statement or (ii) if such registration statement relates to an underwritten primary offering of securities of the Company, until the offering covered by such registration statement has been withdrawn or until thirty (30) days after such offering is consummated. The demand for registration may be made at any time during a period of three (3) years beginning on the Commencement Date. The Company covenants and agrees to give written notice of its receipt of any Demand Notice by any Holders to all other registered Holders of the Purchase Warrants and/or the Registrable Securities within ten (10) days after the date of the receipt of any such Demand Notice. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the obligations of the Company pursuant to this Section 4.1 shall not be applicable so long as the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-264364) covering the Registrable Securities remain effective.
- 4.1.2 Terms. The Company shall bear all fees and expenses attendant to the registration of the Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 4.1.1, but the Holders shall pay any and all underwriting commissions and the expenses of any legal counsel selected by the Holders to represent them in connection with the sale of the Registrable Securities. The Company agrees to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the filing required herein to become effective promptly and to qualify or register the Registrable Securities in such states as are reasonably requested by the Holders; provided, however, that in no event shall the Company be required to register the Registrable Securities in a State in which such registration would cause: (i) the Company to be obligated to register or license to do business in such State or submit to general service of process in such State or (ii) the principal stockholders of the Company to be obligated to escrow their shares of Common Stock of the Company. The Company shall cause any registration statement filed pursuant to the demand right granted under Section 4.1.1 to remain effective for a period of at least twelve (12) consecutive months after the date that the Holders of the Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement are first given the opportunity to sell all of such securities. The Holders shall only use the prospectuses provided by the Company to sell the shares covered by such registration statement, and will immediately cease to use any prospectus furnished by the Company if the Company advises the Holder that such prospectus may no longer be used due to a material misstatement or omission.

4.2 "Piggy-Back" Registration.

4.2.1 Grant of Right. In addition to the demand right of registration described in Section 4.1 hereof, the Holder shall have the right, for a period of no more than seven (7) years from the Effective Date in accordance with FINRA Rule 5110(g)(8)(D), to include the Registrable Securities as part of any other registration of securities filed by the Company (other than in connection with a transaction contemplated by Rule 145(a) promulgated under the Securities Act or pursuant to Form S-8 or Form S-4 or any equivalent form); provided, however, that if, solely in connection with any primary underwritten public offering for the account of the Company, the managing underwriter(s) thereof shall, in its reasonable discretion, impose a limitation on the number of shares of Common Stock which may be included in the Registration Statement because, in such underwriter(s)' judgment, marketing or other factors dictate such limitation is necessary to facilitate public distribution, then the Company shall be obligated to include in such Registration Statement only such limited portion of the Registrable Securities with respect to which the Holder requested inclusion hereunder as the underwriter shall reasonably permit. Any exclusion of Registrable Securities shall be made pro rata among the Holders seeking to include Registrable Securities in proportion to the number of Registrable Securities sought to be included by such Holders; provided, however, that the Company shall not exclude any Registrable Securities unless the Company has first excluded all outstanding securities, the holders of which are not entitled to inclusion of such securities in such Registration Statement or are not entitled to pro rata inclusion with the Registrable Securities. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the obligations of the Company pursuant to this Section 4.2 shall not be applicable so long as the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-264364) covering the Registrable Securities remain effective.

4.2.2 Terms. The Company shall bear all fees and expenses attendant to registering the Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 4.2.1 hereof, but the Holders shall pay any and all underwriting commissions and the expenses of any legal counsel selected by the Holders to represent them in connection with the sale of the Registrable Securities. In the event of such a proposed registration, the Company shall furnish the then Holders of outstanding Registrable Securities with not less than thirty (30) days' written notice prior to the proposed date of filing of such registration statement. Such notice to the Holders shall continue to be given for each registration statement filed by the Company until such time as all of the Registrable Securities have been sold by the Holder. The holders of the Registrable Securities shall exercise the "piggy-back" rights provided for herein by giving written notice within ten (10) days of the receipt of the Company's notice of its intention to file a registration statement. Except as otherwise provided in this Purchase Warrant, there shall be no limit on the number of times the Holder may request registration under this Section 4.2.2; provided, however, that such registration rights shall terminate on the sixth (6th) anniversary of the Commencement Date.

4.3 General Terms.

- 4.3.1 <u>Indemnification</u>. The Company shall indemnify the Holders of the Registrable Securities to be sold pursuant to any registration statement hereunder and each person, if any, who controls such Holders within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), against all loss, claim, damage, expense or liability (including all reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses reasonably incurred in investigating, preparing or defending against any claim whatsoever) to which any of them may become subject under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or otherwise, arising from such registration statement but only to the same extent and with the same effect as the provisions pursuant to which the Company has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters contained in <u>Section 5.1</u> of the Underwriting Agreement between the Underwriters and the Company, dated as of [•], 2022. The Holders of the Registrable Securities to be sold pursuant to such registration statement, and their successors and assigns, shall severally, and not jointly, indemnify the Company, against all loss, claim, damage, expense or liability (including all reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses reasonably incurred in investigating, preparing or defending against any claim whatsoever) to which they may become subject under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or otherwise, arising from information furnished by or on behalf of such Holders, or their successors or assigns, in writing, for specific inclusion in such registration statement to the same extent and with the same effect as the provisions contained in <u>Section 5.2</u> of the Underwriting Agreement pursuant to which the Underwriters have agreed to indemnify the Company.
- 4.3.2 <u>Exercise of Purchase Warrants</u>. Nothing contained in this Purchase Warrant shall be construed as requiring the Holders to exercise their Purchase Warrants prior to or after the initial filing of any registration statement or the effectiveness thereof.
- 4.3.3 <u>Documents Delivered to Holders.</u> The Company shall furnish to each Holder participating in any of the foregoing offerings and to each underwriter of any such offering, if any, a signed counterpart, addressed to such Holder or underwriter, of: (i) an opinion of counsel to the Company, dated the effective date of such registration statement (and, if such registration includes an underwriting agreement related thereto), and (ii) a "cold comfort" letter dated the effective date of such registration statement (and, if such registration includes an underwritten public offering, a letter dated the date of the closing under the underwriting agreement) signed by the independent registered public accounting firm which has issued a report on the Company's financial statements included in such registration statement, in each case covering substantially the same matters with respect to such registration statement (and the prospectus included therein) and, in the case of such accountants' letter, with respect to events subsequent to the date of such financial statements, as are customarily covered in opinions of issuer's counsel and in accountants' letters delivered to underwriters in underwritten public offerings of securities. The Company shall also deliver promptly to each Holder participating in the offering requesting the correspondence and memoranda described below and to the managing underwriter, if any, copies of all correspondence between the Commission and the Company, its counsel or auditors and all memoranda relating to discussions with the Commission or its staff with respect to the registration statement and permit each Holder and underwriter to do such investigation, upon reasonable advance notice, with respect to information contained in or omitted from the registration statement as it deems reasonably necessary to comply with applicable securities laws or rules of FINRA. Such investigation shall include access to books, records and properties and opportunities to discuss the business of the Company wi

- 4.3.4 <u>Underwriting Agreement</u>. The Company shall enter into an underwriting agreement with the managing underwriter(s), if any, selected by any Holders whose Registrable Securities are being registered pursuant to this <u>Section 4</u>, which managing underwriter shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Company. Such agreement shall be reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to the Company, each Holder and such managing underwriters, and shall contain such representations, warranties and covenants by the Company and such other terms as are customarily contained in agreements of that type used by the managing underwriter. The Holders shall be parties to any underwriting agreement relating to an underwritten sale of their Registrable Securities and may, at their option, require that any or all the representations, warranties and covenants of the Company to or for the benefit of such underwriters shall also be made to and for the benefit of such Holders. Such Holders shall not be required to make any representations or warranties to or agreements with the Company or the underwriters except as they may relate to such Holders, their Shares and their intended methods of distribution.
- 4.3.5 <u>Documents to be Delivered by Holders</u> Each of the Holders participating in any of the foregoing offerings shall furnish to the Company a completed and executed questionnaire provided by the Company requesting information customarily sought of selling security holders.
- 4.3.6 <u>Damages</u>. Should the registration or the effectiveness thereof required by <u>Sections 4.1</u> and <u>4.2</u> hereof be delayed by the Company or the Company otherwise fails to comply with such provisions, the Holders shall, in addition to any other legal or other relief available to the Holders, be entitled to obtain specific performance or other equitable (including injunctive) relief against the threatened breach of such provisions or the continuation of any such breach, without the necessity of proving actual damages and without the necessity of posting bond or other security.

New Purchase Warrants to be Issued.

- 5.1 <u>Partial Exercise or Transfer.</u> Subject to the restrictions in <u>Section 3</u> hereof, this Purchase Warrant may be exercised or assigned in whole or in part. In the event of the exercise or assignment hereof in part only, upon surrender of this Purchase Warrant for cancellation, together with the duly executed exercise or assignment form and funds sufficient to pay any Exercise Price and/or transfer tax if exercised pursuant to <u>Section 2.1</u> hereto, the Company shall cause to be delivered to the Holder without charge a new Purchase Warrant of like tenor to this Purchase Warrant in the name of the Holder evidencing the right of the Holder to purchase the number of Shares purchasable hereunder as to which this Purchase Warrant has not been exercised or assigned.
- 5 . 2 <u>Lost Certificate</u>. Upon receipt by the Company of evidence satisfactory to it of the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of this Purchase Warrant and of reasonably satisfactory indemnification or the posting of a bond, the Company shall execute and deliver a new Purchase Warrant of like tenor and date. Any such new Purchase Warrant executed and delivered as a result of such loss, theft, mutilation or destruction shall constitute a substitute contractual obligation on the part of the Company.

Adjustments.

- 6.1 <u>Adjustments to Exercise Price and Number of Securities.</u> The Exercise Price and the number of Shares underlying the Purchase Warrant shall be subject to adjustment from time to time as hereinafter set forth:
- 6.1.1 Share Dividends; Split Ups. If, after the date hereof, and subject to the provisions of Section 6.3 below, the number of outstanding Shares is increased by a stock dividend payable in Shares or by a split up of Shares or other similar event, then, on the effective date thereof, the number of Shares purchasable hereunder shall be increased in proportion to such increase in outstanding Shares, and the Exercise Price shall be proportionately decreased.
- 6.1.2 <u>Aggregation of Shares</u>. If, after the date hereof, and subject to the provisions of <u>Section 6.3</u> below, the number of outstanding Shares is decreased by a consolidation, combination or reclassification of Shares or other similar event, then, on the effective date thereof, the number of Shares purchasable hereunder shall be decreased in proportion to such decrease in outstanding Shares, and the Exercise Price shall be proportionately increased.
- 6.1.3 Replacement of Securities upon Reorganization, etc. In case of any reclassification or reorganization of the outstanding Shares other than a change covered by Section 6.1.1 or 6.1.2 hereof or that solely affects the par value of such Shares, or in the case of any share reconstruction or amalgamation or consolidation of the Company with or into another corporation (other than a consolidation or share reconstruction or amalgamation in which the Company is the continuing corporation and that does not result in any reclassification or reorganization of the outstanding Shares), or in the case of any sale or conveyance to another corporation or entity of the property of the Company as an entirety or substantially as an entirety in connection with which the Company is dissolved, the Holder of this Purchase Warrant shall have the right thereafter (until the expiration of the right of exercise of this Purchase Warrant) to receive upon the exercise hereof, for the same aggregate Exercise Price payable hereunder immediately prior to such event, the kind and amount of shares of stock or other securities or property (including cash) receivable upon such reclassification, reorganization, share reconstruction or amalgamation, or consolidation, or upon a dissolution following any such sale or transfer, by a Holder of the number of Shares of the Company obtainable upon exercise of this Purchase Warrant immediately prior to such event; and if any reclassification also results in a change in Shares covered by Section 6.1.1 or 6.1.2, then such adjustment shall be made pursuant to Sections 6.1.1 or 6.1.2 and this Section 6.1.3. The provisions of this Section 6.1.3 shall similarly apply to successive reclassifications, reorganizations, share reconstructions or amalgamations, or consolidations, sales or other transfers.
- 6.1.4 <u>Changes in Form of Purchase Warrant</u>. This form of Purchase Warrant need not be changed because of any change pursuant to this <u>Section 6.1</u>, and Purchase Warrants issued after such change may state the same Exercise Price and the same number of Shares as are stated in the Purchase Warrants initially issued pursuant to this Agreement. The acceptance by any Holder of the issuance of new Purchase Warrants reflecting a required or permissive change shall not be deemed to waive any rights to an adjustment occurring after the Commencement Date or the computation thereof.
- 6 . 2 <u>Substitute Purchase Warrant</u>. In case of any consolidation of the Company with, or share reconstruction or amalgamation of the Company with or into, another corporation (other than a consolidation or share reconstruction or amalgamation which does not result in any reclassification or change of the outstanding Shares), the corporation formed by such consolidation or share reconstruction or amalgamation shall execute and deliver to the Holder a supplemental Purchase Warrant providing that the holder of each Purchase Warrant then outstanding or to be outstanding shall have the right thereafter (until the stated expiration of such Purchase Warrant) to receive, upon exercise of such Purchase Warrant, the kind and amount of shares of stock and other securities and property receivable upon such consolidation or share reconstruction or amalgamation, by a holder of the number of Shares for which such Purchase Warrant might have been exercised immediately prior to such consolidation, share reconstruction or amalgamation, sale or transfer. Such supplemental Purchase Warrant shall provide for adjustments which shall be identical to the adjustments provided for in this Section 6. The above provision of this Section shall similarly apply to successive consolidations or share reconstructions or amalgamations.

- 6.3 <u>Elimination of Fractional Interests</u>. The Company shall not be required to issue certificates representing fractions of Shares upon the exercise of the Purchase Warrant, nor shall it be required to issue scrip or pay cash in lieu of any fractional interests, it being the intent of the parties that all fractional interests shall be eliminated by rounding any fraction up or down, as the case may be, to the nearest whole number of Shares or other securities, properties or rights.
- Reservation and Listing. The Company shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized Shares, solely for the purpose of issuance upon exercise of the Purchase Warrants, such number of Shares or other securities, properties or rights as shall be issuable upon the exercise thereof. The Company covenants and agrees that, upon exercise of the Purchase Warrants and payment of the Exercise Price therefor, in accordance with the terms hereby, all Shares and other securities issuable upon such exercise shall be duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and not subject to preemptive rights of any stockholder. The Company further covenants and agrees that upon exercise of the Purchase Warrants and payment of the exercise price therefor, all Shares and other securities issuable upon such exercise shall be duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and not subject to preemptive rights of any stockholder. As long as the Purchase Warrants shall be outstanding, the Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause all Shares issuable upon exercise of the Purchase Warrants to be listed (subject to official notice of issuance) on all national securities exchanges (or, if applicable, on the OTC Bulletin Board or any successor trading market) on which the Shares issued to the public in the Offering may then be listed and/or quoted.

8. Certain Notice Requirements.

- 8 . 1 Holder's Right to Receive Notice. Nothing herein shall be construed as conferring upon the Holders the right to vote or consent or to receive notice as a stockholder for the election of directors or any other matter, or as having any rights whatsoever as a stockholder of the Company. If, however, at any time prior to the expiration of the Purchase Warrants and their exercise, any of the events described in Section 8.2 shall occur, then, in one or more of said events, the Company shall give written notice of such event at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date fixed as a record date or the date of closing the transfer books for the determination of the stockholders entitled to such dividend, distribution, conversion or exchange of securities or subscription rights, or entitled to vote on such proposed dissolution, liquidation, winding up or sale. Such notice shall specify such record date or the date of the closing of the transfer books, as the case may be. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall deliver to each Holder a copy of each notice given to the other stockholders of the Company at the same time and in the same manner that such notice is given to the stockholders.
- 8.2 Events Requiring Notice. The Company shall be required to give the notice described in this Section 8 upon one or more of the following events: (i) if the Company shall take a record of the holders of its Shares for the purpose of entitling them to receive a dividend or distribution payable otherwise than in cash, or a cash dividend or distribution payable otherwise than out of retained earnings, as indicated by the accounting treatment of such dividend or distribution on the books of the Company; (ii) the Company shall offer to all the holders of its Shares any additional shares of Common Stock of the Company or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock of the Company, or any option, right or warrant to subscribe therefor; or (iii) a dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company (other than in connection with a consolidation or share reconstruction or amalgamation) or a sale of all or substantially all of its property, assets and business shall be proposed.
- 8.3 <u>Notice of Change in Exercise Price</u>. The Company shall, promptly after an event requiring a change in the Exercise Price pursuant to <u>Section 6</u> hereof, send notice to the Holders of such event and change ("**Price Notice**"). The Price Notice shall describe the event causing the change and the method of calculating same and shall be certified as being true and accurate by the Company's Chief Financial Officer.
- 8.4 <u>Transmittal of Notices</u>. All notices, requests, consents and other communications under this Purchase Warrant shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly made when hand delivered or mailed by express mail or private courier service: (i) if to the registered Holder of the Purchase Warrant, to the address of such Holder as shown on the books of the Company, or (ii) if to the Company, to following address or to such other address as the Company may designate by notice to the Holders:

If to the Holder:

EF Hutton 590 Madison Avenue, 39th Floor New York, NY 10022 Attn: Joseph T. Rallo

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP 101 Constitution Avenue, NW, Suite 899 Washington, D.C. 20001 Attn: Andrew M. Tucker, Esq. Fax No.: (202) 689-2860

If to the Company:

Treasure Global Inc 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739 New York, NY 1001 Attn: Chong Chan "Sam" Teo

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP 55 West 39th Street, 18th Floor New York, NY 10018 Attn: Ross D. Carmel, Esq.

Miscellaneous.

- 9.1 <u>Amendments.</u> The Company and EF Hutton may from time to time supplement or amend this Purchase Warrant without the approval of any of the Holders in order to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision contained herein that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provisions herein, or to make any other provisions in regard to matters or questions arising hereunder that the Company and EF Hutton may deem necessary or desirable and that the Company and EF Hutton deem shall not adversely affect the interest of the Holders. All other modifications or amendments shall require the written consent of and be signed by the party against whom enforcement of the modification or amendment is sought.
- 9 . 2 <u>Headings</u>. The headings contained herein are for the sole purpose of convenience of reference, and shall not in any way limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of any of the terms or provisions of this Purchase Warrant.
- 9.3 Entire Agreement. This Purchase Warrant (together with the other agreements and documents being delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Purchase Warrant) constitutes the entire agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings of the parties, oral and written, with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- 9.4 <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Purchase Warrant shall inure solely to the benefit of and shall be binding upon, the Holder and the Company and their permitted assignees, respective successors, legal representative and assigns, and no other person shall have or be construed to have any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of or by virtue of this Purchase Warrant or any provisions herein contained.

- 9.5 Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Trial by Jury. This Purchase Warrant shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof. The Company hereby agrees that any action, proceeding or claim against it arising out of, or relating in any way to this Purchase Warrant shall be brought and enforced in the New York Supreme Court, County of New York, or in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction, which jurisdiction shall be exclusive. The Company hereby waives any objection to such exclusive jurisdiction and that such courts represent an inconvenient forum. Any process or summons to be served upon the Company may be served by transmitting a copy thereof by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to it at the address set forth in Section 8 hereof. Such mailing shall be deemed personal service and shall be legal and binding upon the Company in any action, proceeding or claim. The Company and the Holder agree that the prevailing party(ies) in any such action shall be entitled to recover from the other party(ies) all of its reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses relating to such action or proceeding and/or incurred in connection with the preparation therefor. The Company (on its behalf and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, on behalf of its stockholders and affiliates) and the Holder hereby irrevocably waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 9.6 <u>Waiver, etc.</u> The failure of the Company or the Holder to at any time enforce any of the provisions of this Purchase Warrant shall not be deemed or construed to be a waiver of any such provision, nor to in any way affect the validity of this Purchase Warrant or any provision hereof or the right of the Company or any Holder to thereafter enforce each and every provision of this Purchase Warrant. No waiver of any breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment of any of the provisions of this Purchase Warrant shall be effective unless set forth in a written instrument executed by the party or parties against whom or which enforcement of such waiver is sought; and no waiver of any such breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment shall be construed or deemed to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach, non-compliance or non-fulfillment.
- 9.7 <u>Execution in Counterparts</u>. This Purchase Warrant may be executed in one or more counterparts, and by the different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement, and shall become effective when one or more counterparts has been signed by each of the parties hereto and delivered to each of the other parties hereto. Such counterparts may be delivered by facsimile transmission or other electronic transmission.
- 9.8 Exchange Agreement. As a condition of the Holder's receipt and acceptance of this Purchase Warrant, Holder agrees that, at any time prior to the complete exercise of this Purchase Warrant by Holder, if the Company and EF Hutton enter into an agreement ("Exchange Agreement") pursuant to which they agree that all outstanding Purchase Warrants will be exchanged for securities or cash or a combination of both, then Holder shall agree to such exchange and become a party to the Exchange Agreement.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN	N WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Purchase Warrant to be signed by its duly authorized officer as of the day of, 2022.
T	REASURE GLOBAL INC
В	y: Name: Chong Chan "Sam" Teo Title: Chief Executive Officer
	A-10

[Form to be used to exercise Purchase Warrant]

	Date:	, 20_											
hereto.	e Global Inc. Please issue	, a Delaware the Shares	corporation (as to which	rocably to exercise (the "Company"), a this Purchase Warra	and hereby makes j ant is exercised in	payment of \$_ accordance v	(at th	e rate of \$	per Share)	in payment	t of the Exe	ercise Price pr	ursuant
	01	•											
ıccordaı		igned hereby	,	ocably to convert its	right to purchase	Shares of	the Comp	any under the	Purchase W	arrant for _	Shar	res, as determi	ined in
		Х	=	Y(A-B)									
	Where,	Y =	The numb The fair r	ber of Shares to be in the ber of Shares for wharket value of one cise Price which is one	nich the Purchase V Share which is equ	ıal to \$;	ng exercise and	ed;					
alculati				rledges that the calcin its sole discretion		bove is subje	ect to confi	irmation by th	e Company	and any di	sagreemen	t with respect	t to the
epresen				this Purchase Warra			with the in	structions giv	en below ar	ıd, if applic	able, a nev	w Purchase W	Varrant
	Signature												
	Signature (Guaranteed_											
NSTRU	JCTIONS F	OR REGIST	RATION OF	SECURITIES									
Name:													
			(Print in	n Block Letters)									
Address	:												
vhatsoe				must correspond w									
						A-11							

[Form to be used to assign Purchase Warrant]

ASSIGNMENT

(To be executed by the registered Holder to effect a transfer of the within Purchase Warrant):							
FOR VALUE RECEIVED, does hereby sell, assign and transfer unto the right to purchase shares of common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, of Treasure Global Inc, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), evidenced by the Purchase Warrant and does hereby authorize the Company to transfer such right on the books of the Company.							
Dated:, 20							
Signature							
Signature Guaranteed							
NOTICE: The signature to this form must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the within Purchase Warrant without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever, and must be guaranteed by a bank, other than a savings bank, or by a trust company or by a firm having membership on a registered national securities exchange.							

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EXHIBIT B

Form of Lock-Up Agreement

Lock-Up Agreement

 $[\cdot], 2022$

EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC as Representative of the Underwriters 590 Madison Avenue, 39th Floor New York, NY 10022

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned understands that EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC (the 'Representative'), proposes to enter into an Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Treasure Global Inc, a Delaware corporation (the 'Company'), providing for the public offering (the 'Public Offering') of shares of common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, of the Company (the "Shares").

To induce the Representative to continue its efforts in connection with the Public Offering, the undersigned hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of the Representative, the undersigned will not, during the period commencing on the date hereof and ending one hundred and eighty (180) days after the date of the final prospectus (the "Prospectus") relating to the Public Offering (the "Lock-Up Period"), (1) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, grant, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any Shares or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Shares, whether now owned or hereafter acquired by the undersigned or with respect to which the undersigned has or hereafter acquires the power of disposition (collectively, the "Lock-Up Securities"); (2) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Lock-Up Securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Lock-Up Securities, in cash or otherwise; (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any Lock-Up Securities; or (4) publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge or disposition, or to enter into any transaction, swap, hedge or other arrangement relating to any Lock-Up Securities. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and subject to the conditions below, the undersigned may transfer Lock-Up Securities without the prior written consent of the Representative in connection with (a) transactions relating to Lock-Up Securities acquired in open market transactions after the completion of the Public Offering; provided that no filing under Section 13 or Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or other public announcement shall be required or shall be voluntarily made during the Lock-Up Period in connection with subsequent sales of Lock-Up Securities acquired in such open market transactions; (b) transfers of Lock-Up Securities as a bona fide gift, by will or intestacy or to a family member or trust for the benefit of a family member (for purposes of this lock-up agreement, "family member" means any relationship by blood, marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin); (c) transfers of Lock-Up Securities to a charity or educational institution; or (d) if the undersigned, directly or indirectly, controls a corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other business entity, any transfers of Lock-Up Securities to any shareholder, partner or member of, or owner of similar equity interests in, the undersigned, as the case may be; provided that in the case of any transfer pursuant to the foregoing clauses (b), (c) or (d), (i) it shall be a condition to any such transfer that (i) the transferee/donee agrees to be bound by the terms of this lock-up agreement (including, without limitation, the restrictions set forth in the preceding sentence) to the same extent as if the transferee/donee were a party hereto; (ii) each party (donor, donee, transferor or transferee) shall not be required by law (including without limitation the disclosure requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and the Exchange Act) to make, and shall agree to not voluntarily make, any filing or public announcement of the transfer or disposition prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period; and (iii) the undersigned notifies the Representative at least two (2) business days prior to the proposed transfer or disposition.

In addition, the foregoing restrictions shall not apply to (i) the exercise of stock options granted pursuant to the Company's equity incentive plans or to any of the undersigned's common stock issued upon such exercise, (ii) exercise of warrants; provided that it shall apply to any of the undersigned's common stock issued upon such exercise, or (iii) pursuant to an existing contract, instruction or plan (a "Plan") that satisfies all of the requirements of Rule 10b5-1(c)(1)(i)(B) under the Exchange Act, (iv) the establishment of any new Plan; provided that no sales of the undersigned's common stock shall be made pursuant to such new Plan prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period (as such may have been extended pursuant to the provisions hereof), and such a Plan may only be established if no public announcement of the establishment or existence thereof and no filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission or other regulatory authority in respect thereof or transactions thereunder or contemplated thereby, by the undersigned, the Company or any other person, shall be required, and no such announcement or filing is made voluntarily, by the undersigned, the Company or any other person, prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period (as such may have been extended pursuant to the provisions hereof).

The undersigned also agrees and consents to the entry of stop transfer instructions with the Company's transfer agent and registrar against the transfer of the undersigned's securities subject to this lock-up agreement except in compliance with this lock-up agreement.

If the undersigned is an officer or director of the Company, (i) the undersigned agrees that the foregoing restrictions shall be equally applicable to any Shares that the undersigned may purchase in the Public Offering; (ii) the Representative agrees that, at least three (3) business days before the effective date of any release or waiver of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of Lock-Up Securities, the Representative will notify the Company of the impending release or waiver; and (iii) the Company has agreed in the Underwriting Agreement to announce the impending release or waiver by press release through a major news service at least two (2) business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by the Representative hereunder to any such officer or director shall only be effective two (2) business days after the publication date of such press release. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (a) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer of Lock-Up Securities not for consideration and (b) the transferee has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms described in this lock-up agreement to the extent and for the duration that such terms remain in effect at the time of such transfer.

The undersigned understands that the Company and the Representative are relying upon this lock-up agreement in proceeding toward consummation of the Public Offering. The undersigned further understands that this lock-up agreement is irrevocable and shall be binding upon the undersigned's heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.

The undersigned understands that, if the Underwriting Agreement does not become effective on or prior to [•], 2022, or if the Underwriting Agreement (other than the provisions thereof which survive termination) shall terminate or be terminated prior to payment for and delivery of the Shares to be sold thereunder, the undersigned shall be released from all obligations under this lock-up agreement.

This lock-up agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

(Name - Please Print)

(Signature)

(Name of Signatory, in the case of entities - Please Print)

(Title of Signatory, in the case of entities - Please Print)

Address:

EXHIBIT C

Form of Press Release

TREASURE GLOBAL INC

This press release is not an offer or sale of the securities in the United States or in any other jurisdiction where such off may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from registration under the Securities	
Company's common stock held by [certain officers or directors] [an officer or director] of the Company. The [waiver] [release] values have shares may be sold on or after such date.	will take effect on, 20, and the
Treasure Global Inc (the "Company") announced today that EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, acting Company's recent public offering of shares of the Company's common stock, is [waiving] [releasing] a lock-up restrict	*

C-1



May 4, 2022

Treasure Global Inc 276 5th Avenue, Suite 704 #739 New York, NY 10001

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-264364)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Treasure Global Inc, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-264364), originally filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on April 19, 2022 (as amended, the "Registration Statement"), pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") for the registration of (i) up to 3,600,000 shares (the "Shares") of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share (the "Common Stock"), which includes 450,000 shares of Common Stock that may be sold pursuant to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares and 150,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants, to be issued to EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, as compensation for its services pursuant to the underwriting agreement to be entered into by and between the Company, EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, and any other underwriter that is a party thereto (the "Underwriting Agreement").

The Shares are to be sold by the Company pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement approved by the Company's Board of Directors, or a committee thereof. This opinion is being furnished to you in accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act and may be relied upon by all purchasers of the Shares in the offering described in the Prospectus (as defined below).

You have requested our opinion as to the matters set forth below in connection with the Registration Statement. For purposes of rendering that opinion, we have examined: (i) the Registration Statement; (ii) the most recent prospectus included in the Registration Statement on file with the Commission as of the date of this opinion letter; (iii) the form of Underwriting Agreement; (iv) the Company's current Certificate of Incorporation (as amended, the "Charter") and Amended and Restated Bylaws, each of which has been filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Registration Statement; and (v) the records of the corporate actions of the Company relating to the Registration Statement and the authorization for issuance and sale of the Shares, and matters in connection therewith. We have reviewed such other matters and made such other inquiries as we have deemed necessary to render the opinions expressed herein. For the purposes of this opinion letter, we have assumed that each document submitted to us is accurate and complete, that each such document that is an original is authentic, that each such document that is a copy conforms to an authentic original, the conformity to the original or final versions of the documents submitted to us as copies or drafts, including, without limitation, the Charter and that all signatures on each such document are genuine.

In rendering our opinion below, we have also assumed that: (i) the Company will receive consideration for the Shares offered and sold pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement at least equal to the par value of such share of Common Stock and in the amount required by the Underwriting Agreement; and (ii) the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company relating to the Underwriting Agreement, the Registration Statement and the authorization for issuance and sale of the Shares, and matters in connection therewith, have not been revoked, rescinded or amended as of the date hereof and are in full force and effect. We have not verified any of those assumptions.

Our opinion set forth below is limited to the Delaware General Corporation Law.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, provided that the Registration Statement and any required post-effective amendment thereto have all become effective under the Securities Act and the prospectus included in the Registration Statement that is declared effective by the Commission (the "Prospectus"), required by applicable law have been delivered and filed as required by such laws, it is our opinion that:

The Shares are duly authorized for issuance by the Company and, when issued and paid for as described in the Prospectus and the Underwriting Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

The opinion set forth above is subject to the following additional assumptions:

- (i) The Registration Statement and any amendment thereto (including any post-effective amendment) has become effective under the Securities Act, and such effectiveness shall not have been terminated, suspended or rescinded;
- (ii) All Shares offered pursuant to the Registration Statement will be issued and sold (a) in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities laws, rules and regulations and solely in the manner provided in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, and (b) only upon payment of the consideration fixed therefor in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement; and
- (iii) To the extent that the obligations of the Company under any agreement pursuant to which any Shares offered pursuant to the Registration Statement are to be issued or governed, including any amendment or supplement thereto, may be dependent upon such matters, we assume for purposes of this opinion letter that (a) each party to any such agreement other than the Company will be duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization; that each such other party will be duly qualified to engage in the activities contemplated thereby; (b) each such agreement and the applicable Shares will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by each such other party and will constitute the valid and binding obligations of each such other party, enforceable against each such other party in accordance with their terms; (c) each such other party will be in compliance, with respect to acting in any capacity contemplated by any such agreement, with all applicable laws and regulations; and (d) each such other party will have the requisite organizational and legal power and authority to perform its obligations under each such agreement.

We assume no obligation to update or supplement any of our opinions to reflect any changes of law or fact that may occur. We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to this firm in the related Prospectus under the caption "Legal Matters." In giving our consent, we do not hereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP

Carmel, Milazzo & Feil LLP

FRIEDMAN LLP®

ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the inclusion in this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of our report dated January 25, 2022, except for Note 15 which is dated March 22, 2022 with respect to our audits of the consolidated financial statements of Treasure Global Inc. for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ Friedman LLP

New York, New York April 18, 2022

One Liberty Plaza, 165 Broadway, 21st Floor, New York, NY 10006 p 212.842.7000

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Calculation of Filing Fee Tables

Form S-1 (Form Type)

Treasure Global Inc

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Table 1: Newly Registered Securities

	Security Type	Security Class Title	Fee Calculation or Carry Forward Rule	I	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share	Fee Rate	Amount of egistration Fee
Fees to be Paid	Equity	Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value per share (2)	457(o)	\$	17,250,000(1)	0.0000927	\$ 1,599.08
		Representative's Warrant (3)(4)			_	_	_
		Common stock issuable upon exercise of					
		Representative's Warrants (2)		\$	937,500(3)	0.0000927	\$ 86.91
Total				\$	18,187,500		\$ 1,685.99(5)

- (1) Includes additional shares (15% of the shares being sold in this offering) that may be purchased by the underwriters pursuant to their over-allotment option that may be exercised over a 45-day period.
- (2) The warrants are exercisable for a price per share equal to 125% of the public offering price. Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, there is also being registered hereby such indeterminate number of additional shares as may be issued or issuable because of stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions.
- (3) We have agreed to issue to the representative of the several underwriters, who we refer to as the representative, warrants to purchase the number of shares of common stock in the aggregate equal to five percent (5%) of the shares of common stock to be issued and sold in this offering.
- (4) No fee required pursuant to Rule 457(g).
- (5) Previously paid.